

Final Terms

dated 10 October 2011

in connection with the Base Prospectus dated 3 December 2010
(as supplemented from time to time)

of

UBS AG, Jersey Branch
(the Jersey branch of UBS AG)



for the issue of

UBS Capital Protected Certificates

based on a portfolio of indices and funds (ETFs)

ISIN SE0004242105

These final terms (the "**Final Terms**") provide additional information to the base prospectus (the "**Base Prospectus**") that was prepared in accordance with § 6 of the German Securities Prospectus Act ("**WpPG**").

Placeholders contained in the Base Prospectus were replaced in these Final Terms by concrete data, figures and characteristics of the Security upon their determination in the context of the specific security issue.

For each issue based on the Base Prospectus the Final Terms are published in a separate document that repeats certain information contained in the Base Prospectus in addition to the specific data, figures and characteristics of the specific security issue.

Complete information about the Issuer and the specific security issue require review of the Base Prospectus (as amended by possible supplements) in conjunction with the respective Final Terms.

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RISK FACTORS

The different risk factors associated with an investment in the Securities are outlined below. Which of these are relevant to the Securities issued under the Base Prospectus depends upon a number of interrelated factors, especially the type of Securities and of the Underlyings. Investments in the Securities should not be made until all the factors relevant to the Securities have been acknowledged and carefully considered. Terminology and expressions defined in the Conditions of the Securities shall have the same meaning when used herein. When making decisions relating to investments in the Securities, potential investors should consider all information contained in the Prospectus and, **if necessary, consult their legal, tax, financial or other advisor.**

I. Issuer specific Risks

As a global financial services provider, the business activities of UBS are affected by the prevailing market situation. Different risk factors can impair the company's ability to implement business strategies and may have a direct, negative impact on earnings. Accordingly, UBS AG's revenues and earnings are and have been subject to fluctuations. The revenues and earnings figures from a specific period, thus, are not evidence of sustainable results. They can change from one year to the next and affect UBS AG's ability to achieve its strategic objectives.

General insolvency risk

Each investor bears the general risk that the financial situation of the Issuer could deteriorate. The Securities constitute immediate, unsecured and unsubordinated obligations of the Issuer, which, in particular in the case of insolvency of the Issuer, rank *pari passu* with each other and all other current and future unsecured and unsubordinated obligations of the Issuer, with the exception of those that have priority due to mandatory statutory provisions. The obligations of the Issuer created by the Securities are not secured by a system of deposit guarantees or a compensation scheme. In case of an insolvency of the Issuer, Securityholders may, consequently, suffer a **total loss** of their investment in the Securities.

Potentially significant litigation risks

The Issuer and other UBS Group companies operate in a legal and regulatory environment that exposes them to potentially significant litigation risks. As a result, UBS AG is involved in various disputes and legal proceedings, including litigation, arbitration, and regulatory and criminal investigations. Such cases are subject to many uncertainties, and their outcome often is difficult to predict, particularly in the earlier stages of a case. In certain circumstances, to avoid the expense and distraction of legal proceedings, UBS AG may based on a cost benefit analysis enter a settlement even though UBS AG denies any wrongdoing. UBS Group makes provisions for cases brought against it only when after seeking legal advice, in the opinion of management, it is probable that a liability exists, and the amount can be reasonably estimated. No provision is made for claims asserted against UBS Group that in the opinion of management are without merit and where it is not likely that UBS AG will be found liable.

Negative effect of downgrading of the Issuer's rating

The general assessment of the Issuer's creditworthiness may affect the value of the Securities. This assessment generally depends on the ratings assigned to the Issuer or its affiliated companies by rating agencies such as Moody's, Fitch and Standard & Poor's.

UBS' reputation is key to the success of its business

UBS' reputation has been severely damaged by its very large losses during the financial crisis and by the US cross-border matter. This has resulted in client attrition in different parts of UBS' business and has negatively affected UBS' financial performance. Restoring UBS' reputation is essential to maintaining its relationships with clients, investors, regulators and the general public, as well as with its employees. Accordingly, it is critical to the success of UBS' strategic plans. Reputational damage is difficult to reverse. The process is slow and success can be difficult to measure. UBS has taken what it believes are very important steps to restore its reputation, but it is possible that it will take longer to repair than UBS expects, particularly if further events were to occur that cause additional damage to UBS' reputation. Any failure to restore or further damage to UBS' reputation could have a material adverse effect on UBS' operational results and financial condition. Even if UBS' reputation is restored, UBS may not progress quickly enough to achieve its medium-term goals.

Regulatory changes may adversely affect UBS' business and ability to execute its strategic plans

In the wake of the recent financial crisis, regulators and legislators are actively considering a wide range of measures designed to address the perceived causes of the crisis and to limit the systemic risks posed by major financial institutions.

Potential changes include:

- significantly higher regulatory capital requirements
- changes in the capital treatment of certain capital instruments issued by UBS and other banks
- changes in the calculation of risk-weighted assets
- new or significantly enhanced liquidity requirements
- requirements to maintain liquidity and capital in multiple jurisdictions where activities are conducted
- limitations on principal trading activities
- taxes and government fees that would effectively limit balance sheet growth
- a variety of measures constraining, taxing or imposing additional requirements relating to compensation
- requirements to adopt structural and other changes designed to make major financial institutions easier to wind down or disassemble
- outright size limitations

Notwithstanding attempts by regulators to coordinate their efforts, the proposals differ by jurisdiction, and enhanced regulation may be imposed in a manner that makes it more difficult to manage global institutions. Swiss authorities have expressed concern about the systemic risks posed by its two largest banks, particularly in relation to the size of the Swiss economy and governmental resources. This may lead to more stringent regulations applicable to major banks headquartered in Switzerland in comparison with those based elsewhere. The potential regulatory and legislative developments in Switzerland and in other jurisdictions in which UBS' has operations may have a material adverse effect on UBS' ability to execute its strategic plans, on the profitability or viability of certain business lines globally or in particular locations, and on UBS' ability to compete with other financial institutions. They could also have an impact on UBS' legal structure or UBS' business model.

UBS is exposed to possible further reduction in client assets in its wealth management and asset management businesses

In 2008 and 2009, UBS experienced substantial net outflows of client assets in its wealth management and asset management businesses. This resulted from a number of different factors, including UBS' substantial losses, the damage to UBS' reputation, the loss of client advisors and developments concerning UBS' cross-border private banking business. As some of these factors can only be addressed over an extended period of time, UBS may continue to experience net outflows of client assets. This may adversely affect the results of UBS' wealth management and asset management businesses.

UBS holds proprietary risk positions that may be adversely affected by conditions in the financial markets

UBS, like many other financial market participants, was severely affected by the financial crisis that began in 2007. The deterioration of financial markets since the beginning of the crisis was extremely severe by historical standards, and UBS recorded substantial losses on fixed income trading positions, particularly in 2008 and to a lesser extent in 2009. UBS has drastically reduced its risk exposures, in part due to transfers to a fund controlled by the SNB. UBS does, however, continue to hold sizeable legacy risk positions that are exposed to the general systemic and counterparty risks that were exacerbated by the financial crisis. The illiquidity of most of these legacy risk positions is likely to make it increasingly difficult to reduce UBS' exposures to them.

During the market crisis, UBS incurred large losses (realized and mark to market) on its holdings of securities related to the US residential mortgage market. Although UBS' exposure to that market was reduced dramatically in 2008 and 2009, UBS remains exposed to a smaller degree to such losses, most notably through

monoline-insured positions. Monoline insurers have been adversely affected by their exposure to US residential mortgage-linked products, and UBS has recorded large credit valuation adjustments on its claims against them. If the financial condition of monoline insurers or their perceived creditworthiness deteriorates further, UBS would have to record further material credit valuation adjustments on the CDSs bought from them.

The market dislocation also affected other asset classes. In 2008 and 2009, UBS recorded markdowns on other assets carried at fair value, including auction rate securities (“**ARS**”), leveraged finance commitments, commercial mortgages in the US and non-US mortgage-backed and asset-backed securities (“**ABS**”). UBS has a very large inventory of ARS, which is likely to increase as a result of its partially satisfied commitment to repurchase client-owned ARS. UBS holds positions related to real estate in countries other than the US, including a very substantial Swiss mortgage portfolio, and UBS could suffer losses on these positions. In addition, further market dislocation or continued weak financial conditions could result in further writedowns on UBS’ assets carried at fair value or in the impairment of assets classified as or reclassified to loans or receivables. UBS is also exposed to risk in its prime brokerage, reverse repo and lombard lending activities, as the value or liquidity of the assets against which UBS provides financing may decline rapidly.

Performance in the financial services industry depends on the economic climate

The financial services industry prospers in conditions of economic growth, stable geopolitical conditions, capital markets that are transparent, liquid and buoyant and positive investor sentiment. An economic downturn, inflation or a severe financial crisis (as seen in 2008 and to a lesser extent in 2009) can negatively affect UBS’ revenues and ultimately UBS’ capital base.

A market downturn can be precipitated by a number of factors, including geopolitical events, changes in monetary or fiscal policy, trade imbalances, natural disasters, pandemics, civil unrest, war or terrorism. Because financial markets are global and highly interconnected, even local and regional events can have widespread impact well beyond the countries in which they occur. A crisis could develop, regionally or globally, as a result of disruptions in emerging markets which are susceptible to macroeconomic and geopolitical developments, or as a result of the failure of a major market participant. As UBS’ presence and business in emerging markets increases, UBS becomes more exposed to these risks. Adverse developments of this kind have affected UBS’ businesses in a number of ways, and may continue to have further adverse effects on UBS’ businesses as follows:

- a general reduction in business activity and market volumes would affect fees, commissions and margins from market-making and customer-driven transactions and activities;
- a market downturn is likely to reduce the volume and valuations of assets UBS manages on behalf of clients, reducing UBS’ asset- and performance-based fees;
- reduced market liquidity limits trading and arbitrage opportunities and impedes UBS’ ability to manage risks, impacting both trading income and performance-based fees;
- assets UBS owns and accounts for as investments or trading positions could continue to fall in value;
- impairments and defaults on credit exposures and on trading and investment positions could increase, and losses may be exacerbated by falling collateral values; and
- if individual countries impose restrictions on cross-border payments or other exchange or capital controls, UBS could suffer losses from enforced default by counterparties, be unable to access its own assets, or be impeded in – or prevented from – managing UBS’ risks.

The developments mentioned above can affect the performance of both UBS’ business units and of UBS as a whole. There is also a risk that the carrying value of goodwill of a business unit might suffer impairments and deferred tax assets levels may need to be adjusted.

In addition, interest rate increases triggered by central banks may adversely affect the economy and UBS’ business and funding costs.

UBS is dependent upon its risk management and control processes to avoid or limit potential losses in its trading and counterparty credit businesses

Controlled risk-taking is a major part of the business of a financial services firm. Credit is an integral part of many of UBS’ retail, wealth management and Investment Bank activities. This includes lending, underwriting

and derivatives businesses and positions. Changes in interest rates, equity prices, foreign exchange levels and other market fluctuations can adversely affect UBS' earnings. Some losses from risk-taking strategy, performance and responsibility activities are inevitable, but to be successful over time, UBS must balance the risks UBS takes against the returns it generates. UBS must therefore diligently identify, assess, manage and control its risks, not only in normal market conditions but also as they might develop under more extreme ("stressed") conditions, when concentrations of exposures can lead to severe losses.

As seen during the recent market crisis, UBS is not always able to prevent serious losses arising from extreme or sudden market events that are not anticipated by its risk measures and systems. Value-at-Risk ("VaR"), a statistical measure for market risk, is derived from historical market data, and thus by definition could not have predicted the losses seen in the stressed conditions in the past few years. Moreover, stress loss and concentration controls and the dimensions in which UBS aggregates risk to identify potentially highly correlated exposures proved to be inadequate. Notwithstanding the steps UBS has taken to strengthen its risk management and control framework, UBS could suffer further losses in the future if, for example:

- UBS does not fully identify the risks in its portfolio, in particular risk concentrations and correlated risks;
- UBS' assessment of the risks identified or UBS' response to negative trends proves to be inadequate or incorrect;
- markets move in ways that are unexpected – in terms of their speed, direction, severity or correlation – and UBS' ability to manage risks in the resultant environment is therefore affected;
- third parties to whom UBS has credit exposure or whose securities UBS holds for its own account are severely affected by events not anticipated by UBS' models, and UBS accordingly suffers defaults and impairments beyond the level implied by its risk assessment; or
- collateral or other security provided by UBS' counterparties proves inadequate to cover their obligations at the time of their default.

UBS also manages risk on behalf of its clients in UBS' asset and wealth management businesses. UBS' performance in these activities could be harmed by the same factors. If clients suffer losses or the performance of their assets held with UBS is not in line with relevant benchmarks against which clients assess investment performance, UBS may suffer reduced fee income and a decline in assets under management or withdrawal of mandates.

If UBS decides to support a fund or another investment that UBS sponsors in UBS' asset or wealth management business (such as the property fund to which Wealth Management & Swiss Bank has exposure) UBS might, depending on the facts and circumstances, incur charges that could increase to material levels.

Investment positions, such as equity holdings made as a part of strategic initiatives and seed investments made at the inception of funds UBS manages, may also be affected by market risk factors. These investments are often not liquid and are generally intended or required to be held beyond a normal trading horizon. They are subject to a distinct control framework. Deteriorations in the fair value of these positions would have a negative impact on UBS' earnings.

Valuations of certain assets rely on models. For some of the inputs to these models there is no observable source

Where possible, UBS marks its trading book assets at their quoted market price in an active market. In the current environment, such price information is not available for certain instruments and UBS applies valuation techniques to measure such instruments. Valuation techniques use "market observable inputs" where available, derived from similar assets in similar and active markets, from recent transaction prices for comparable items or from other observable market data. For positions of which some or all of the reference data are not observable or have limited observability, UBS uses valuation models with nonmarket observable inputs. There is no single market standard for valuation models in this area. Such models have inherent limitations; different assumptions and inputs would generate different results, and these differences could have a significant impact on UBS' financial results. UBS regularly reviews and updates its valuation models to incorporate all factors that market participants would consider in setting a price, including factoring in current market conditions. Judgment is an important component of this process. Changes in model inputs or in the models themselves could have a material adverse effect on UBS' financial results.

Credit ratings and liquidity and funding management are critical to UBS' ongoing performance

Moody's Investors Service, Fitch Ratings and Standard & Poor's lowered UBS' long-term credit rating several times in 2008 and 2009. Further reductions in UBS' credit rating could increase its funding costs, in particular with regard to funding from wholesale unsecured sources. Some of these downgrades have required UBS to make additional cash payments or post additional collateral, and additional reductions in the credit ratings could have similar effects. UBS' credit ratings also have an impact on the performance of its businesses. Along with UBS' capital strength and reputation, UBS' credit ratings contribute to maintaining client and counterparty confidence in UBS.

A substantial part of UBS' liquidity and funding requirements is met using short-term unsecured funding sources, including wholesale and retail deposits and the regular issuance of money market securities. The volume of these funding sources has generally been stable, but may change in the future due, among other things, to general market strategy, performance and responsibility disruptions. Any such change could occur quickly and without notice. UBS may be required to maintain substantially higher levels of liquidity than has been UBS' usual practice due to possible changes in regulatory requirements. This could have an adverse impact on the attractiveness of certain lines of business, particularly in the Investment Bank, and may reduce UBS' overall ability to generate profits.

UBS' capital strength is important in supporting its client franchise

UBS' capital position, as measured by the BIS tier 1 and total capital ratios, is determined by (i) risk-weighted assets ("RWAs") (balance sheet, off-balance sheet and other market and operational risk positions, measured and risk-weighted according to regulatory criteria) and (ii) eligible capital. Both RWAs and eligible capital are subject to change. Eligible capital, for example, could experience a reduction resulting from financial losses, acquired goodwill or as a result of foreign exchange movements. RWAs, on the other hand, will be driven by UBS' business activities and by changes in the risk profile of these assets. They could furthermore be subject to a change in regulatory requirements or the interpretation thereof. For instance, substantial market volatility, a widening of credit spreads (the major driver of UBS' VaR), a change in regulatory treatment of certain positions, stronger foreign currencies, increased counterparty risk or a deterioration in the economic environment could result in a rise in RWAs or a change in capital requirements, thereby potentially reducing UBS' capital ratios. UBS is subject to regulatory capital requirements imposed by the Swiss Financial Market Supervisory Authority ("FINMA"), under which UBS has higher RWAs than would be the case under BIS guidelines. Forthcoming changes in the calculation of RWAs under FINMA requirements are expected to increase the level of UBS' RWAs and therefore have an adverse effect on UBS' capital ratios. In addition, FINMA has introduced a minimum leverage ratio which is being progressively implemented and will be fully applicable in 2013. Changes by FINMA in the tier 1 and total capital requirements or in the leverage ratio requirement, whether pertaining to the minimum levels required for large Swiss banks or to the calculation thereof (including changes made to implement the proposed Basel III standards), could have a material adverse effect on UBS' business and ability to execute its strategic plans or pay dividends in the future.

Operational risks may affect UBS' business

All of UBS' businesses are dependent on its ability to process a large number of complex transactions across multiple and diverse markets in different currencies, and to comply with the requirements of the many different legal and regulatory regimes. UBS' operational risk management and control systems and processes are designed to help ensure that the risks associated with its activities, including those arising from process error, failed execution, unauthorized trading, fraud, systems failure and failure of security and physical protection, are appropriately controlled. If UBS' internal controls fail or prove ineffective in identifying and remedying such risks, UBS could suffer operational failures that might result in material losses.

Legal claims and regulatory risks and restrictions arise in the conduct of UBS' business

In the ordinary course of UBS' business, UBS are subject to regulatory oversight and liability risk. UBS is involved in a variety of claims, disputes, legal proceedings and government investigations in jurisdictions where UBS is active. These types of proceedings expose UBS to substantial monetary damages and legal defense costs, injunctive relief and criminal and civil penalties, in addition to potential regulatory restrictions on UBS' businesses. The outcome of these matters cannot be predicted and they could adversely affect UBS' future business. UBS continues to be subject to government inquiries and investigations, and is involved in a number of litigations and disputes related to the financial crisis. These matters concern, among other things, UBS' valuations, accounting classifications, disclosures, investment suitability, writedowns, underwriting and contractual obligations, as well as UBS' role as an underwriter in securities offerings for other issuers.

UBS has been in active dialogue with its regulators concerning remedial actions that UBS is taking to address deficiencies in its risk management and control, funding and certain other processes and systems. UBS will for

some time be subject to increased scrutiny by FINMA and UBS' other major regulators, and accordingly will be subject to regulatory measures that might affect the implementation of its strategic plans.

In February 2009, UBS entered into a Deferred Prosecution Agreement (DPA) with the US Department of Justice (DOJ) and a Consent Order with the US Securities and Exchange Commission in connection with UBS' cross-border private banking services provided to US private clients. In addition, a petition for enforcement of a civil summons issued by the US Internal Revenue Service (IRS), seeking information concerning UBS' cross-border business, including records located in Switzerland, was filed by the civil division of the DOJ. In August 2009, UBS entered into a settlement agreement with the IRS and the DOJ. Pursuant to this agreement and a related agreement between the US and Switzerland, the summons enforcement proceeding will be dismissed if certain requirements are satisfied. It is not yet clear what effect, if any, the recent Swiss court decision prohibiting the provision of certain UBS client data to the IRS may have on UBS' 2009 settlements with US authorities and UBS' businesses.

Tax and regulatory authorities in a number of other jurisdictions have also requested information relating to the cross-border wealth management services provided by UBS and other financial institutions. These governmental actions, and UBS' responses to them, could adversely affect the future profitability of UBS' international wealth management businesses.

UBS might be unable to identify or capture revenue or competitive opportunities, or retain and attract qualified employees

The financial services industry is characterized by intense competition, continuous innovation, detailed (and sometimes fragmented) regulation and ongoing consolidation. UBS faces competition at the level of local markets and individual business lines, and from global financial institutions that are comparable in their size and breadth. Barriers to entry in individual markets are being eroded by new technology. UBS expects these trends to continue and competition to increase in the future.

UBS' competitive strength and market position could be eroded if UBS is unable to identify market trends and developments, does not respond to them by devising and implementing adequate business strategies or is unable to attract or retain the qualified people needed to carry them out. The changes recently introduced in UBS' balance sheet management, funding framework and risk management and control, as well as possible new or enhanced regulatory requirements, may constrain the revenue contribution of certain lines of business. For example, parts of the Investment Bank's fixed income, currencies and commodities (FICC) business may be affected as they require substantial funding and are capital-intensive.

Following the losses incurred in 2008, UBS significantly reduced the variable compensation granted to its employees for that year. This and other factors adversely affected UBS' ability to retain and attract key employees, which in turn negatively affected UBS' revenues in a number of business lines in 2009. The amount of variable compensation granted for 2009 was higher than in 2008, but the portion of variable compensation granted in the form of deferred shares was much higher than in the past, and the percentage of compensation deferred was higher than that of most of UBS' competitors. UBS continues to be subject to the risk that key employees will be attracted by competitors and decide to leave UBS, or that UBS may be less successful than UBS' competitors in attracting qualified employees. This risk also arises in connection with the increasing legislation, regulation and regulatory pressure relating to remuneration in general and variable compensation in particular. Although this affects many if not all of the major banks, the constraints are likely to differ by jurisdiction and therefore less regulated competitors may tend to have an advantage.

UBS' global presence exposes UBS to risks arising from being subject to different regulatory, legal and tax regimes, as well as from currency fluctuation

UBS operates in more than 50 countries, earn income and hold assets and liabilities in many different currencies and is subject to many different legal, tax and regulatory regimes.

UBS' ability to execute its global strategy depends on obtaining and maintaining local regulatory approvals. This includes the approval of acquisitions or other transactions and the ability to obtain and maintain the necessary licenses to operate in local markets. Changes in local tax laws or regulations and their enforcement may affect the ability or the willingness of UBS' clients to do business with the bank, or the viability of UBS' strategies and business model. In UBS' financial accounts UBS accrues taxes, but the final effect of taxes on earnings is only determined after the completion of tax audits (which generally takes a number of years) or the expiration of statutes of limitations. In addition, changes in tax laws, judicial interpretation of tax laws or policies and practices of tax authorities could cause the amount of taxes ultimately paid by UBS to differ materially from the amount accrued.

Because UBS prepares its accounts in Swiss francs and a substantial portion of its assets, liabilities, assets under management, revenues and expenses are denominated in other currencies, changes in foreign exchange rates, particularly between the Swiss franc and the US dollar and to a much lesser extent between the Swiss franc and the Euro and UK sterling (US dollar income represents the major part of UBS' non-Swiss-franc income), have an effect on UBS' reported income and shareholders' equity.

Potential conflicts of interest

The Issuer and affiliated companies may participate in transactions related to the Securities in some way, for their own account or for account of a client. Such transactions may not serve to benefit the Securityholders and may have a positive or negative effect on the value of the Underlyings and consequently on the value of the Securities. Furthermore, companies affiliated with the Issuer may become counterparties in hedging transactions relating to obligations of the Issuer stemming from the Securities. As a result, conflicts of interest can arise between companies affiliated with the Issuer, as well as between these companies and investors, in relation to obligations regarding the calculation of the price of the Securities and other associated determinations. In addition, the Issuer and its affiliates may act in other capacities with regard to the Securities, such as calculation agent, paying agent and administrative agent and/or index sponsor.

Furthermore, the Issuer and its affiliates may issue other derivative instruments relating to the Underlyings; introduction of such competing products may affect the value of the Securities. The Issuer and its affiliated companies may receive non-public information relating to the Underlyings, and neither the Issuer nor any of its affiliates undertakes to make this information available to Securityholders. In addition, one or more of the Issuer's affiliated companies may publish research reports on the Underlyings. Such activities could present conflicts of interest and may affect the value of the Securities.

Within the context of the offering and sale of the Securities, the Issuer or any of its affiliates may directly or indirectly pay fees in varying amounts to third parties, such as distributors or investment advisors, or receive payment of fees in varying amounts, including those levied in association with the distribution of the Securities, from third parties. Potential investors should be aware that the Issuer may retain fees in part or in full. The Issuer or, as the case may be, the Manager, upon request, will provide information on the amount of these fees.

II. Security specific Risks

Investing in the Securities involves certain risks. Among others, these risks may take the form of equity market, commodity market, bond market, foreign exchange, interest rate, market volatility and economic and political risks and any combination of these and other risks. The important risks are presented briefly below. Prospective investors should be experienced with regard to transactions in instruments such as the Securities and in the Underlyings. **Prospective investors should understand the risks associated with an investment in the Securities and shall only reach an investment decision, after careful considerations with their legal, tax, financial and other advisors of (i) the suitability of an investment in the Securities in the light of their own particular financial, fiscal and other circumstances; (ii) the information set out in this document and (iii) the Underlyings.** An investment in the Securities should only be made after assessing the direction, timing and magnitude of potential future changes in the value of the Underlyings as the return of any such investment will be dependent, *inter alia*, upon such changes. More than one risk factor may have simultaneous effects with regard to the Securities, so that the effect of a particular risk factor is not predictable. In addition, more than one risk factor may have a compounding effect which may not be predictable. No assurance can be given with regard to the effect that any combination of risk factors may have on the value of the Securities.

Prospective investors of the Securities should recognise that the Securities **constitute a risk investment** which can lead to a **total loss** of their investment in the Securities. Even when the Securities are capital protected at maturity to the extent of the Minimum Amount and, hence, the risk of a loss is initially limited, the investor bears the risk of the Issuer's financial situation worsening. Potential investors must therefore be prepared and able to sustain a partial or even a **total loss** of the invested capital. Any investors interested in purchasing the Securities should assess their financial situation, to ensure that they are in a position to bear the **risks of loss** connected with the Securities.

None of the Securities vests a right to payment of fixed or variable interest or dividends and, as such, they **generate no regular income**. Therefore, potential reductions in the value of the Securities cannot be offset by any other income from the Securities.

It is expressly recommended that potential investors familiarise themselves with the specific risk profile of the product type described in this Prospectus and seek the advice of a professional, if necessary.

1. Special risks related to specific features of the security structure

Prior to investing in the Securities, prospective investors should note that the following special features of the Securities may have an impact on the value of the Securities or, as the case may be, on any amount, if any, payable according to the Conditions of the Securities and that the Securities accordingly have special risk profiles:

Extent of participation in the performance of the Underlyings

The application of the Participation Factor within the determination of the Security Right results in the Securities being in economic terms similar to a direct investment in the Underlyings, but being nonetheless not fully comparable with such a direct investment, in particular because the Securityholders may not participate in the relevant performance by a 1:1 ratio, but by the proportion of the Participation Factor.

Accordingly the Securityholder participates in a **possible increase in the value** of the Underlyings under proportionally only due to the lower proportion of the Participation Factor or, as the case may be, in a **possible decrease in the value** of the Underlyings over proportionally due to the higher proportion of the Participation Factor.

The capital protection only applies at the end of the term of the Securities

The Securities are as at the end of their term capital protected to the extent of the Minimum Amount, *i.e.* the investor receives at the end of the term disregarding the actual performance of the Underlyings in any case the Minimum Amount. If an investor acquires the Securities at a price, which is higher than the Minimum Amount, the prospective investor should be aware that the capital protection only refers to the lower Minimum Amount. In this context, it has to be considered that the capital protection only applies at the end of the term, *i.e.* provided that the Securities have not been terminated.

The cash amount to be paid in the case of an early redemption of the Securities can be considerably below the amount, which would be payable as a minimum at the end of the term of the Securities, where the capital protection applies to the extent of the Minimum Amount.

Potential investors of the Securities should furthermore recognise that despite the capital protection to the extent of the Minimum Amount, the investor bears the risk of the Issuer's financial ability. Prospective investors must therefore be prepared and able to sustain a partial or even a total loss of the capital invested. Purchasers of the Securities should in any case assess their financial situation, to ensure that they are in a position to bear the risks of loss connected with the Securities.

2. Termination and Early Redemption at the option of the Issuer

Potential investors in the Securities should furthermore be aware that the Issuer is pursuant to the Conditions of the Securities, entitled to terminate and redeem the Securities in total prior to the Maturity Date. In case the Issuer terminates and redeems the Securities prior to the Maturity Date, the Securityholder is entitled to demand the payment of an amount in relation to this early redemption. However, the Securityholder is not entitled to request any further payments on the Securities after the Termination Date or the Tax Termination Date, as the case may be.

The Securityholder, therefore, bears the risk of not participating in the performance of the Underlyings to the expected extent and during the expected period and, therefore, receives less than its capital invested.

In the case of a termination the Issuer shall pay to each Securityholder an amount in the Redemption Currency with respect to each Security held by it, which is determined by the Calculation Agent at its reasonable discretion pursuant to § 317 of the BGB and, if applicable, considering the then prevailing Price of the Underlyings and the expenses of the Issuer caused by the termination, as the fair market price of a Security at the occurrence of the termination. When determining a fair market price of a Security, the Calculation Agent is entitled to consider all factors, including any adjustments of option contracts on the Underlyings, without being bound to any third party measures or assessments, in particular any measures or assessments of any futures or options exchange. Due to the fact that the Calculation Agent may take into consideration the market factors it considers to be relevant at its reasonable discretion pursuant to § 317 of the BGB without being bound to third party measures or assessments, it cannot be excluded that the amount determined by the Calculation Agent at its reasonable discretion pursuant to § 317 of the BGB as the fair market price of the Security at the occurrence of the termination - and, hence, the Termination Amount or, as the case may be, the Tax Termination Amount - can differ from the market price of comparable Securities relating to the Underlyings as determined by a third party.

In the case of a termination of the Securities by the Issuer, the Securityholder bears the risk of a reinvestment, *i.e.* the investor bears the risk that it will have to re-invest the Termination Amount or, as the case may be, the Tax Termination Amount, if any, paid by the Issuer in the case of termination at market conditions, which are less favourable than those existing prevailing at the time of the acquisition of the Securities.

3. No termination right of the Securityholders

The Securityholders do not have a termination right and the Securities may, hence, not be terminated by the Securityholders during their term. Prior to the maturity of the Securities the realisation of the economic value of the Securities (or parts thereof), if any, is, consequently and except for the Issuer's termination and early redemption of the Securities, only possible by way of selling the Securities.

The selling of the Securities requires that market participants are willing to acquire the Securities at a certain price. In case that no market participants are readily available, the value of the Securities may not be realised. The Issuer is not obligated under the issuance of these Securities towards the Securityholders to compensate for or to repurchase the Securities.

4. Possible decline in the Price of the Underlyings after termination of the Securities

In the event that the term of the Securities is terminated early by the Issuer pursuant to the Conditions of the Securities, potential investors of the Securities should note that any negative performance of the Price of the Underlyings between the announcement of the termination by the Issuer and the determination of the Price of the Underlyings relevant for calculation of the then payable Termination Amount or the Tax Termination Amount, as the case may be, are borne by the Securityholders.

5. Adverse impact of adjustments of the Security Right

It cannot be excluded that certain events occur or certain measures are taken (by parties other than the Issuer) in relation to the Underlyings, which potentially lead to changes to the Underlyings or result in the underlying concept of the Underlyings being changed, so-called potential adjustment events. In the case of the occurrence of a potential adjustment event, the Issuer shall be entitled to effect adjustments according to the Conditions of the Securities to account for these events or measures. These adjustments might have a negative impact on the value of the Securities.

6. Other factors affecting the value

The value of a Security is determined not only by changes in the Price of the Underlyings, but also by a number of other factors. Since several risk factors may have simultaneous effects on the Securities, the effect of a particular risk factor cannot be predicted. In addition, several risk factors may have a compounding effect which may not be predictable. No assurance can be given with regard to the effect that any combination of risk factors may have on the value of the Securities.

These factors include the term of the Securities, the frequency and intensity of price fluctuations (volatility), as well as the prevailing interest rate and dividend levels. A decline in the value of the Security may therefore occur even if the Price of the Underlyings remains constant.

Prospective investors of the Securities should be aware that an investment in the Securities involves a valuation risk with regard to the Underlyings. They should have experience with transactions in securities with a value derived from the Underlyings. The value of the Underlyings may vary over time and may increase or decrease by reference to a variety of factors which may include UBS corporate action, macro economic factors and speculation. In addition, the historical performance of the Underlyings is not an indication of their future performance. Changes in the market price of the Underlyings will affect the trading price of the Securities, and it is impossible to predict whether the market price of the Underlyings will rise or fall.

7. Effect of ancillary costs

Commissions and other transaction costs incurred in connection with the purchase or sale of Securities may result in charges, particularly in combination with a low order value, **which can substantially reduce any Redemption Amount, if any, to be paid under the Securities.** Before acquiring a Security, prospective investors should therefore inform themselves of all costs incurred through the purchase or sale of the Security, including any costs charged by their custodian banks upon purchase and maturity of the Securities.

8. Transactions to offset or limit risk

Prospective investors of the Securities should not rely on the ability to conclude transactions at any time during the term of the Securities that will allow them to offset or limit relevant risks. This depends on the market situation and the prevailing conditions. Transactions designed to offset or limit risks might only be possible at an unfavourable market price that will entail a loss for investors.

9. Trading in the Securities / Illiquidity

It is not possible to predict if and to what extent a secondary market may develop in the Securities or at what price the Securities will trade in the secondary market or whether such market will be liquid or illiquid.

If so specified in this Prospectus, applications will be or have been made to the Security Exchange specified for admission or listing of the Securities. If the Securities are admitted or listed, no assurance is given that any such admission or listing will be maintained. The fact that the Securities are admitted to trading or listed does not necessarily denote greater liquidity than if this were not the case. If the Securities are not listed or traded on any exchange, pricing information for the Securities may be more difficult to obtain and the liquidity of the Securities may be adversely affected. The liquidity of the Securities may also be affected by restrictions on the purchase and sale of the Securities in some jurisdictions. Additionally, the Issuer has the right (but no obligation) to purchase Securities at any time and at any price in the open market or by tender or private agreement. Any Securities so purchased may be held or resold or surrendered for cancellation.

In addition, it cannot be excluded that the number of subscribed Securities is less than the Aggregate Nominal Amount of the Securities. There is the risk that due to the low volume of subscriptions in the Securities the liquidity of the Securities is lower than if all Securities were subscribed by investors.

The Manager intends, under normal market conditions, to provide bid and offer prices for the Securities of an issue on a regular basis. However, the Manager makes no firm commitment to the Issuer to provide liquidity by means of bid and offer prices for the Securities, and assumes no legal obligation to quote any such prices or with respect to the level or determination of such prices.

Potential investors therefore should not rely on the ability to sell Securities at a specific time or at a specific price.

10. Representation and Custody of the Securities

The Securities are issued in uncertificated and dematerialised book-entry form, and registered at the Clearing System for clearance and settlement. No physical notes, such as global temporary or permanent notes or definitive securities will be issued in respect of the Securities. The Securities are transferable in accordance with the relevant CA Rules. Such transfer becoming effective upon registration of the transfer in the records of the Clearing System. Securityholders will have to rely on the procedures of the Clearing System for transfer, payment and communication with the Issuer. Securityholders are not entitled to request the delivery of definitive securities. The Issuer shall be entitled to obtain from the Clearing System information based on the Clearing System's register regarding the Securities for the purpose of performing its obligations pursuant to the Securities.

The Issuer shall not be held liable under any circumstances for any acts and omissions of any Clearing System or any other relevant clearing system as well as for any losses which might occur to a Securityholder out of such acts and omissions and for the records relating to, or payments made in respect of, beneficial interests in the Securities in book-entry form in particular.

11. Pricing of Securities

Unlike most other securities the pricing of these Securities is regularly not based on the principle of offer and demand in relation to Securities, since the secondary market traders might quote independent bid and offer prices. This price calculation is based on price calculation models prevailing in the market, whereas the theoretical value of the Securities is, in principle, determined on the basis of the value of the Underlyings and the value of other features attached to the Securities, each of which features may, in economic terms, be represented by another derivative financial instrument.

The potentially quoted prices do not necessarily correspond to the Securities' intrinsic value as determined by a trader.

12. Expansion of the spread between bid and offer prices

In special market situations, where the Issuer is completely unable to conclude hedging transactions, or where such transactions are very difficult to conclude, the spread between the bid and offer prices may be temporarily expanded, in order to limit the economic risks to the Issuer. Therefore, Securityholders who wish to sell their Securities via a stock exchange or in the over-the-counter trading might sell at a price considerably lower than the actual price of the Securities at the time of their sale.

13. Borrowed funds

If the purchase of Securities is financed by borrowed funds and investors' expectations are not met, they not only suffer the loss incurred under the Securities, but in addition also have to pay interest on and repay the loan. This produces a substantial increase in investors' risk of loss. Investors of Securities should never rely on being able to redeem and pay interest on the loan through gains from a Securities transaction. Rather, before financing the purchase of a Security with borrowed funds, the investors' financial situations should be assessed, as to their ability to pay interest on or redeem the loan immediately, even if they incur losses instead of the expected gains.

14. The effect on the Securities of hedging transactions by the Issuer

The Issuer may use all or some of the proceeds received from the sale of the Securities to enter into hedging transactions relating to the risks incurred in issuing the Securities. In such a case, the Issuer or one of its affiliated companies may conclude transactions that correspond to the Issuer's obligations arising from the Securities. Generally speaking, this type of transaction will be concluded before or on the Issue Date of the Securities, although these transactions can also be concluded after the Securities have been issued. The Issuer or one of its affiliated companies may take the necessary steps for the closing out of any hedging transactions, on or prior to the relevant Valuation Date. It cannot be excluded that the Price of the Underlyings might, in certain cases, be affected by these transactions. In the case of Securities whose value depends on the occurrence of a specific event in relation to the Underlyings, entering into or closing out such hedging transactions may affect the likelihood of this event occurring or not occurring.

15. **Changes in Taxation in relation to the Securities**

The considerations concerning the taxation of the Securities set forth in this Prospectus reflect the opinion of the Issuer on the basis of the legal situation identifiable as of the date hereof. However, a different tax treatment by the fiscal authorities and tax courts cannot be precluded. In addition, the tax considerations set forth in this Prospectus cannot be the sole basis for the assessment of an investment in the Securities from a tax point of view, as the individual circumstances of each investor also have to be taken into account. Therefore, the tax considerations set forth in this Prospectus are not to be deemed any form of definitive information or tax advice or any form of assurance or guarantee with respect to the occurrence of certain tax consequences. Each investor should seek the advice of his or her personal tax consultant before deciding whether to purchase the Securities.

Neither the Issuer nor the Manager assumes any responsibility vis-à-vis the Securityholders for the tax consequences of an investment in the Securities.

III. **Underlying specific Risks**

Investing in the Securities also involves certain risks that are related to the indices and exchange traded funds used as Underlyings:

1. **General risks related to the Underlyings**

Investors should be aware that some risks are related to the Underlyings in general:

Risk of fluctuations in value

The performance of the Underlyings is subject to fluctuations. Therefore, Securityholders cannot foresee what consideration they can expect to receive for the Securities they hold on a certain day in the future. When the Securities are redeemed, exercised or otherwise disposed of on a certain day, they may be worth a lot less than if they were disposed of at a later or earlier point in time.

Uncertainty about the future performance

It is not possible to reliably predict the future performance of the Underlyings of the Securities. Likewise, the historical data of the Underlyings does also not allow for any conclusions to be drawn about the future performance of the Underlyings and the Securities.

Consequence of the linkage to a portfolio of Underlyings

The Securities have the special feature that the calculation of the level of the Redemption Amount, if any, depends on the performance of a portfolio comprising several Underlyings. As a result, fluctuations in the value of one Underlying may be offset or intensified by fluctuations in the value of other Underlyings comprised in the portfolio. Even in the case of a positive performance of one or more Underlying(s), the performance of the portfolio as a whole may be negative if the performance of the other Underlying(s) is negative to a greater extent.

Furthermore, also the degree of the Underlyings' dependency from each other, so-called correlation, is of importance when calculating the level of the Redemption Amount. Since all Underlyings relate to certain countries, regions and industries, the performance of the portfolio is mainly dependent on the performance of these few countries, regions and industries. Any unfavourable development in one of these countries, regions and industries comprised in the portfolio of Underlyings may, consequently, have an over proportional impact on the portfolio.

2. **Specific risks related to the Underlyings**

In addition, the following risks are specifically related to the Underlyings:

a) **Specific Risks related to an Index used as an Underlying**

No influence of the Issuer

The composition of an index used as an Underlying is determined by the index sponsor alone or in cooperation with other entities. The Issuer cannot influence the composition of the index.

In principle, the index sponsor is free to make changes to the composition or calculation of the index, which may have a negative effect on the performance of the Securities, or to permanently discontinue the calculation and publication of the index used as an Underlying without issuing a successor index.

Potential investors in the Securities should furthermore be aware that the Issuer is in case that the calculation and/or publication of the index used as an Underlying is permanently discontinued, pursuant to the Conditions of the Securities, entitled to terminate and redeem the Securities in total prior to the Maturity Date.

Dividends are not taken into account / price index

The index used as an Underlying is calculated as a so-called price index, *i.e.* dividends or other distributions, if any, that are paid out from the Index Components are not taken into account when calculating the level of the index.

As a result, Securityholders do generally not participate in any dividends or other distributions paid on the shares contained in the index used as an Underlying.

Concentration of Index Components

The components of the indices used as Underlyings may mirror particular thematically selected investments. Such concentration on only a few specific markets segments, *e.g.* regional or country specific markets or, as the case may be, the concentration on specific sectors as commodities, energy or technologies result in an increased risk profile. Any unfavourable development in one of these markets or segments mirrored in an index may, consequently, have an over proportional impact on the index and lead to an proportional loss of such index.

b) **Specific risks related to exchange traded funds used as an Underlying**

The level of the Redemption Amount, if any is determined by reference to price of so-called exchange traded funds used as Underlyings. Consequently, any investment in the Securities is, to a certain extent, subject to market risks similar to direct investment in the Fund Units. **It is expressly recommended that potential investors familiarise themselves with the specific risk profile of the fund and the category of assets, in which the fund invests, and seek the advice of a professional, if necessary.**

Concept of an Exchange Traded Fund; Listing

An exchange traded fund ("**ETF**" or the "**Fund**") is a fund managed by a domestic or non-domestic management company or, as the case may be, a fund in corporate fund, whose fund units ("**Fund Units**") are listed on a securities exchange. No assurance is given that such admission or listing will be maintained during the whole life of the Securities. In addition, a listing does not imply that the Fund Units are liquid at any time and, hence, may be sold via the securities exchange at any time, since trading in the securities exchange may be suspended in accordance with the relevant trading rules.

Pricing; Use of Estimates

The price of an ETF mainly depends in the price per unit of the ETF and, consequently, on the aggregate value of assets held by the ET less any liabilities, so-called net asset value. Any negative performance or losses of the securities or other investments made by the Fund for the purposes of replicating the performance of a benchmark (*cf.* below "Replication of the performance of a benchmark") will result in a loss of the Fund and a decline in the value of the Fund Units. Even a broad spread of its investments and a strong diversification of the Fund's investments cannot exclude the risk that any negative development on certain marketes or exchanges will lead to a decline in the Share price .

As ETFs generally calculate their net asset value on a daily basis only, the price of the ETF as continuously published by the securities exchange is usually based estimated net asset values. These estimates may differ from the final net asset value as subsequently published by the Funds. Therefore, the general risks during trading hours exists that the performance of the ETF and of its actual Net Asset Value may deviate.

Replication of the performance of a benchmark; tracking error

ETFs are designed to replicate as closely as possible the performance of an index, basket or specific single assets (each a "**Benchmark**"). However, the ETF conditions can allow a Benchmark substituted. Therefore, an ETF might not always replicate the original Benchmark.

For the purpose of tracking a Benchmark, ETFs can use full replication and invest directly in all components comprised in the Benchmark, synthetic replication using for example a swap, or other tracking techniques such as sampling. The value of the ETFs is therefore in particular based on the performance of the holdings used to replicate the Benchmark. It cannot be excluded that the performance of the ETF differs from the performance of the Benchmark (tracking error).

Unlike other collective investment schemes, ETFs are usually not actively managed by the management company of the ETF. In fact, investment decisions are determined by the relevant Benchmark and its components. In case that the underlying Benchmark shows a negative performance, ETFs are subject to an unlimited performance risk in particular when they are using full replication or synthetic replication techniques. This can have a negative impact on the performance of the Securities.

Tracking a Benchmark typically entails further risks:

- An ETF using a full replication technique for tracking the performance of the Benchmark may not be able to acquire all components of that Benchmark or sell them at reasonable prices. This can affect the ETF's ability to replicate the Benchmark and may have a negative effect on the ETF's overall performance.
- ETFs using swaps for synthetic replication of the Benchmark may be exposed to the risk of a default of their swap counterparties. ETFs might retain substituting contractual rights in case of default of the swap counterparty. However, it cannot be excluded that the ETF does not receive or not receive the full amount due to it if the Swap counterparty were not in default.
- ETFs replicating the Benchmark using sampling techniques (i.e. not using full replication and without using swaps) may create portfolios of assets which are not Benchmark components at all or do only comprise some components of the Benchmark. Therefore, the risk profile of such ETF is not necessarily consistent with the risk profile of the Benchmark.
- If ETFs use derivatives to replicate or to hedge its positions, this may result in losses which are significantly higher than any losses of the Benchmark (leverage effect).

Concentration risks

ETFs may concentrate their assets with a focus on certain countries, regions or sectors while replicating the Benchmark according to their rules. This can result in the ETFs being subject to a higher volatility as compared to funds with a broader diversification as regards sectors, countries or regions. The value of investments in certain sectors, countries or regions may be subject to strong volatility within short periods of time. This also applies to ETFs focusing their investments on certain asset classes such as commodities. ETFs investing their assets in less regulated, small and exotic markets, are subject to certain further risks. Such risks may include the risk of government interventions resulting in a total or partial loss of assets or of the ability to acquire or sell them at the fund's discretion. Such markets may not be regulated in a manner typically expected from more developed markets. If an ETF concentrates its assets in emerging markets, this may involve a higher degree of risk as exchanges and markets in these emerging market countries or certain Asian countries such as Indonesia may be subject to stronger volatility than exchanges and markets in more developed countries. Political changes, foreign currency exchange restrictions, foreign exchange controls, taxes, restrictions on foreign investments and repatriation of invested capital can have a negative impact on the investment result and therefore the value of the Fund Units in the ETF.

Currency risks

In case of the ETF's investments being denominated in different currencies or in case of the investment and the Fund Units being denominated in a currency other than the currency in which the net asset value is calculated, certain additional correlation risks may apply. These correlation risks depend on the degree of dependency of currency fluctuations of the relevant foreign currency to the currency in which the net asset value is calculated. Hedging transactions, if any, of the ETF may not exclude these risks. Furthermore, it should be noted that the Benchmark may not be denominated in the fund's base currency. If the Benchmark is converted into the ETF currency for determining fees and costs, currency exchange rate fluctuations may have a negative impact on the value of the Fund Units in the ETF.

Conflicts of interest

In the operation of the ETF certain conflicts of interest may arise that can have negative impact on the ETF's performance. For persons involved in the fund management or advisory activities in relation to the ETF conflicts of interest can arise from retrocessions or other inducements. In addition, persons involved in the fund management or advisory activities to the ETF or their employees may provide services such as management, trading or advisory services for third parties at the same time. Although they will usually aim to distribute the investment opportunities equally to their clients, the fund portfolio and portfolios of other clients may differ even if their investment objectives are similar. Any of these persons might be induced to allocate assets first to a portfolio involving the highest fees. Persons providing management, trading or advisory services to the ETF may make recommendations or enter into transactions which are different to those of the ETF or may even compete with the ETF.

Fees on different levels

Fees charged by the ETF may have a significant negative impact on the value of the Fund Units and the net asset value of the ETF. Fees charged in relation to ETF can be incurred on different levels. Usually management fees are incurred at fund level. In addition, expenses and cost may be incurred when the services of third parties are commissioned in connection with the fund administration. With respect to investments made by the ETF, such as investments in other funds or other collective investment vehicles, further charges might be incurred. This may have a negative impact on these investments and, consequently, in the ETF's performance.

Performance fees may be agreed upon on the level of the ETF. Such fee arrangements can create an inducement to invest assets in a more risk oriented or speculative manner than would be the case if no performance fee arrangement existed. Performance fees may even be incurred where the ETF underperforms the Benchmark. Even if the ETF outperforms its Benchmark, performance fees might be triggered even though the overall fund performance is negative (for example where the Benchmark's performance is negative). Consequently performance fees can be incurred on the level of the ETF even if an investment in the Securities results in a loss to the investor.

Limited Supervision

ETFs might not be regulated or may invest in investment vehicles that are not subject to supervision. If unregulated funds become subject to supervision, this may negatively impact the ETFs.

RESPONSIBILITY STATEMENT

UBS AG, having its registered offices at Bahnhofstrasse 45, 8001 Zurich, Switzerland, and Aeschenvorstadt 1, 4051 Basel, Switzerland, as Issuer accepts responsibility for the content of this Prospectus and declares that the information contained in this Prospectus is, to the best of its knowledge, accurate and that no material facts have been omitted.

Where this Prospectus contains information obtained from third parties, such information was reproduced accurately, and to the best knowledge of the Issuer - as far as it is able to ascertain from information provided or published by such third party - no facts have been omitted which would render the reproduced information inaccurate or misleading.

The Issuer is liable for the Summary including any translation thereof contained in this Prospectus, but only if the Summary is misleading, inaccurate or inconsistent when read together with the other parts of the Prospectus.

The Issuer accents that following the date of publication of this Prospectus, events and changes may occur, which render the information contained in this Prospectus incorrect or incomplete. Supplemental information will only be published as required by and in a manner stipulated in section 16 of the German Securities Prospectus Act (*Wertpapierprospektgesetz* - "**WpPG**") and, in the case of a listing of Securities at SIX Swiss Exchange ("**SIX**"), as required by and in a manner stipulated in the rules and regulations of SIX.

DESCRIPTION OF THE SECURITIES

The following description of the Securities includes a description of the entitlement and further features of the Securities, as provided for in the Terms and Conditions of the Securities, and terms and expressions defined in other parts of the Prospectus and not otherwise defined in this "Description of the Securities" shall have the same meanings in this part of the Prospectus.

I. Object of the Prospectus

The object of this Prospectus are UBS Capital Protected Certificates with the International Security Identification Number (as defined in the section "Key Terms and Definitions of the Securities"), issued by UBS AG, acting through its Jersey Branch, in accordance with German law, and issued in the Aggregate Nominal Amount (as defined in the section "Key Terms and Definitions of the Securities").

The Securities are each based on a portfolio of indices and funds (ETFs) (each an "**Underlying**" or, collectively, the "**Underlyings**", where the term "Underlying" shall also refer to all Underlying_{S_(i=1)} to _(i=7)), as described in the sections "Key Terms and Definitions of the Securities" and "Information about the Underlyings".

The Securities expire – provided that the Securities are not terminated or expired early in accordance with the Conditions of the Securities – on the Expiration Date (as defined in the section "Key Terms and Definitions of the Securities").

II. Entitlement under the Securities

With the purchase of each (1) Security, the investor acquires the right, under certain conditions and as provided for in the Conditions of the Securities, to demand from the Issuer the payment of a Settlement Amount in the Redemption Currency depending on the performance of the Underlyings (the "**Redemption Amount**") (the "**Security Right**") all as defined in the section "Key Terms and Definitions of the Securities".

The Settlement Amount is, in any case, equal to the capital protected Minimum Amount.

The Securityholders shall not be entitled to any interim payments. None of the Securities vests a right to payment of fixed or variable interest or dividends and, as such, they **generate no regular income**. Therefore, potential reductions in the value of the Securities cannot be offset by any other income from the Securities.

All payments relating to the Securities are made in the Redemption Currency (as defined in the section "Key Terms and Definitions of the Securities").

III. Dependency on the Underlyings

The following features describe the dependency of the value of the Securities or, as the case may be, of any amount, if any, payable according to the Conditions of the Securities from the Underlyings:

Extent of participation in the performance of the Underlyings

The application of the Participation Factor within the determination of the Security Right results in the Securities being in economic terms similar to a direct investment in the Underlyings, but being nonetheless not fully comparable with such a direct investment, in particular because the Securityholders may not participate in the relevant performance by a 1:1 ratio, but by the proportion of the Participation Factor.

Accordingly the Securityholder participates in a **possible increase in the value** of the Underlyings under proportionally only due to the lower proportion of the Participation Factor or, as the case may be, in a **possible decrease in the value** of the Underlyings over proportionally due to the higher proportion of the Participation Factor.

TERMS AND CONDITIONS OF THE SECURITIES

Wertpapierbedingungen

*Die nachfolgenden Bedingungen der Wertpapiere, bestehend aus den produktspezifischen Besonderen Wertpapierbedingungen und den Allgemeinen Wertpapierbedingungen, sind in Zusammenhang mit und nach Maßgabe der „Ausstattungsmerkmale und Definitionen der Wertpapiere“ (die „**Bedingungen**“) zu lesen.*

Die Bedingungen der Wertpapiere sind gegliedert in

Teil 1: Ausstattungsmerkmale und Definitionen der Wertpapiere

Teil 2: Besondere Wertpapierbedingungen

Teil 3: Allgemeine Wertpapierbedingungen

Terms and Conditions of the Securities

*The following terms and conditions of the Securities, comprising the Special Conditions of the Securities and the General Conditions of the Securities, shall be read in conjunction with, and are subject to, the “Key Terms and Definitions of the Securities” (the “**Conditions**“).*

The Conditions of the Securities are composed of

Part 1: Key Terms and Definitions of the Securities

Part 2: Special Conditions of the Securities

Part 3: General Conditions of the Securities

Wertpapierbedingungen Teil 1: Ausstattungsmerkmale und Definitionen der Wertpapiere /

Terms and Conditions of the Securities Part 1: Key Terms and Definitions of the Securities

Die Wertpapiere weisen folgende Definitionen bzw., vorbehaltlich einer Anpassung in Übereinstimmung mit den Bedingungen der Wertpapiere, folgende Ausstattungsmerkmale, jeweils in alphabetischer Reihenfolge (bezogen auf die deutsche Sprachfassung) dargestellt, auf. Diese Übersicht stellt keine vollständige Beschreibung der Wertpapiere dar, unterliegt den Bedingungen der Wertpapiere, den allgemeinen Emissionsbedingungen sowie allen anderen Abschnitten dieses Prospekts und ist in Verbindung mit diesen zu lesen. Die nachfolgende Verwendung des Symbols „*“ in den Ausstattungsmerkmalen und Definitionen der Wertpapiere gibt an, dass die entsprechende Festlegung von der Berechnungsstelle bzw. der Emittentin getroffen und danach unverzüglich gemäß den jeweiligen rechtlichen Anforderungen der maßgeblichen Rechtsordnung bekannt gemacht wird. /

The Securities use the following definitions and have, subject to an adjustment according to the Conditions of the Securities, the following key terms, both as described below in alphabetical order (in relation to the German language version). The following does not represent a comprehensive description of the Securities, and is subject to and should be read in conjunction with the Conditions of the Securities, the general offering terms of the Securities and all other sections of this Prospectus. The following use of the symbol "" in the Key Terms and Definitions of the Securities indicates that the relevant determination will be made by the Calculation Agent or the Issuer, as the case may be, and will be published without undue delay thereafter in accordance with the applicable legal requirements of the relevant jurisdiction.*

A.

Ausgabepreis / Issue Price:

Der Ausgabepreis entspricht 100 % des Nennbetrags. /

The Issue Price equals 100 % of the Nominal Amount.

Ausgabetag / Issue Date:

Der Ausgabetag bezeichnet den 16. Dezember 2011.

Bei Verkürzung oder Verlängerung der Zeichnungsfrist kann sich der Ausgabetag entsprechend verschieben. /

The Issue Date means 16 December 2011.

In the case of abbreviation or extension of the Subscription Period the Issue Date may be changed accordingly.

Auszahlungswährung / Redemption Currency:

Die Auszahlungswährung entspricht der Schwedischen Krone („SEK“). /

The Redemption Currency means Swedish Krona ("SEK").

B.

Bankgeschäftstag / Banking Day:

Der Bankgeschäftstag steht für jeden Tag, an dem die Banken in Frankfurt am Main, Bundesrepublik Deutschland, in London, Vereinigtes Königreich, in New York City, Vereinigte Staaten von Amerika, und in Stockholm, Schweden, für den Geschäftsverkehr geöffnet sind und das Clearingsystem Wertpapiergeschäfte abwickelt. /

The Banking Day means each day on which the banks in Frankfurt am Main, Federal Republic of Germany, in London, United Kingdom, in New York City, United States of America, and in Stockholm, Sweden, are open for business and the Clearing System settles securities dealings.

Basiswerte / Underlyings:

Der Basiswert_(i=1) entspricht dem OMX Stockholm 30 Total Return Index (Bloomberg: OMXS30GI Index) (der „Index_(i=1)“), wie er von NASDAQ

(der „**Index Sponsor**_(i=1)“) verwaltet, berechnet und veröffentlicht wird,

der Basiswert_(i=2) entspricht dem S&P 500 Net Total Return Index (Bloomberg: SPTR500N Index) (der „**Index**_(i=2)“), wie er von Standard & Poor's (der „**Index Sponsor**_(i=2)“) verwaltet, berechnet und veröffentlicht wird,

der Basiswert_(i=3) entspricht dem EuroSTOXX 50 € NRt Index® (Bloomberg: SX5T Index) (der „**Index**_(i=3)“), wie er von STOXX Limited (der „**Index Sponsor**_(i=3)“) verwaltet, berechnet und veröffentlicht wird,

der Basiswert_(i=4) entspricht dem S&P GSCI TR Index (Bloomberg: SPGSCITR Index), wie er von Standard & Poor's (der „**Index Sponsor**_(i=4)“) verwaltet, berechnet und veröffentlicht wird,

der Basiswert_(i=5) entspricht dem MSCI Daily TR Net Emerging Markets USD (Bloomberg: NDUUEGF Index) (der „**Index**_(i=5)“), wie er von Morgan Stanley Capital International Inc. (der „**Index Sponsor**_(i=5)“) verwaltet, berechnet und veröffentlicht wird,

der Basiswert_(i=6) entspricht dem IBOXX € EZSOV OA TR Index (Bloomberg: QW1A Index) (der „**Index**_(i=6)“), wie er von iBoxx Limited, (der „**Index Sponsor**_(i=6)“) verwaltet, berechnet und veröffentlicht wird, und

der Basiswert_(i=7) entspricht einem börsennotierten Anteil (der „**Fondsanteil**“) an dem iShares Aggregate Bond Fund (Bloomberg: AGG UP Equity) (der „**Investmentfonds**“).

Der Begriff „Basiswert“ bzw. „Index“ und „Index Sponsor“ umfasst sämtliche Basiswerte_(i=1) bis _(i=7) bzw. sämtliche Indizes_(i=1) bis _(i=6) und sämtliche Index Sponsoren_(i=1) bis _(i=6).

In diesem Zusammenhang werden die dem Basiswert_(i=3) zugrunde liegenden Werte bzw. Komponenten jeweils als „**Einzelwert**“ bzw. die „**Einzelwerte**“ bezeichnet.

Für die Zwecke der Berechnung von Beträgen unter den Bedingungen werden die Basiswerte dynamisch in Übereinstimmung mit dem sog. Strukturinvest BAS Allocation Algorithmus (der „**Strukturinvest BAS Allocation Algorithmus**“) neugewichtet. Zur Klarstellung: Der Strukturinvest BAS Allocation Algorithmus basiert auf dem Überschussertrag (*excess return*) jedes Basiswerts_(i) über seine Referenzrate_(i) (wobei dieser Überschussertrag auch als die „**Überschuss-Bezugsobjekt**_(i)“ bezeichnet wird).

Der Strukturinvest BAS Allocation Algorithmus ist weitergehend in dem Abschnitt „Beschreibung der Basiswerte“, der einen Bestandteil der Bedingungen der Wertpapiere bildet, beschrieben. /

*The Underlying_(i=1) equals the OMX Stockholm 30 Total Return Index (Bloomberg: OMXS30GI Index) (the “**Index**_(i=1)“), as maintained, calculated and published by NASDAQ (the “**Index Sponsor**_(i=1)“),*

*the Underlying_(i=2) equals the S&P 500 Net Total Return Index (Bloomberg: SPTR500N Index) (the “**Index**_(i=2)“), as maintained, calculated and published by Standard & Poor's (the “**Index Sponsor**_(i=2)“),*

*the Underlying_(i=3) equals the EuroSTOXX 50 € NRt Index® (Bloomberg: SX5T Index) (the “**Index**_(i=3)“), as maintained, calculated and published*

by STOXX Limited (the "**Index Sponsor**_(i=3)"),

the Underlying_(i=4) equals the S&P GSCI TR Index (Bloomberg: SPGSCITR Index) (the "**Index**_(i=4)"), as maintained, calculated and published by Standard & Poor's (the "**Index Sponsor**_(i=4)"),

the Underlying_(i=5) equals the MSCI Daily TR Net Emerging Markets USD (Bloomberg: NDUUEEGF Index) (the "**Index**_(i=5)"), as maintained, calculated and published by Morgan Stanley Capital International Inc. (the "**Index Sponsor**_(i=5)"),

the Underlying_(i=6) equals the IBOXX € EZSOV OA TR Index (Bloomberg: QW1A Index) (the "**Index**_(i=6)"), as maintained, calculated and published by iBoxx Limited (the "**Index Sponsor**_(i=6)"), and

the Underlying_(i=7) equals an exchange traded fund unit (the "**Fund Unit**") in the iShares Aggregate Bond Fund (Bloomberg: AGG UP Equity) (the "**Investment Fund**").

The term "Underlying" or "Index" and "Index Sponsor", as the case may be, shall also refer to all Underlyings_(i=1) to _(i=7) and to all Indices_(i=1) to _(i=6) and to all Index Sponsors_(i=1) to _(i=6), as the case may be.

In this context, the individual underlying values or components of the Underlying_(i=3) are referred to as a "**Component**" or, as the case may be, the "**Components**".

For the purposes of calculating amounts under the Conditions, the Underlyings are dynamically rebalanced in accordance with the Strukturinvest BAS Allocation Algorithm (the "**Strukturinvest BAS Allocation Algorithm**"). For the avoidance of doubt, the Strukturinvest BAS Allocation Algorithm is based on each Underlying_(i)'s excess return over its respective Rate Index_(i) (such excess return is also referred to as an "**Excess Return Asset**_(i)").

The Strukturinvest BAS Allocation Algorithm is further described in the section "Information about the Underlyings", which forms part of the Conditions of the Securities.

Beginn des öffentlichen Angebots der Wertpapiere / Start of public offer of the Securities:

10. Oktober 2011 in Schweden /

10 October 2011 in Sweden

Beobachtungstag / Observation Date:

Der Beobachtungstag steht für den jeweils 2. Kalendertag eines Kalendermonats, beginnend mit dem 2. Dezember 2015 (einschließlich) (Beobachtungstag_(i=1)) bis zum Verfalltag (einschließlich) (Beobachtungstag_(i=13)).

Der Begriff „Beobachtungstag“ umfasst sämtliche Beobachtungstage_(i=1) bis _(i=13).

Falls einer dieser Tage kein Planmäßiger Handelstag ist, dann gilt der unmittelbar darauf folgende Planmäßiger Handelstag als maßgeblicher Beobachtungstag. /

The Observation Date means each 2nd calendar day of each month from 2nd December 2015 (including) (Observation Date_(i=1)) to the Final

Valuation Date (including) (Observation Date_(i=13)).

The term "Observation Date" shall also refer to all Observation Dates_(i=1) to _(i=13).

If one of these days is not a Scheduled Trading Day, the immediately succeeding Scheduled Trading Day is deemed to be the relevant Observation Date.

Berechnungsstelle / Calculation Agent:

Die Berechnungsstelle bezeichnet UBS Deutschland AG, Bockenheimer Landstraße 2–4, 60306 Frankfurt am Main, Bundesrepublik Deutschland. /

The Calculation Agent means UBS Deutschland AG, Bockenheimer Landstrasse 2-4, 60306 Frankfurt am Main, Federal Republic of Germany.

Bewertungstage / Valuation Dates:

Ein Bewertungstag entspricht jeweils einem Planmäßigen Handelstag, beginnend am Überschuss-Bezugsobjekt-Anfangstag (einschließlich) (wie in § 2 (2) dieser Bedingungen definiert) bis zum Finalen Bewertungstag (einschließlich). /

A Valuation Date means each Scheduled Trading Day, from the Excess Return Asset Initialisation Date (including) (as defined in § 2 (2) of these Conditions) to the Final Valuation Date (including).

Bewertungszeit / Valuation Time:

Die Bewertungszeit entspricht in Bezug auf den Basiswert:

- i=1, 2 und 5, dem Zeitpunkt der offiziellen Bestimmung und Veröffentlichung des Schlusskurses des jeweiligen Basiswerts durch den jeweiligen Index Sponsor, oder falls dieser nicht derart veröffentlicht wird, dem Zeitpunkt des planmäßigen Handelsschlusses an der Maßgeblichen Börse;
- i=3, (i) Zum Zweck der Bestimmung ob eine Marktstörung eingetreten ist: (a) in Bezug auf jeden Einzelwert, der Zeitpunkt des planmäßigen Handelsschlusses an der maßgeblichen Börse oder dem maßgeblichen Handelssystem, an dem dieser Einzelwert hauptsächlich gehandelt wird, und (b) in Bezug auf Options- oder Futurekontrakte bezogen auf den Index, der Handelsschluss an der maßgeblichen Terminbörse; und in allen anderen Fällen, der Zeitpunkt der offiziellen Berechnung und Veröffentlichung des Schlusskurses des Index durch den Index Sponsor;
- i=4, dem Zeitpunkt der offiziellen Berechnung und Veröffentlichung des Schlusskurses des Basiswerts durch den Index Sponsor, oder falls dieser nicht derart veröffentlicht wird, dem Zeitpunkt, zu dem die Preisquelle den Commodity Referenzpreis veröffentlicht;
- i=6, dem Zeitpunkt der offiziellen Berechnung und Veröffentlichung des Schlusskurses des Basiswerts durch den Index Sponsor und
- i=7, dem Zeitpunkt des planmäßigen Handelsschlusses an der Maßgeblichen Börse.

Die Bewertungszeit entspricht in Bezug auf die Referenzrate (SK0001M Index, US0001M Index and EUR001M Index):

-11:00 Uhr Ortszeit London. /

The Valuation Time means in respect of the Underlying:

- *i=1, 2 and 5, the time at which the relevant Index Sponsor calculates and publishes the official closing level of the relevant Index, or if not so published, at the scheduled closing time on the Relevant Exchange;*
- *i=3, (i) For the purposes of determining whether a Market Disruption Event has occurred: (a) in respect of any Component Security, the scheduled closing time on the primary exchange or quotation system on which such Component Security is traded, and (b) in respect of any options contracts or future contracts on the Index, the close of trading on the Related Exchange; and (ii) in all other circumstances, the time at which the official closing level of the Index is calculated and published by the Index Sponsor;*
- *i=4, the time at which the Index Sponsor calculates and publishes the official closing level of the Index, or if not so published, the time at which the price source published the commodity reference price;*
- *i=6, the time at which the Index Sponsor calculates and publishes the official closing level of the Index and*
- *i=7, the scheduled closing time on the Relevant Exchange*

Means in respect to the Reference Rate (SK0001M Index, US0001M Index and EUR001M Index)

-11 am London time

C.

Clearingsystem / Clearing System:

Clearingsystem steht für Euroclear Sweden AB, Regeringsgatan 65, 103 97 Stockholm, Schweden, in seiner Funktion als Zentralverwahrer gemäß dem schwedischen Financial Instruments Accounts Act (Schwed. *lag* (1998:1479) *om kontoföring av finansiella instrument*) oder jeden Nachfolger in dieser Funktion. /

Clearing System means Euroclear Sweden AB, Regeringsgatan 65, S-103 97 Stockholm, Sweden, in its capacity as central securities depository under the Swedish Financial Instruments Accounts Act (Sw. lag (1998:1479) om kontoföring av finansiella instrument) or any successor in this capacity.

CS-Regeln / CA Rules:

CS-Regeln steht für das schwedische Gesetz für Finanzinstrumente (*lag* (1998:1479) *om kontoföring av finansiella instrument*) sowie für die Vorschriften und Verfahren, die auf das Clearingsystem Anwendung finden und/oder von diesem herausgegeben werden. /

CA Rules means the Swedish Financial Instruments Accounts Act (lag (1998:1479) om kontoföring av finansiella instrument) as well as any regulation and operating procedure applicable to and/or issued by the Clearing System.

E.

Emissionsbegleiter / Issuing Agent:

Der Emissionsbegleiter bezeichnet SEB Merchant Banking, Securities Services, S-106 40 Stockholm, Schweden, oder jeden Nachfolger in

dieser Funktion. Solange ein Wertpapier ausstehend ist, wird es zu jeder Zeit einen Emissionsbegleiter geben, der unter den CS-Regeln in Bezug auf die Wertpapiere autorisiert ist. /

The Issuing Agent means SEB Merchant Banking, Securities Services, S-106 40 Stockholm, Sweden, or any successor in this capacity. As long as any Security is outstanding, there will at all times be an Issuing Agent duly authorised as such under the CA Rules with regard to the Securities.

Emittentin / Issuer:

Die Emittentin bezeichnet die UBS AG, Bahnhofstrasse 45, 8001 Zürich, Schweiz, und Aeschenvorstadt 1, 4051 Basel, Schweiz, handelnd durch ihre Niederlassung Jersey, 24 Union Street, Saint Helier, Jersey JE4 8UJ. /

The Issuer means UBS AG, Bahnhofstrasse 45, 8001 Zurich, Switzerland, and Aeschenvorstadt 1, 4051 Basel, Switzerland, acting through its Jersey Branch, 24 Union Street, Saint Helier, Jersey JE4 8UJ.

**F.
Fälligkeitstag / Maturity Date:**

Der Fälligkeitstag entspricht dem zehnten Bankgeschäftstag nach (i) dem Finalen Bewertungstag (und damit voraussichtlich dem 16. Dezember 2016), und (ii) im Fall einer Kündigung bzw. einer Steuer-Kündigung durch die Emittentin nach § 7 a bzw. b der Bedingungen der Wertpapiere nach dem Kündigungstag bzw. nach dem Steuer-Kündigungstag. /

The Maturity Date means the tenth Banking Day after (i) the relevant Final Valuation Date (hence, expected to be 16 December 2016), and (ii) in the case of a Termination or a Termination for Tax Reasons, as the case may be, by the Issuer in accordance with § 7 a or b, as the case may be, of the Conditions of the Securities, after the Termination Date or the Tax Termination Date, as the case may be.

Festlegungstag / Fixing Date:

Der Festlegungstag bezeichnet den 2. Dezember 2011.

Falls dieser Tag kein Planmäßiger Handelstag ist, dann gilt der unmittelbar darauf folgende Planmäßige Handelstag als der Festlegungstag.

Bei Verkürzung oder Verlängerung der Zeichnungsfrist kann sich der Festlegungstag entsprechend verschieben. /

The Fixing Date means 2 December 2011.

If this day is not a Scheduled Trading Day, the immediately succeeding Scheduled Trading Day is deemed to be the Fixing Date.

In the case of abbreviation or extension of the Subscription Period the Fixing Date may be changed accordingly.

Finaler Bewertungstag / Final Valuation Date:

Der Finale Bewertungstag entspricht dem 2. Dezember 2016.

Falls dieser Tag kein Planmäßiger Handelstag ist, dann gilt der unmittelbar darauf folgende Planmäßiger Handelstag als der Finale Bewertungstag. /

The Final Valuation Date means 2 December 2016.

If this day is not a Scheduled Trading Day, the immediately succeeding Scheduled Trading Day is deemed to be the Final Valuation Date.

G.**Gesamtnennbetrag / Aggregate Nominal Amount:**

Der Gesamtnennbetrag entspricht SEK 50.000.000,00 (indikativ).

Der Gesamtnennbetrag wird am Festlegungstag festgelegt.* /

The Aggregate Nominal Amount equals SEK 50,000,000.00 (indicative).

*The Aggregate Nominal Amount will be fixed on the Fixing Date.***

H.**Hauptzahlstelle / Fiscal Agent:**

Die Hauptzahlstelle bezeichnet UBS Limited c/o UBS Deutschland AG, Bockenheimer Landstraße 2-4, 60306 Frankfurt am Main, Bundesrepublik Deutschland. /

The Fiscal Agent means UBS Limited c/o UBS Deutschland AG, Bockenheimer Landstrasse 2-4, 60306 Frankfurt am Main, Federal Republic of Germany.

K.**Kleinste handelbare Einheit / Minimum Trading Size:**

Die Kleinste handelbare Einheit entspricht nominal SEK 10.000,00. /

The Minimum Trading Size equals nominal SEK 10,000.00.

Kurs des Basiswerts / Price of the Underlying:

Der Kurs des Basiswerts entspricht in Bezug auf die Basiswerte_(i=1) bis _(i=7) dem von der Berechnungsstelle zur Bewertungszeit bestimmten Wert des jeweiligen Basiswerts_(i). /

The Price of the Underlying means in relation to the Underlyings_(i=1) to _(i=7) the value of the relevant Underlying_(i) as determined by the Calculation Agent at the Valuation Time.

Kurs der Referenzrate / Price of the Reference Rate:

Der Kurs der Referenzrate_(i) entspricht auf der Maßgeblichen Bildschirmseite_(i) bzw. auf einer diese Seite ersetzenden Seite, veröffentlichten Kurs des jeweiligen Referenzrate_(i).

Sollte die Maßgebliche Bildschirmseite_(i) zu der maßgeblichen Bewertungszeit (§ 2 (2) dieser Bedingungen) nicht zur Verfügung stehen oder wird der Kurs der Referenzrate_(i) nicht angezeigt, entspricht der maßgebliche Kurs wie er auf der entsprechenden Bildschirmseite eines anderen Wirtschaftsinformationsdienstes angezeigt wird. Sollte der Kurs der Referenzrate_(i) nicht mehr in einer der vorgenannten Arten angezeigt werden, ist die Emittentin berechtigt, nach billigem Ermessen als maßgeblichen Kurs einen auf der Basis der dann geltenden Marktusancen ermittelten Kurs der Referenzrate_(i) festzulegen. /

The Price of the Reference Rate_(i) means the price of the Reference Rate_(i) as published on the Relevant Screen Page_(i) or a substitute page thereof.

If the Relevant Screen Page_(i) is not available at the relevant valuation time (§ 2 (2) of these Conditions) or if the Price for the Reference Rate_(i) is not displayed, the relevant price shall be the price as displayed on the corresponding page of another financial information service. If the Price of the Reference Rate_(i) is no longer displayed in one of the above forms, the Issuer is entitled to specify at its reasonable discretion a price calculated on the basis of the standard market practices applicable at that time as the relevant price for the Reference Rate_(i).

M.

Manager / Manager:

Manager bezeichnet UBS Limited, 1 Finsbury Avenue, London EC2M 2PP, Vereinigtes Königreich. /

The Manager means UBS Limited, 1 Finsbury Avenue, London EC2M 2PP, United Kingdom.

Maßgebliche Börse / Relevant Exchange:

Die Maßgebliche Börse_(i=1) in Bezug auf den Basiswert_(i=1) (OMX Stockholm 30 Total Return Index (Bloomberg: OMXS30GI Index)) bezeichnet die SSE-OMX Nordic Exchange Stockholm,

die Maßgebliche Börse_(i=2) in Bezug auf den Basiswert_(i=2) (S&P 500 Net Total Return Index (Bloomberg: SPTR500N Index)) bezeichnet die New York Stock Exchange (NYSE),

die Maßgebliche Börse_(i=3) in Bezug auf den Basiswert_(i=3) (EuroSTOXX 50 € NRt Index® (Bloomberg: SX5T Index) bezeichnet die Börse(n), an (der) (denen) aufgrund der Bestimmung des Index Sponsors_(i=3) die im Index_(i=3) enthaltenen Einzelwerte gehandelt werden,

die Maßgebliche Börse_(i=4) in Bezug auf den Basiswert_(i=4) (S&P GSCI TR Index (Bloomberg: SPGSCITR Index)) bezeichnet: **(nicht anwendbar)**,

die Maßgebliche Börse_(i=5) in Bezug auf den Basiswert_(i=5) (MSCI Daily TR Net Emerging Markets USD (Bloomberg: NDUEEGF Index)) bezeichnet die New York Stock Exchange (NYSE),

die Maßgebliche Börse_(i=6) in Bezug auf den Basiswert_(i=6) (IBOXX € EZSOV OA TR Index (Bloomberg: QW1A Index)) bezeichnet die Deutsche Börse, und

die Maßgebliche Börse_(i=7) in Bezug auf den Basiswert_(i=7) (iShares Aggregate Bond Fund (Bloomberg: AGG UP Equity)) bezeichnet die New York Stock Exchange (NYSE) Arca.

Der Begriff „Maßgebliche Börse“ umfasst sämtliche Maßgebliche Börsen_(i=1) bis _(i=7). /

The Relevant Exchange_(i=1) in relation to the Underlying_(i=1) (OMX Stockholm 30 Total Return Index (Bloomberg: OMXS30GI Index)) means the SSE-OMX Nordic Exchange Stockholm,

the Relevant Exchange_(i=2) in relation to the Underlying_(i=2) (S&P 500 Net Total Return Index (Bloomberg: SPTR500N Index)) means the New York Stock Exchange (NYSE),

the Relevant Exchange_(i=3) in relation to the Underlying_(i=3) (EuroSTOXX 50 € NRT Index® (Bloomberg: SX5T Index)) means the stock exchange(s) on which the Components comprised in the Index_(i=3) are traded, as determined by the Index Sponsor_(i=3),

the Relevant Exchange_(i=4) in relation to the Underlying_(i=4) (S&P GSCI TR Index (Bloomberg: SPGSCITR Index)) means: **(not applicable)**,

the Relevant Exchange_(i=5) in relation to the Underlying_(i=5) (MSCI Daily TR Net Emerging Markets USD (Bloomberg: NDUUEGF Index)) means the New York Stock Exchange (NYSE),

the Relevant Exchange_(i=6) in relation to the Underlying_(i=6) (IBOXX € EZSOV OA TR Index (Bloomberg: QW1A Index)) means the Deutsche Börse, and

the Relevant Exchange_(i=7) in relation to the Underlying_(i=7) (iShares Aggregate Bond Fund (Bloomberg: AGG UP Equity)) means New York Stock Exchange (NYSE) Arca.

The term "Relevant Exchange" shall also refer to all Relevant Exchanges_(i=1) to_(i=7).

**Maßgebliche Terminbörse /
Relevant Futures and Options
Exchange:**

Die Maßgebliche Terminbörse_(i=1) in Bezug auf den Basiswert_(i=1) (OMX Stockholm 30 Total Return Index (Bloomberg: OMXS30GI Index)) bezeichnet diejenige(n) Terminbörse(n), an (der) (denen) der umsatzstärkste Handel in Bezug auf Termin- oder Optionskontrakte auf den Basiswert_(i=1) stattfindet, wie von der Berechnungsstelle bestimmt,

die Maßgebliche Terminbörse_(i=2) in Bezug auf den Basiswert_(i=2) (S&P 500 Net Total Return Index (Bloomberg: SPTR500N Index)) bezeichnet diejenige(n) Terminbörse(n), an (der) (denen) der umsatzstärkste Handel in Bezug auf Termin- oder Optionskontrakte auf den Basiswert_(i=2) stattfindet, wie von der Berechnungsstelle bestimmt,

die Maßgebliche Terminbörse_(i=3) in Bezug auf den Basiswert_(i=3) (EuroSTOXX 50 € NRT Index® (Bloomberg: SX5T Index)) entspricht der EUREX,

die Maßgebliche Terminbörse_(i=4) in Bezug auf den Basiswert_(i=4) (S&P GSCI TR Index (Bloomberg: SPGSCITR Index)) entspricht der Chicago Mercantile Exchange,

die Maßgebliche Terminbörse_(i=5) in Bezug auf den Basiswert_(i=5) (MSCI Daily TR Net Emerging Markets USD (Bloomberg: NDUUEGF Index)) bezeichnet diejenige(n) Terminbörse(n), an (der) (denen) der umsatzstärkste Handel in Bezug auf Termin- oder Optionskontrakte auf den Basiswert_(i=5) stattfindet, wie von der Berechnungsstelle bestimmt,

die Maßgebliche Terminbörse_(i=6) in Bezug auf den Basiswert_(i=6) (IBOXX € EZSOV OA TR Index (Bloomberg: QW1A Index)) bezeichnet diejenige(n) Terminbörse(n), an (der) (denen) der umsatzstärkste Handel in Bezug auf Termin- oder Optionskontrakte auf den Basiswert_(i=6) stattfindet, wie von der Berechnungsstelle bestimmt, und

die Maßgebliche Terminbörse_(i=7) in Bezug auf den Basiswert_(i=7) (iShares Aggregate Bond Fund (Bloomberg: AGG UP Equity)) bezeichnet diejenige(n) Terminbörse(n), an (der) (denen) der umsatzstärkste Handel in Bezug auf Termin- oder Optionskontrakte auf den Basiswert_(i=7) stattfindet, wie von der Berechnungsstelle bestimmt.

Der Begriff „Maßgebliche Terminbörse“ umfasst sämtliche Terminbörsen_(i=1) bis _(i=7). /

The Relevant Futures and Options Exchange_(i=1) in relation to the Underlying_(i=1) (OMX Stockholm 30 Total Return Index (Bloomberg: OMXS30GI Index)) means the futures and options exchange(s), on which futures and option contracts on the Underlying_(i=1) are primarily traded, as determined by the Calculation Agent,

the Relevant Futures and Options Exchange_(i=2) in relation to the Underlying_(i=2) (S&P 500 Net Total Return Index (Bloomberg: SPTR500N Index)) means the futures and options exchange(s), on which futures and option contracts on the Underlying_(i=2) are primarily traded, as determined by the Calculation Agent,

the Relevant Futures and Options Exchange_(i=3) in relation to the Underlying_(i=3) (EuroSTOXX 50 € NRt Index® (Bloomberg: SX5T Index)) means EUREX,

the Relevant Futures and Options Exchange_(i=4) in relation to the Underlying_(i=4) (S&P GSCI TR Index (Bloomberg: SPGSCITR Index)) means Chicago Mercantile Exchange,

the Relevant Futures and Options Exchange_(i=5) in relation to the Underlying_(i=5) (MSCI Daily TR Net Emerging Markets USD (Bloomberg: NDUUEEGF Index)) means the futures and options exchange(s), on which futures and option contracts on the Underlying_(i=5) are primarily traded, as determined by the Calculation Agent,

the Relevant Futures and Options Exchange_(i=6) in relation to the Underlying_(i=6) (IBOXX € EZSOV OA TR Index (Bloomberg: QW1A Index)) means the futures and options exchange(s), on which futures and option contracts on the Underlying_(i=6) are primarily traded, as determined by the Calculation Agent, and

the Relevant Futures and Options Exchange_(i=7) in relation to the Underlying_(i=6) (iShares Aggregate Bond Fund (Bloomberg: AGG UP Equity)) means the futures and options exchange(s), on which futures and option contracts on the Underlying_(i=7) are primarily traded, as determined by the Calculation Agent.

The term “Relevant Futures and Options Exchange” shall also refer to all Relevant Futures and Options Exchanges_(i=1) to _(i=7).

Mindestbetrag / *Minimum Amount:*

Der Mindestbetrag entspricht dem Nennbetrag. /

The Minimum Amount equals the Nominal Amount.

**N.
Nennbetrag (Stückelung) /
*Nominal Amount (Denomination):***

Der Nennbetrag (Stückelung) je Wertpapier entspricht SEK 10.000,00. /

The Nominal Amount (Denomination) per Security equals SEK 10,000.00.

P.
Partizipationsfaktor / Participation Factor:

Der Partizipationsfaktor entspricht 100 % (indikativ). Der Partizipationsfaktor wird am Festlegungstag festgelegt.* /

*The Participation Factor equals 100 % (indicative). The Participation Factor will be fixed on the Fixing Date.***

Planmäßiger Handelstag / Scheduled Trading Day:

- / Der Planmäßige Handelstag entspricht jedem Tag, an dem
- die Index Sponsoren in Bezug auf die Basiswerte_(i=1) bis _(i=6) den jeweiligen Kurs des Basiswerts_(i=1) bis _(i=6) bestimmen, berechnen und veröffentlichen, und
 - die Maßgebliche Börse in Bezug auf den Basiswert_(i=7) planmäßig für den regulären Handel geöffnet ist, und
 - an dem die Banken in London, Vereinigtes Königreich, für den Geschäftsverkehr geöffnet sind. /

The Scheduled Trading Day means any day

- *on which the Index Sponsors in relation to the Underlyings_(i=1) to _(i=6) determine, calculate and publish the relevant Price of the Underlying_(i=1) to _(i=6), and*
- *on which the Relevant Exchange in relation to Underlying_(i=7) is scheduled to be open for its regular trading sessions, and*
- *on which the banks in London, United Kingdom, are open for business.*

R.
Referenzrate / Reference Rate:

Der Referenzrate_(i=1) des Basiswerts_(i=1) (OMX Stockholm 30 Total Return Index (Bloomberg: OMXS30GI Index)) entspricht der „BBA Libor SEK 1 month Rate“, wie auf der Bildschirmseite „Bloomberg: SK0001M Index“ oder einer Nachfolgerseite (die „**Maßgebliche Bildschirmseite**_(i=1)“) veröffentlicht,

der Referenzrate_(i=2) des Basiswerts_(i=2) (S&P 500 Net Total Return Index (Bloomberg: SPTR500N Index)) entspricht der „BBA Libor USD 1 month Rate“, wie auf der Bildschirmseite „Bloomberg: US0001M Index“ oder einer Nachfolgerseite (die „**Maßgebliche Bildschirmseite**_(i=2)“) veröffentlicht,

der Referenzrate_(i=3) des Basiswerts_(i=3) (EuroSTOXX 50 € NRT Index® (Bloomberg: SX5T Index)) entspricht der „1 Month Euro Interbank Offered Rate“, wie auf der Bildschirmseite „Bloomberg: EUR001M Index“ oder einer Nachfolgerseite (die „**Maßgebliche Bildschirmseite**_(i=3)“) veröffentlicht,

der Referenzrate_(i=4) des Basiswerts_(i=4) (S&P GSCI TR Index (Bloomberg: SPGSCITR Index)) entspricht der „BBA Libor USD 1 month Rate“, wie auf der Bildschirmseite „Bloomberg: US0001M Index“ oder einer Nachfolgerseite (die „**Maßgebliche Bildschirmseite**_(i=4)“) veröffentlicht,

der Referenzrate_(i=5) des Basiswerts_(i=5) (MSCI Daily TR Net Emerging Markets USD (Bloomberg: NDUEEGF Index)) entspricht der „BBA Libor USD 1 month Rate“, wie auf der Bildschirmseite „Bloomberg: US0001M Index“ oder einer Nachfolgerseite (die „**Maßgebliche Bildschirmseite**_(i=5)“) veröffentlicht,

der Referenzrate_(i=6) des Basiswerts_(i=6) (IBOXX € EZSOV OA TR Index (Bloomberg: QW1A Index)) entspricht der „1 Month Euro Interbank Offered Rate“ wie auf der Bildschirmseite „Bloomberg: EUR001M Index“ oder einer Nachfolgerseite (die „**Maßgebliche**“

Bildschirmseite_(i=6)) veröffentlicht, und

der Referenzrate_(i=7) des Basiswerts_(i=7) (iShares Aggregate Bond Fund (Bloomberg: AGG UP Equity)) entspricht der „BBA Libor USD 1 month Rate“, wie auf der Bildschirmseite „Bloomberg: US0001M Index“ oder einer Nachfolgerseite (die „**Maßgebliche Bildschirmseite_(i=7)**“) veröffentlicht.

Der Begriff „Referenzrate“ bzw. „Maßgebliche Bildschirmseite“ umfasst sämtliche Referenzindizes_(i=1) bis _(i=7) bzw. sämtliche Maßgeblichen Bildschirmseiten_(i=1) bis _(i=7). /

*The Reference Rate_(i=1) in relation to the Underlying_(i=1) (OMX Stockholm 30 Total Return Index (Bloomberg: OMXS30GI Index)) means the “BBA Libor SEK 1 month Rate”, as published on “Bloomberg: SK0001M Index” or any successor page thereto (the “**Relevant Screen Page_(i=1)**”),*

*the Reference Rate_(i=2) in relation to the Underlying_(i=2) (S&P 500 Net Total Return Index (Bloomberg: SPTR500N Index)) means the “BBA Libor USD 1 month Rate”, as published on “Bloomberg: US0001M Index” or any successor page thereto (the “**Relevant Screen Page_(i=2)**”),*

*the Reference Rate_(i=3) in relation to the Underlying_(i=3) (EuroSTOXX 50 € NRT Index® (Bloomberg: SX5T Index)) means the “1 Month Euro Interbank Offered Rate”, as published on “Bloomberg: EUR001M Index” or any successor page thereto (the “**Relevant Screen Page_(i=3)**”),*

*the Reference Rate_(i=4) in relation to the Underlying_(i=4) (S&P GSCI TR Index (Bloomberg: SPGSCITR Index)) means the “BBA Libor USD 1 month Rate”, as published on “Bloomberg: US0001M Index” or any successor page thereto (the “**Relevant Screen Page_(i=4)**”),*

*the Reference Rate_(i=5) in relation to the Underlying_(i=5) (MSCI Daily TR Net Emerging Markets USD (Bloomberg: NDUUEGF Index)) means the “BBA Libor USD 1 month Rate”, as published on “Bloomberg: US0001M Index” or any successor page thereto (the “**Relevant Screen Page_(i=5)**”),*

*the Reference Rate_(i=6) in relation to the Underlying_(i=6) (IBOXX € EZSOV OA TR Index (Bloomberg: QW1A Index)) means the “1 Month Euro Interbank Offered Rate”, as published on “Bloomberg: EUR001M Index” or any successor page thereto (the “**Relevant Screen Page_(i=6)**”), and*

*the Reference Rate_(i=7) in relation to the Underlying_(i=6) (iShares Aggregate Bond Fund (Bloomberg: AGG UP Equity)) means the “BBA Libor USD 1 month Rate”, as published on “Bloomberg: US0001M Index” or any successor page thereto (the “**Relevant Screen Page_(i=7)**”).*

The term “Reference Rate” or “Relevant Screen Page” shall also refer to all Reference Rate_(i=1) to _(i=7) or, as the case may be, all Relevant Screen Pages_(i=1) to _(i=7).

**U.
Übernahme- und/oder
Platzierungsprovision / Under-
writing and/or placing fee:**

Keine /

None

V. Verfalltag / Expiration Date:	<p>Der Verfalltag entspricht dem Finalen Bewertungstag. /</p> <p><i>The Expiration Date means the Final Valuation Date.</i></p>
W. Wertpapiere / Securities:	<p>Wertpapiere (jeweils auch ein „Zertifikat“ oder die „Zertifikate“), bezeichnet die von der Emittentin im Umfang des Gesamtnennbetrags und in der Stückelung des Nennbetrags begebenen UBS Capital Protected Zertifikate.</p> <p>Die Wertpapiere werden als nicht verurkundete und dematerialisierte, zur Registrierung in Form von Bucheinträgen bei dem Clearingsystem vorgesehene Rechte ausgegeben; die Ausstellung effektiver Wertpapiere ist ausgeschlossen. /</p> <p><i>Securities (also a “Certificate” or the “Certificates”) means the UBS Capital Protected Certificates issued by the Issuer in the Aggregate Nominal Amount and with the denomination of the Nominal Amount.</i></p> <p><i>The Securities are being issued in uncertificated and dematerialised form to be registered in book-entry form at the Clearing System and will not be represented by definitive securities.</i></p>
Wertpapier-Börse / Security Exchange:	<p>Wertpapier-Börse bezeichnet die Nordic Derivatives Exchange (NDX). /</p> <p><i>Security Exchange means Nordic Derivatives Exchange (NDX).</i></p>
Wertpapier-Kenn-Nummern / Security Identification Codes:	<p>ISIN: SE0004242105, WKN: UU0YZ0 , Valor: 13967032 /</p> <p><i>ISIN: SE0004242105 , WKN: UU0YZ0 , Valor: 13967032</i></p>
Z. Zahlstelle / Paying Agent:	<p>Die Zahlstelle bezeichnet die UBS Limited c/o UBS Deutschland AG, Bockenheimer Landstraße 2–4, 60306 Frankfurt am Main, Bundesrepublik Deutschland, und Skandinaviska Enskilda Banken, Stockholm (SEB), Rissneleden 110, S-106 40 Stockholm, Schweden. Der Begriff „Zahlstelle“ umfasst sämtliche Zahlstellen, einschließlich der Hauptzahlstelle. /</p> <p><i>The Paying Agent means UBS Limited c/o UBS Deutschland AG, Bockenheimer Landstrasse 2–4, 60306 Frankfurt am Main, Federal Republic of Germany, and Skandinaviska Enskilda Banken, Stockholm (SEB), Rissneleden 100, S-106 40 Stockholm, Sweden. The term “Paying Agent” shall also refer to all Paying Agents including the Fiscal Agent.</i></p>
Zahltag bei Ausgabe / Initial Payment Date:	<p>Der Zahltag bei Ausgabe bezeichnet den 16. Dezember 2011.</p> <p>Bei Verkürzung oder Verlängerung der Zeichnungsfrist kann sich der Zahltag bei Ausgabe entsprechend verschieben. /</p> <p><i>The Initial Payment Date means 16 December 2011.</i></p> <p><i>In the case of abbreviation or extension of the Subscription Period the Initial Payment Date may be changed accordingly.</i></p>

**Zeichnungsfrist / Subscription
Period:**

10. Oktober 2011 bis 18. November 2011 (17:30 Uhr Ortszeit Stockholm).

Die Emittentin behält sich vor, die Zeichnungsfrist bei entsprechender Marktlage zu verkürzen oder zu verlängern. /

10 October 2011 until 18 November 2011 (17:30 hrs local time Stockholm).

The Issuer reserves the right to earlier close or to extend the Subscription Period if market conditions so require.

Wertpapierbedingungen Teil 2: Besondere Wertpapierbedingungen

Terms and Conditions of the Securities Part 2: Special Conditions of the Securities

§ 1 Wertpapierrecht

- (1) Die Emittentin gewährt hiermit dem Wertpapiergläubiger (§ 4 (3)) von je einem (1) Wertpapier bezogen auf den Kurs der Basiswerte nach Maßgabe dieser Bedingungen das Recht (das „**Wertpapierrecht**“), den Abrechnungsbetrag (§ 1 (2)), auf zwei Dezimalstellen kaufmännisch gerundet, zu erhalten (der „**Auszahlungsbetrag**“).
Für die Zwecke der Berechnung von Beträgen unter diesen Bedingungen werden die Basiswerte dynamisch in Übereinstimmung mit dem sog. Strukturinvest BASAllocation Algorithmus neugewichtet. **Zur Klarstellung:** Der Strukturinvest BAS Allocation Algorithmus basiert auf dem Überschussertrag (excess return) jedes Basiswerts_(i) über seine Referenzrate_(i) (wobei dieser Überschussertrag auch als das „**Überschuss-Bezugsobjekt_(i)**“ bezeichnet wird).
- (2) Der „**Abrechnungsbetrag**“ wird in Übereinstimmung mit folgender Formel berechnet:

$$NB + NB \times \text{PFaktor} \times \text{Max} \left\{ 0\%, \frac{\text{PNAV}_{(\text{Final,AVG})}}{\text{PNAV}_{(\text{Anfang})}} - 100\% \right\}$$

wobei

„**NB**“ den Nennbetrag je Wertpapier bezeichnet,

„**PFaktor**“ den Partizipationsfaktor bezeichnet,
„**PNAV_(Final AVG)**“ den arithmetischen Durchschnitt des Portfolio-Nettowerts (wie in § 2 (1) dieser Bedingungen definiert) an den Beobachtungstagen bezeichnet, und

„**PNAV_(Anfang)**“ den Portfolio-Nettowert am Festlegungstag bezeichnet.

Dabei entspricht der Abrechnungsbetrag mindestens dem kapitalgeschützten Mindestbetrag.

- (3) Sämtliche im Zusammenhang mit dem Wertpapierrecht vorzunehmenden Festlegungen und Berechnungen, insbesondere die Berechnung des Auszahlungsbetrags, erfolgen durch die Berechnungsstelle (§ 9). Die insoweit von der Berechnungsstelle getroffenen Festlegungen und Berechnungen sind, außer in Fällen offensichtlichen Irrtums, abschließend und für alle Beteiligten bindend.

§ 2 Portfolio-Nettowert

- (1) Der Wert des Portfolios aus den Basiswerten_(i=1) bis _(i=7) (das „**Portfolio**“) an einem

§ 1 Security Right

- (1) The Issuer hereby warrants to the Securityholder (§ 4 (3)) of each (1) Security relating to the Price of the Underlyings in accordance with these Conditions that such Securityholder shall have the right (the „**Security Right**“) to receive the Settlement Amount (§ 1 (2)) commercially rounded to two decimal places (the „**Redemption Amount**“).
For the purposes of calculating amounts under these Conditions, the Underlyings are dynamically rebalanced in accordance with the Strukturinvest BAS Allocation Algorithm. **For the avoidance of doubt,** the Strukturinvest BAS Allocation Algorithm is based on each Underlying_(i)'s excess return over its respective Rate Index_(i) (such excess return is also referred to as an „**Excess Return Asset_(i)**“).
- (2) The „**Settlement Amount**“ is calculated in accordance with the following formula:

$$NA + NA \times \text{PFaktor} \times \text{Max} \left\{ 0\%, \frac{\text{PNAV}_{(\text{Final,AVG})}}{\text{PNAV}_{(\text{Initial})}} - 100\% \right\}$$

where

„**NA**“ means the Nominal Amount per Security,

„**PFaktor**“ means the Participation Factor,
„**PNAV_(Final AVG)**“ means the arithmetic average of the Portfolio Net Asset Value (as defined in § 2 (1) of these Conditions) as at the Observation Dates, and

„**PNAV_(Initial)**“ means the Portfolio Net Asset Value_(i) as at the Fixing Date.

The Settlement Amount is, in any case, equal to the capital protected Minimum Amount.

- (3) Any determination and calculation in connection with the Security Right, in particular the calculation of the Redemption Amount, will be made by the Calculation Agent (§ 9). Determinations and calculations made in this respect by the Calculation Agent are final and binding for all parties except in the event of manifest error.

§ 2 Portfolio Net Asset Value

- (1) The value of the portfolio of the Underlying_(i=1) to _(i=7) (the „**Portfolio**“) as at any Valuation

Bewertungstag_(t) (der „**Portfolio-Nettowerkt_(t)**“ bzw. „**PNAV_(t)**“) entspricht dem Wert einer hypothetischen Investition in das Portfolio, wobei die Gewichtungen der Basiswerte auf Grundlage des Strukturinvest BAS Allocation Algorithmus neu ausgerichtet werden.

Das Portfolio ist ein hypothetisches Portfolio, das für die Zweck der Wertpapiere erstellt worden ist, und die Wertpapiergläubiger haben keine Rechte oder Ansprüche in Bezug auf das Portfolio.

Am 27. April 2011 (der „**Portfolio-Anfangstag**“) entspricht PNAV_(t) 100.0000. An jedem nachfolgenden Bewertungstag wird der Portfolio-Nettowerkt_(t) zu dem Bewertungstag_(t) von der Berechnungsstelle in Übereinstimmung mit folgender Formel berechnet:

$$PNAV_{(T)} \times \left[1 + \sum_{i=1}^7 \left(Exposure_{(i,T)} \times \left(\frac{U_{(i,t)}}{U_{(i,T)}} - 1 \right) \right) \right]$$

Dabei gilt:

„**PNAV_(T)**“ bezeichnet den Portfolio-Nettowerkt an dem unmittelbar vorangehenden Gewichtungstag_(T).

„**Exposure_(i,T)**“ bezeichnet die Gewichtung des Überschuss-Bezugsobjekts_(i) an dem unmittelbar vorangehenden Gewichtungstag_(T). Das Exposure jedes Überschuss-Bezugsobjekts_(i) wird in Übereinstimmung mit § 2 (3) dieser Bedingungen dynamisch gewichtet.

„**U_(i,t)**“ bezeichnet den Wert des Überschuss-Bezugsobjekts_(i) (wie in § 2 (2) dieser Bedingungen definiert) an dem Bewertungstag_(t).

„**U_(i,T)**“ bezeichnet den Wert des Überschuss-Bezugsobjekts_(i) an dem unmittelbar vorangehenden Gewichtungstag_(T).

„**Gewichtungstag_(T)**“ bezeichnet den letzten Bewertungstag eines Kalendermonats, beginnend (und einschließlich) am Portfolio-Anfangstag bis zum (aber ausschließlic) Finalen Bewertungstag.

- (2) Am 17. März 2011 (der „**Überschuss-Bezugsobjekt-Anfangstag**“) entspricht der Wert des Überschuss-Bezugsobjekts_(i) 100.0000. An jedem nachfolgenden Bewertungstag_(t) wird der Wert des Überschuss-Bezugsobjekts_(i) zu dem Bewertungstag_(t) (der „**Wert des Überschuss-Bezugsobjekts_(i)**“ bzw. „**U_(i,t)**“) von der Berechnungsstelle in Übereinstimmung mit folgender Formel berechnet:

$$U_{(i,t-1)} \times \left[\frac{P_{(i,t)}}{P_{(i,t-1)} - Div_{(i)}} - Re\ f.Rate_{(i,t-1)} \times \frac{n}{360} \right]$$

Dabei gilt:

„**U_(i,t-1)**“ bezeichnet den Wert des Überschuss-Bezugsobjekts_(i) an dem dem Bewertungstag_(t)

Date_(t) (the „**Portfolio Net Asset Value_(t)**“ or, as the case may be, „**PNAV_(t)**“) equals the value of a notional investment in the Portfolio, where weights to the Underlyings are reallocated based on the Strukturinvest BAS Allocation Algorithm.

The Portfolio is a notional portfolio for the purpose of the Securities, and the Securityholder do not hold any rights or titles in such Portfolio.

On 27 April 2011 (the „**Portfolio Initialisation Date**“), PNAV_(t) shall be equal to 100.0000. On any Valuation Date_(t) thereafter, the Portfolio Net Asset Value_(t) as of such Valuation Date_(t) is calculated by the Calculation Agent in accordance with the following formula:

$$PNAV_{(T)} \times \left[1 + \sum_{i=1}^7 \left(Exposure_{(i,T)} \times \left(\frac{U_{(i,t)}}{U_{(i,T)}} - 1 \right) \right) \right]$$

Whereby

„**PNAV_(T)**“ means the Portfolio Net Asset Value on the immediately preceding Rebalancing Date_(T).

„**Exposure_(i,T)**“ means the weight of the Excess Return Asset_(i) on the immediately preceding Rebalancing Date_(T). The Exposure of each Excess Return Asset_(i) is dynamically rebalanced in accordance with § 2 (3) of these Conditions.

„**U_(i,t)**“ means the Value of Excess Return Asset_(i) (as defined in § 2 (2) of these Conditions) as at the Valuation Date_(t).

„**U_(i,T)**“ means the Value of Excess Return Asset_(i) as of the immediately preceding Rebalancing Date_(T).

„**Rebalancing Date_(T)**“ means the last Valuation Date of each calendar month from (and including) the Portfolio Initialisation Date to (but excluding) the Final Valuation Date.

- (2) On 17 March 2011 (the „**Excess Return Asset Initialisation Date**“), the value for the Excess Return Asset_(i) will be equal to 100.0000. On any Valuation Date_(t) thereafter, the value of the Excess Return Asset_(i) as of such Valuation Date_(t) (the „**Value of the Excess Return Asset_(i)**“ or, as the case may be, „**U_(i,t)**“) is calculated by the Calculation Agent in accordance with the following formula:

$$U_{(i,t-1)} \times \left[\frac{P_{(i,t)}}{P_{(i,t-1)} - Div_{(i)}} - Re\ f.Rate_{(i,t-1)} \times \frac{n}{360} \right]$$

Whereby

„**U_(i,t-1)**“ means the Value of the Excess Return Asset_(i) as of the Valuation Date immediately

unmittelbar vorangehenden Bewertungstag.

„**P_(i,t)**“ bezeichnet den Kurs des Basiswerts_(i) an dem Bewertungstag_(t).

„**P_(i,t-1)**“ bezeichnet den Kurs des Basiswerts_(i) an dem dem Bewertungstag_(t) unmittelbar vorangehenden Bewertungstag.

„**Ref.Rate_(i,t-1)**“ bezeichnet den Kurs der Referenzrate_(i) in Bezug auf den Basiswert_(i) um 11 Uhr (GMT) an dem dem Bewertungstag_(t) unmittelbar vorangehenden Bewertungstag.

„**n**“ bezeichnet die Anzahl von Kalendertagen zwischen dem dem Bewertungstag_(t) unmittelbar vorangehenden Bewertungstag (ausschließlich) und dem Bewertungstag_(t) (einschließlich).

„**Div_(i)**“ bezeichnet (i) in Bezug auf den Basiswert_(i=7) jede Ausschüttung bzw. Dividende an dem Bewertungstag_(t) abzüglich Steuern, die im Zusammenhang mit dem Basiswert_(i=7) zu zahlen wären (Zur Klarstellung: Div_(i) entspricht zu jedem Bewertungstag_(t), der kein *ex-dividende* Tag (also dem ersten Tag, an dem der Basiswert_(i=7) ohne Dividenden (*ex-dividende*) gehandelt wird) ist, „0“, und (ii) in Bezug auf die Basiswerte _(i=1) bis _(i=6) „0“.

- (3) Die Exposure jedes Überschuss-Bezugsobjekts_(i) wird dynamisch an jedem Gewichtungstag_(T) (die „**Exposure_(i,T)**“) wie folgt neu gewichtet:
- a) Falls

Gesamt-Exposure_(T) < Gesamt-Exposure Begrenzung

dann entspricht Exposure_(i,T) der Exposure des Überschuss-Bezugsobjekts_(i).
dabei gilt:

„**Gesamt-Exposure_(T)**“ wird von der Berechnungsstelle in Übereinstimmung mit folgender Formel berechnet:

$$\sum_{i=1}^7 \text{Exposure des Überschuss-Bezugsobjekts}_{(i,T)}$$

„**Gesamt-Exposure Begrenzung**“

entspricht 100 %.

„**Exposure des Überschuss-Bezugsobjekts_(i,T)**“ wird von der Berechnungsstelle in Übereinstimmung mit folgender Formel berechnet:

$$\text{Min} \left(\frac{\text{Risiko Budget}_{(i,T)}}{\text{Realisierte Volatilität}_{(i,T)}}, \text{Max Exposure}_{(i)} \right)$$

wobei

„**Realisierte Volatilität_(i,T)**“ die in der Definition in § 2 (4) dieser Bedingungen zugewiesene Bedeutung hat,

„**Risiko Budget_(i,T)**“ die in der Definition in § 2 (5) dieser Bedingungen zugewiesene Bedeutung hat, und

„**Max Exposure_(i)**“ in Bezug auf jedes

preceding Valuation Date_(t).

„**P_(i,t)**“ means the Price of the Underlying_(i) on Valuation Date_(t).

„**P_(i,t-1)**“ means the Price of the Underlying_(i) as of the Valuation Date immediately preceding Valuation Date_(t).

„**Ref.Rate_(i,t-1)**“ means the Price of the Reference Rate_(i) in respect to the Underlying_(i) at 11 am (GMT) as of the Valuation Date immediately preceding Valuation Date_(t).

„**n**“ means the number of calendar days from and excluding the Valuation Date immediately preceding Valuation Date_(t) to and including Valuation Date_(t).

„**Div_(i)**“ means (i) in relation to the Underlying_(i=7) any dividends net of tax that would have been paid on the Underlying_(i=7) on such Valuation Date_(t) (for the avoidance of doubt, Div_(i) will be equal to “0” on any Valuation Date_(t) which is not an *ex-dividend* date (being the first date on which the Underlying_(i=7) is traded *ex dividend*)) and (ii) in relation to the Underlyings_(i=1) to _(i=6) “Div_(i)” is equal to “0”.

- (3) The exposure of each Excess Return Asset_(i) is dynamically rebalanced on each Rebalancing Date_(T) (the „**Exposure_(i,T)**“) as follows:
- a) If

Total Exposure_(T) < Total Exposure Cap

then Exposure_(i,T) is equal to the Excess Return Asset Exposure_(i,T).

Whereby

„**Total Exposure_(T)**“ is calculated by the Calculation Agent in accordance with the following formula:

$$\sum_{i=1}^7 \text{Excess Return Asset Exposure}_{(i,T)}$$

„**Total Exposure Cap**“ means 100 %.

„**Excess Return Asset Exposure_(i,T)**“ is calculated by the Calculation Agent in accordance with the following formula:

$$\text{Min} \left(\frac{\text{Risk Budget}_{(i,T)}}{\text{Realised Volatility}_{(i,T)}}, \text{Max Exposure}_{(i)} \right)$$

with

„**Realised Volatility_(i,T)**“ is as defined in § 2 (4) of these Conditions,

„**Risk Budget_(i,T)**“ is as defined in § 2 (5) of these Conditions, and

„**Max Exposure_(i)**“ in relation to each

Überschuss-Bezugsobjekts_(i) 30 %
entspricht

- b) andernfalls wird Exposure_(i,T) von der Berechnungsstelle in Übereinstimmung mit folgender Formel berechnet:

$$\text{Gesamt - Exposure Begrenzung} \times \frac{\text{Exposure des Überschuss -Bezugsobjekts}_{(i,T)}}{\text{Gesamt - Exposure}_{(T)}}$$

- (4) Die „**Realisierte Volatilität**_(i,T)“ wird von der Berechnungsstelle in Übereinstimmung mit folgender Formel berechnet:

$$\sqrt{\frac{252}{19} \times \sum_{j=2}^{20} \left[\ln \left(\frac{U_{(i,T-j)}}{U_{(i,T-j-1)}} \right)^2 \right]}$$

Dabei gilt:

„**U**_(i,T-j)“ bezeichnet den Wert des Überschuss-Bezugsobjekts_(i) an dem Bewertungstag, der „j“ Bewertungstage unmittelbar vor dem Gewichtungstag_(T) liegt.

„**U**_(i,T-j-1)“ bezeichnet den Wert des Überschuss-Bezugsobjekts_(i) an dem Bewertungstag, der „j+1“ Bewertungstage unmittelbar vor dem Gewichtungstag_(T) liegt.

- (5) Das Risiko Budget jedes Überschuss-Bezugsobjekts_(i) an einem Gewichtungstag_(T) (das „**Risiko Budget**_(i,T)“) wird von der Berechnungsstelle wie folgt bestimmt:
a) Falls

$$\sum_{i=1}^7 \text{Trend}_{(i,T)} > 0$$

dann wird das Risiko Budget_(i,T) von der Berechnungsstelle in Übereinstimmung mit folgender Formel berechnet:

$$\text{Risiko Budget}_{i,T} = \frac{\text{Trend}_{(i,T)} \times \text{Gesamt - Risiko Budget}}{\sum_{i=1}^7 \text{Trend}_{(i,T)}}$$

wobei das „**Gesamt-Risiko Budget**“ 15 % entspricht.

- b) andernfalls entspricht Risiko Budget_(i,T) „0“.
(6) Der Trend eines Überschuss-Bezugsobjekts_(i) of each Excess Return Asset_(i) an einem Gewichtungstag_(T) (der „**Trend**_(i, T)“) wird von der Berechnungsstelle wie folgt bestimmt:
a) Falls

$$U_{(i,T-2)} > \frac{\sum_{j=2}^{251} U_{(i,T-j)}}{250}$$

dann entspricht Trend_(i, T) „1“;

- b) andernfalls entspricht Trend_(i, T) „0“.
Dabei gilt:

Excess Return Asset_(i) means 30 %.

- b) otherwise, Exposure_(i,T) is calculated by the Calculation Agent in accordance with the following formula:

$$\text{Total Exposure Cap} \times \frac{\text{Excess Return Asset Exposure}_{(i,T)}}{\text{Total Exposure}_{(T)}}$$

- (4) The „**Realised Vol**_(i,T)“ is calculated by the Calculation Agent in accordance with the following formula:

$$\sqrt{\frac{252}{19} \times \sum_{j=2}^{20} \left[\ln \left(\frac{U_{(i,T-j)}}{U_{(i,T-j-1)}} \right)^2 \right]}$$

Whereby

„**U**_(i,T-j)“ means the Value of the Excess Return Asset_(i) as of the Valuation Date which is “j” Valuation Dates immediately preceding the Rebalancing Date_(T).

„**U**_(i,T-j-1)“ means the Value of the Excess Return Asset_(i) as of the Valuation Date which is “j+1” Valuation Dates immediately preceding the Rebalancing Date_(T).

- (5) The risk budget of each Excess Return Asset_(i) on a Rebalancing Date_(T) (the „**Risk Budget**_(i,T)“) is determined by the Calculation Agent as follows:
a) If

$$\sum_{i=1}^7 \text{Trend}_{(i,T)} > 0$$

then Risk Budget_(i,T) is calculated by the Calculation Agent in accordance with the following formula:

$$\text{Risk Budget}_{i,T} = \frac{\text{Trend}_{(i,T)} \times \text{Total Risk Budget}}{\sum_{i=1}^7 \text{Trend}_{(i,T)}}$$

where the „**Total Risk Budget**“ means 15 %.

- b) otherwise Risk Budget_(i,T) is equal to “0”.
(6) Trend of each Excess Return Asset_(i) on Rebalancing Date_(T) („**Trend**_(i, T)“) is determined by the Calculation Agent as follows:
a) If

$$U_{(i,T-2)} > \frac{\sum_{j=2}^{251} U_{(i,T-j)}}{250}$$

then Trend_(i, T) is equal to “1”;

- b) otherwise Trend_(i, T) is equal to “0”.
Whereby

„ $U_{(i,T-j)}$ “ bezeichnet den Wert des Überschuss-Bezugsobjekts_(i) an dem Bewertungstag, der „j“ Bewertungstage unmittelbar vor dem Gewichtungstag_(T) liegt.

§ 3

Absichtlich freigelassen

“ $U_{(i,T-j)}$ “ means the Value of Excess Return Asset_(i) as of the Valuation Date which is “j” Valuation Dates immediately preceding the Rebalancing Date_(T).

§ 3

Intentionally left blank

Wertpapierbedingungen Teil 3: Allgemeine Wertpapierbedingungen

Terms and Conditions of the Securities Part 3: General Conditions of the Securities

§ 4

Form der Wertpapiere; Verzinsung und Dividenden; Eigentumsrecht und Übertragbarkeit; Status

- (1) Die Wertpapiere werden unverbrieft und dematerialisiert in Form von Bucheinträgen und registriert bei dem Clearingsystem gemäß den maßgeblichen CS-Regeln begeben. In Bezug auf die Wertpapiere werden keine effektiven Stücke wie vorläufige Globalurkunden, Dauerglobalurkunden oder Einzelurkunden ausgegeben. Die Emittentin ist berechtigt, von dem Clearingsystem auf Basis des Registers des Clearingsystems Informationen in Bezug auf die Wertpapiere zu erhalten, um ihren Verpflichtungen gemäß den Bedingungen nachzukommen.
- (2) Auf die Wertpapiere werden weder Zinsen noch Dividenden gezahlt.
- (3) „**Wertpapiergläubiger**“ bezeichnet die Person, auf deren Namen ein Wertpapier bei dem Clearingsystem eingetragen ist (einschließlich eines ordnungsgemäß bevollmächtigten Stellvertreters, der als solcher für das jeweilige Wertpapier eingetragen ist), oder eine andere Person, die gemäß den CS-Regeln als Wertpapiergläubiger anerkannt ist; werden die jeweiligen Wertpapiere von einem ordnungsgemäß bevollmächtigten Stellvertreter gehalten, gilt der Stellvertreter als Wertpapiergläubiger. Der Wertpapiergläubiger wird in jeder Hinsicht von der Emittentin, dem Emissionsbegleiter und den Wertpapierstellen (§ 9 (1)) als Berechtigter und Begünstigter bezüglich der in den Wertpapieren repräsentierten Rechte behandelt.
- (4) Das Recht an den Wertpapieren wird durch eine gemäß den maßgeblichen CS-Regeln ausgeführte Übertragung zwischen den Kontoinhabern bei dem Clearingsystem übertragen.
- (5) Die Wertpapiere begründen unmittelbare, unbesicherte und nicht nachrangige Verbindlichkeiten der Emittentin, die untereinander und mit allen sonstigen gegenwärtigen und künftigen unbesicherten und nicht nachrangigen Verbindlichkeiten der Emittentin gleichrangig sind, ausgenommen solche Verbindlichkeiten, denen aufgrund zwingender gesetzlicher Vorschriften Vorrang zukommt.

§ 5

Tilgung; Vorlegungsfrist; Verjährung

- (1) Die Emittentin wird, vorbehaltlich einer Marktstörung (§ 8 (3)), die Zahlung des Auszahlungsbetrags bzw. des Kündigungsbetrags oder des

§ 4

Form of Securities; Interest and Dividends; Title and Transfer; Status

- (1) The Securities are issued in uncertificated and dematerialised book-entry form, and registered at the Clearing System in accordance with the relevant CA Rules. No physical notes, such as global temporary or permanent notes or definitive notes will be issued in respect of the Securities. The Issuer shall be entitled to obtain from the Clearing System information based on the Clearing System's register regarding the Securities for the purpose of performing its obligations pursuant to the Conditions.
- (2) No interest and no dividends are payable on the Securities.
- (3) „**Securityholder**“ means the person in whose name a Security is registered with the Clearing System (including a person duly authorised to act as a nominee and who is registered as such for the relevant Security) or any other person acknowledged as the holder of the Security pursuant to the CA Rules and, accordingly, where the relevant Securities are held through a duly authorised nominee, the nominee shall be the Securityholder. The Securityholder shall, for all purposes, be treated by the Issuer, the Issuing Agent and the Security Agents (§ 9 (1)) as the person entitled to such Securities and the person entitled to receive the benefits of the rights represented by such Securities.
- (4) Title to the Securities will pass by transfer between accountholders at the Clearing System perfected in accordance with the relevant CA Rules.
- (5) The Securities constitute direct, unsecured and unsubordinated obligations of the Issuer, ranking *pari passu* among themselves and with all other present and future unsecured and unsubordinated obligations of the Issuer, other than obligations preferred by mandatory provisions of law.

§ 5

Settlement; Period of Presentation; Prescription

- (1) The Issuer will, subject to a Market Disruption (§ 8 (3)), procure that the payment of the Redemption Amount or of the Termination

Steuer-Kündigungsbetrags (§ 7 a bzw. b) in der Auszahlungswährung am Fälligkeitstag gemäß den maßgeblichen CS-Regeln veranlassen. Zahlungen des Auszahlungsbetrags, des Kündigungsbetrags bzw. des Steuer-Kündigungsbetrags und/oder sonstige Zahlungen gemäß den Bedingungen erfolgen in Übereinstimmung mit den zu diesem Zeitpunkt geltenden maßgeblichen CS-Regeln.

- (2) Die Emittentin wird mit der vorstehend beschriebenen Leistung an das Clearingsystem von den ihr unter diesen Bedingungen der Wertpapiere obliegenden Tilgungsverpflichtungen bzw. sonstigen Zahlungs- oder Lieferverpflichtungen befreit.
- (3) Alle im Zusammenhang mit der Tilgung der Wertpapiere bzw. sonstigen Zahlungs- oder Lieferverpflichtungen unter diesen Bedingungen der Wertpapiere gegebenenfalls anfallenden Steuern, Abgaben und/oder Kosten sind von dem jeweiligen Wertpapiergläubiger zu tragen und zu zahlen. Die Emittentin und die Zahlstelle sind berechtigt, jedoch nicht verpflichtet, von den erforderlichen Leistungen unter diesen Bedingungen etwaige Steuern, Abgaben und/oder Kosten einzubehalten, die von dem Wertpapiergläubiger gemäß vorstehendem Satz zu zahlen sind.
- (4) Die Vorlegungsfrist gemäß § 801 Absatz 1 Satz 1 des deutschen Bürgerlichen Gesetzbuchs („**BGB**“) wird auf zehn Jahre verkürzt.
- (5) Die Emittentin kann zur Deckung ihrer Verpflichtungen aus den Wertpapieren einen Deckungsbestand unterhalten. Der Deckungsbestand kann dabei nach der Wahl und dem freien Ermessen der Emittentin insbesondere aus dem Basiswert bzw. aus den darin enthaltenen Einzelwerten bzw. aus Optionen auf die vorgenannten Werte bestehen. Den Wertpapiergläubigern stehen jedoch keine Rechte oder Ansprüche in Bezug auf einen etwaigen Deckungsbestand zu.

§ 6 a

Anpassungen; Nachfolge-Index Sponsor; Nachfolge-Basiswert

- (1) Sollte der Index als Basiswert_(i=1) bis _(i=6) endgültig nicht mehr vom Index Sponsor verwaltet, berechnet und veröffentlicht werden, ist die Emittentin berechtigt, den Index Sponsor durch eine Person, Gesellschaft oder Institution, die für die Berechnungsstelle und die Emittentin nach billigem Ermessen (gemäß § 315 BGB bzw. § 317 BGB) akzeptabel ist (der „**Nachfolge-Index Sponsor**“), zu ersetzen.

In diesem Fall gilt dieser Nachfolge-Index Sponsor als Index Sponsor und jede in diesen Bedingungen enthaltene Bezugnahme auf den Index Sponsor als Bezugnahme auf den Nachfolge-Index Sponsor.

Amount or of the Tax Termination Amount (§ 7 a or b), as the case may be, in the Redemption Currency occurs on the Maturity Date in accordance with the relevant CA Rules. Payments of the Redemption Amount, the Termination Amount or the Tax Termination Amount and/or any other amount payable under the Conditions, as the case may be, shall be made in accordance with the then applicable relevant CA Rules.

- (2) The Issuer shall be discharged from its redemption obligations or any other payment or delivery obligations under these Conditions of the Securities by delivery to the Clearing System in the manner described above.
- (3) All taxes, charges and/or expenses, if any, incurred in connection with the redemption of the Securities or any other payment or delivery obligations under these Conditions of the Securities shall be borne and paid by the relevant Securityholder. The Issuer and the Paying Agent, as the case may be, are entitled, but not obliged, to withhold from any required performance under these Conditions such taxes, charges and/or expenses as be paid by the Securityholder in accordance with the preceding sentence.
- (4) The period of presentation as established in § 801 section 1 sentence 1 of the German Civil Code (“**BGB**“) is reduced to ten years.
- (5) The Issuer may hold a coverage portfolio to cover its obligations under the Securities. The coverage portfolio may comprise the Underlying or the Components comprised therein, as the case may be, or options on these aforementioned assets, at the Issuer’s option and unrestricted discretion. However, the Securityholders are not entitled to any rights or claims with respect to any coverage portfolio.

§ 6 a

Adjustments; Successor Index Sponsor; Successor Underlying

- (1) If the Index used as the Underlying_(i=1) to _(i=6) is ultimately not maintained, calculated and published by the Index Sponsor any longer, the Issuer shall be entitled to replace the Index Sponsor by a person, company or institution, which is acceptable to the Calculation Agent and the Issuer at their reasonable discretion (pursuant to § 315 of the BGB or, as the case may be, § 317 of the BGB) (the “**Successor Index Sponsor**“).

In such case, the Successor Index Sponsor will be deemed to be the Index Sponsor and each reference in these Conditions to the Index Sponsor shall be deemed to refer to the Successor Index Sponsor.

- (2) Veränderungen in der Berechnung (einschließlich Bereinigungen) des Index oder der Zusammensetzung oder Gewichtung der Indexbestandteile, auf deren Grundlage der Basiswert berechnet wird, führen nicht zu einer Anpassung, es sei denn, dass das maßgebende Konzept und die Berechnung des Basiswerts infolge einer Veränderung (einschließlich einer Bereinigung) nach Auffassung der Emittentin und der Berechnungsstelle nach billigem Ermessen (gemäß § 315 BGB bzw. § 317 BGB) nicht mehr vergleichbar sind mit dem bisher maßgebenden Konzept oder der maßgebenden Berechnung des Index. Dies gilt insbesondere, wenn sich aufgrund irgendeiner Änderung trotz gleich bleibender Kurse der in dem Index enthaltenen Einzelwerte und ihrer Gewichtung eine wesentliche Änderung des Werts des Index ergibt. Eine Anpassung kann auch bei Aufhebung des Index und/oder seiner Ersetzung durch einen anderen Basiswert erfolgen. Zum Zweck einer Anpassung ermitteln die Emittentin und die Berechnungsstelle nach billigem Ermessen (gemäß § 315 BGB bzw. § 317 BGB) einen angepassten Wert je Einheit des Index, der bei der Bestimmung des Kurses des Basiswerts zugrunde gelegt wird und in seinem wirtschaftlichen Ergebnis der bisherigen Regelung entspricht, und bestimmen unter Berücksichtigung des Zeitpunkts der Veränderung den Tag, zu dem der angepasste Wert je Einheit des Index erstmals zugrunde zu legen ist. Der angepasste Wert je Einheit des Basiswerts sowie der Zeitpunkt seiner erstmaligen Anwendung werden unverzüglich gemäß § 11 dieser Bedingungen bekannt gemacht.
- (2) Any changes in the calculation (including corrections) of the Index or of the composition or of the weighting of the Index components, on which the calculation of the Underlying is based, shall not lead to an adjustment unless the Issuer and the Calculation Agent, upon exercise of their reasonable discretion (pursuant to § 315 of the BGB or, as the case may be, § 317 of the BGB), determine that the underlying concept and the calculation (including corrections) of the Underlying are no longer comparable to the underlying concept or calculation of the Index applicable prior to such change. This applies especially, if due to any change the Index value changes considerably, although the prices and weightings of the components included in the Index remain unchanged. Adjustments may also be made as a result of the termination of the Index and/or its substitution by another underlying.
- For the purpose of making any adjustments, the Issuer and the Calculation Agent shall at their reasonable discretion (pursuant to § 315 of the BGB or, as the case may be, § 317 of the BGB) determine an adjusted value per unit of the Index as the basis of the determination of the Price of the Underlying, which in its result corresponds with the economic result prior to this change, and shall, taking into account the time the change occurred, determine the day, on which the adjusted value per unit of the Index shall apply for the first time. The adjusted value per unit of the Underlying as well as the date of its first application shall be published without undue delay pursuant to § 11 of these Conditions.
- (3) Erlischt die Erlaubnis der Emittentin, den Index als Basiswert für die Zwecke der Wertpapiere zu verwenden oder wird der Index aufgehoben und/oder durch einen anderen Index ersetzt, legen die Emittentin und die Berechnungsstelle nach billigem Ermessen (gemäß § 315 BGB bzw. § 317 BGB), gegebenenfalls unter entsprechender Anpassung nach dem vorstehenden Absatz, fest, welcher Index künftig zugrunde zu legen ist (der „**Nachfolge-Basiswert**“). Der Nachfolge-Basiswert sowie der Zeitpunkt seiner erstmaligen Anwendung werden unverzüglich gemäß § 11 dieser Bedingungen bekannt gemacht.
- (3) In the event that the authorisation of the Issuer to use the Index used as the Underlying for the purposes of the Securities is terminated or that the Index is terminated and/or replaced by another index, the Issuer and the Calculation Agent shall determine at their reasonable discretion (pursuant to § 315 of the BGB or, as the case may be, § 317 of the BGB), after having made appropriate adjustments according to the paragraph above, which index shall be applicable in the future (the “**Successor Underlying**”). The Successor Underlying and the date it is applied for the first time shall be published without undue delay in accordance with § 11 of these Conditions.
- Any reference in these Conditions to the Underlying shall, to the extent appropriate, be deemed to refer to the Successor Underlying.
- Jede in diesen Bedingungen enthaltene Bezugnahme auf den Basiswert gilt dann, sofern es der Zusammenhang erlaubt, als Bezugnahme auf den Nachfolge-Basiswert.
- (4) Wenn der durch den Index Sponsor festgelegte und veröffentlichte Kurs des Index als Basiswert im Nachhinein berichtigt wird, und die Berichtigung (der „**Berichtigte Kurs**“) von dem jeweiligen Index Sponsor nach der ursprünglichen Veröffentlichung, jedoch bis
- (4) In the event that the price of the Index used as the Underlying as determined and published by the Index Sponsor is subsequently corrected and the correction (the “**Corrected Price**”) is published by the Index Sponsor after the original publication, but until the Maturity Date

zum Fälligkeitstag (ausschließlich) bekanntgegeben und veröffentlicht wird, sind die Emittentin und die Berechnungsstelle berechtigt, nach billigem Ermessen (gemäß § 315 BGB bzw. § 317 BGB), unter Berücksichtigung des Berichtigten Kurses Anpassungen dieser Bedingungen vorzunehmen, um der Berichtigung Rechnung zu tragen. Die Anpassung sowie der Zeitpunkt ihrer erstmaligen Anwendung werden unverzüglich gemäß § 11 dieser Bedingungen bekannt gemacht.

- (5) Anpassungen und Festlegungen nach den vorstehenden Absätzen werden durch die Emittentin nach billigem Ermessen (gemäß § 315 BGB) bzw. von der Berechnungsstelle nach billigem Ermessen (gemäß § 317 BGB), vorgenommen und von der Emittentin nach § 11 dieser Bedingungen bekannt gemacht. Anpassungen und Festlegungen sind (sofern nicht ein offensichtlicher Fehler vorliegt) für alle Beteiligten endgültig und bindend.
- (6) Das Recht der Emittentin zur Kündigung gemäß § 7 a bzw. b dieser Bedingungen bleibt hiervon unberührt.

§ 6 b

Anpassungen; Nachfolge-Basiswert

- (1) Die Emittentin ist bei Vorliegen eines Potenziellen Anpassungsereignisses (§ 6 b (2)) in Bezug auf einen Fondsanteil als Basiswert_(i=7) berechtigt, Anpassungen an Berechnungsmethoden, Werten oder Regelungen in Bezug auf die Wertpapiere vornehmen, die (nach Ausübung billigen Ermessens (gemäß § 315 BGB bzw. § 317 BGB) erforderlich werden, um dem Potenziellen Anpassungsereignis Rechnung zu tragen.
- (2) Ein „**Potenzielles Anpassungsereignis**“ bezeichnet folgende Maßnahmen in Bezug auf den Fondsanteil_(i):
- (i) Umwandlung, Teilung bzw. Konsolidierung oder Reklassifizierung der Fondsanteile,
 - (ii) Vornahme von Ausschüttungen, die der üblichen Ausschüttungspolitik des Investmentfonds in Bezug auf die Fondsanteile widersprechen, oder
 - (iii) jedes sonstige ähnliche Ereignis, das sich nach Auffassung der Emittentin und der Berechnungsstelle nach billigem Ermessen (gemäß § 315 BGB bzw. § 317 BGB) sich mindernd oder konzentrierend auf den theoretischen Wert der Fondsanteile auswirken kann.
- (3) Die Emittentin ist dabei berechtigt, Anpassungen dieser Bedingungen insbesondere in der Weise und in dem Verhältnis vorzunehmen, wie entsprechende Anpassungen im Hinblick auf die an der Maßgeblichen Terminbörse gehandelten Options- und Termin-

(exclusive), the Issuer and the Calculation Agent shall be entitled to effect, under consideration of the Corrected Price, adjustments to these Conditions at their reasonable discretion (pursuant to § 315 of the BGB or, as the case may be, § 317 of the BGB), to account for the correction. The adjustment and the date it is applied for the first time shall be published without undue delay in accordance with § 11 of these Conditions.

- (5) The adjustments and determinations of the Issuer pursuant to the paragraphs above shall be effected by the Issuer at its reasonable discretion (pursuant to § 315 of the BGB) or, as the case may be, by the Calculation Agent (pursuant to § 317 of the BGB) and shall be published by the Issuer in accordance with § 11 of these Conditions. Any adjustment and determination shall be final, conclusive and binding on all parties, except where there is a manifest error.
- (6) The Issuer's right of termination in accordance with § 7 a or b, as the case may be, of these Conditions remains unaffected.

§ 6 b

Adjustments; Successor Underlying

- (1) In the case of the occurrence of a Potential Adjustment Event (§ 6 b (2)) in respect to a Fund Unit used as Underlying_(i=7), the Issuer shall be entitled to make any adjustments to any calculation methods, values or terms in respect of the Securities that they determine at their reasonable discretion (pursuant to § 315 of the BGB or, as the case may be, § 317 of the BGB) to be necessary to account for the Potential Adjustment Event.
- (2) A "**Potential Adjustment Event**" means any following measure in relation to a Fund Unit_(i):
- (i) Conversion, subdivision, consolidation or reclassification of the Fund Units;
 - (ii) Payment of distributions, which contradict the standard distribution policy of the Investment Fund in relation to the Fund Units, or
 - (iii) any other event that may, in the Issuer's and the Calculation Agent's reasonable discretion (pursuant to § 315 of the BGB or, as the case may be, § 317 of the BGB), have a diluting or concentrative effect on the Fund Units.
- (3) The Issuer shall be entitled to in particular effect adjustments to these Conditions in a manner and relation corresponding to the relevant adjustments made with regard to option and futures contracts on the Fund Unit used as the Underlying traded on the Relevant Futures and

kontrakte auf den Fondsanteil als Basiswert (die „**Optionskontrakte**“,) vorgenommen werden, sofern der nachstehend bezeichnete Stichtag vor oder auf den Bewertungstag fällt.

Werden an der Maßgeblichen Terminbörse keine Optionskontrakte gehandelt, so wird die Emittentin die Anpassung in der Weise vornehmen, wie die Maßgebliche Terminbörse sie vornehmen würde, wenn entsprechende Optionskontrakte dort gehandelt werden würden.

Der „**Stichtag**“ ist der erste Handelstag an der Maßgeblichen Terminbörse, an dem die Optionskontrakte unter Berücksichtigung der erfolgten Anpassung gehandelt werden oder gehandelt werden würden, wenn entsprechende Optionskontrakte dort gehandelt werden würden.

- (4) Die Emittentin ist berechtigt, gegebenenfalls von den durch die Maßgebliche Terminbörse vorgenommenen Anpassungen abzuweichen, sofern die Emittentin dies für erforderlich hält, um Unterschiede zwischen diesen Wertpapieren und den an der Maßgeblichen Terminbörse gehandelten Optionskontrakten zu berücksichtigen. Unabhängig davon, ob und welche Anpassungen zu welchem Zeitpunkt tatsächlich an der Maßgeblichen Terminbörse erfolgen, kann die Emittentin Anpassungen mit dem Ziel vornehmen, die Wertpapiergläubiger wirtschaftlich soweit wie möglich so zu stellen, wie sie vor den Maßnahmen nach § 6 b (2) standen.
- (5) Bei Eintritt oder dem wahrscheinlichen Eintritt eines Ersetzungsgrunds (§ 6 b (6)) in Bezug auf den Fondsanteil als Basiswert können die Emittentin und die Berechnungsstelle, wenn sie nach billigem Ermessen (gemäß § 315 BGB bzw. § 317 BGB) der Ansicht sind, dass dieser Grund wesentlich ist und sich nachteilig auf den Fondsanteil auswirkt,
- (i) einen anderen Investmentfonds, der nach Ansicht der Emittentin und der Berechnungsstelle bei Ausübung billigen Ermessens (gemäß § 315 BGB bzw. § 317 BGB) eine ähnliche Strategie und Liquidität aufweist (ebenfalls der „**Nachfolge-Basiswert**“), auswählen und/oder
 - (ii) Anpassungen an Berechnungsmethoden, Werten oder Regelungen in Bezug auf die Wertpapiere vornehmen, die (nach Ausübung billigen Ermessens (gemäß § 315 BGB bzw. § 317 BGB) durch den Ersetzungsgrund erforderlich werden.
- (6) „**Ersetzungsgrund**“ bezeichnet einen der folgenden Umstände:
- (a) Die Anlagestrategie oder das Anlageziel des Investmentfonds (die „**Strategie**“) weicht wesentlich von der Strategie am Ausgabetag bzw. an dem Tag, zu dem der Basiswert nach diesen Bestimmungen angepasst wurde, oder von der Strategie,

Options Exchange (the „**Option Contracts**“) provided that the Record Date (as defined below) is prior to or on the Valuation Date.

If no such Option Contracts are being traded on the Relevant Futures and Options Exchange, the adjustments may be effected by the Issuer in a manner as relevant adjustments would be made by the Relevant Futures and Options Exchange if those Option Contracts were traded on the Relevant Futures and Options Exchange.

The „**Record Date**“ will be the first trading day on the Relevant Futures and Options Exchange on which the adjusted Option Contracts on the Underlying are traded on the Relevant Futures and Options Exchange or would be traded if those Option Contracts were traded on the Relevant Futures and Options Exchange.

- (4) The Issuer shall be entitled to deviate from the adjustments made by the Relevant Futures and Options Exchange, should the Issuer consider it necessary in order to account for existing differences between the Securities and the Option Contracts traded on the Relevant Futures and Options Exchange. Irrespective of, whether or how adjustments are *de facto* effected by the Relevant Futures and Options Exchange, the Issuer is entitled to effect adjustments for the purpose to reconstitute to the extent possible the Securityholders' economic status prior to the measures in terms of § 6 b (2).
- (5) If a Replacement Event (§ 6 b (6)) in respect of the Fund Unit used as the Underlying occurs or is likely to occur, the Issuer and the Calculation Agent may, if they determine at their reasonable discretion (pursuant to § 315 of the BGB or, as the case may be, § 317 of the BGB), that such event is material and adversely affects the Fund Unit,
- (i) select an alternative investment fund, which the Issuer and the Calculation Agent determine at their reasonable discretion (pursuant to § 315 of the BGB or, as the case may be, § 317 of the BGB) to have a similar strategy and liquidity (also the „**Successor Underlying**“) and/or
 - (ii) make any adjustments to any calculation methods, values or terms in respect of the Securities that they determine at their reasonable discretion (pursuant to § 315 of the BGB or, as the case may be, § 317 of the BGB) to be necessary to account for such Replacement Event.
- (6) „**Replacement Event**“ means any of the following:
- (a) The investment strategy or investment objective of an Investment Fund (the „**Strategy**“) differs substantially from the Strategy at the Issue Date or the date on which the Underlying was adjusted in accordance with these Conditions, as the

die in dem Verkaufsprospekt oder anderen im Zusammenhang mit der Vermarktung des Investmentfonds erstellten Unterlagen (zusammen die „**Unterlagen**“) beschrieben wird, oder von den Regeln in Bezug auf den Investmentfonds ab.

- (b) Der Investmentfonds führt Gebühren oder Kosten, die dem Vermögen des Investmentfonds belastet werden, ein oder erhöht diese bzw. führt einen Ausgabeaufschlag oder eine Rücknahmegebühr ein.
- (c) Der Betrieb oder die Organisation des Investmentfonds (insbesondere Struktur, Verfahren oder Richtlinien) oder die Anwendung solcher Verfahren oder Richtlinien hat sich gegenüber dem Ausgabebetrag bzw. an dem Tag, zu dem der Basiswert nach diesen Bestimmungen angepasst wurde, geändert.
- (d) Der Investmentfonds oder sein Investment Manager unterliegt der Liquidation, Auflösung, Einstellung oder Zwangsvollstreckung, oder der Investment Manager deutet an, dass die Strategie nicht eingehalten werden wird oder beabsichtigt, empfiehlt oder initiiert die Liquidation, Auflösung oder Einstellung des Investmentfonds.
- (e) Der Investmentfonds oder sein Investment Manager oder Angestellte von diesen unterfallen der Überwachung oder Untersuchung einer Aufsichts- oder sonstigen Behörde oder werden unter Anklage oder Strafverfolgung gestellt.
- (f) Der Investmentfonds oder sein Investment Manager wird Partei einer gerichtlichen oder außergerichtlichen Auseinandersetzung.
- (g) Rücktritt, Kündigung, Aufhebung der Registrierung oder eine sonstige Veränderung in Bezug auf den Investment Manager des Investmentfonds oder eine Veränderung im Personal des Investment Managers oder der Dienstleistungsunternehmen des Investmentfonds.

Auf andere als die vorstehend bezeichneten Ereignisse, die nach Auffassung der Emittentin und der Berechnungsstelle nach billigem Ermessen (gemäß § 315 BGB bzw. § 317 BGB) in ihren wirtschaftlichen Auswirkungen diesen Ereignissen vergleichbar sind, und die Einfluss auf den rechnerischen Wert des Fondsanteils haben können, sind die beschriebenen Regeln entsprechend anzuwenden.

Jede in diesen Bedingungen enthaltene Bezugnahme auf den Basiswert gilt dann, sofern es der Zusammenhang erlaubt, als Bezugnahme auf den Nachfolge-Basiswert.

- (7) Im Fall der endgültigen Einstellung der Notierung oder des Handels des Fondsanteils als Basiswert an der Maßgeblichen Börse und des

case may be, or from the Strategy outlined in the prospectus or other documents prepared in connection with the marketing of the Investment Fund (together the “**Documents**“) or from the rules in relation to the Investment Fund.

- (b) The Investment Fund introduces or increases charges or fees payable out of the assets of the Investment Fund or charges a subscription fee or redemption fee.
- (c) The operation or organisation of the Investment Fund (in particular structure, procedures or policies) or the application of such procedures or policies has changed from that at the Issue Date or the date on which the Underlying was adjusted in accordance with these Conditions, as the case may be.
- (d) The Investment Fund or its investment manager is or becomes subject to liquidation, dissolution, discontinuance or execution, or the investment manager indicates that the Strategy will not be met or proposes, recommends or initiates the liquidation, dissolution or discontinuance of the Investment Fund.
- (e) The Investment Fund or its investment manager or any of their employees are placed under review or investigation by any regulatory or other authority or are subject to any charges or prosecution.
- (f) The Investment Fund or its investment manager becomes party to any litigation or dispute.
- (g) Resignation, termination, loss of registration or any other change in respect of the investment manager of the Investment Fund or any change in the personnel of the investment manager or in the service providers to the Investment Fund.

The provisions set out above shall apply *mutatis mutandis* to events other than those mentioned above, if the Issuer and the Calculation Agent, upon exercise of their reasonable discretion (pursuant to § 315 of the BGB or, as the case may be, § 317 of the BGB), determine that the economic effects of these events are comparable and may have an impact on the calculational value of the Fund Unit.

Any reference in these Conditions to the Underlying shall, to the extent appropriate, be deemed to refer to the Successor Underlying.

- (7) If the quotation of or trading in the Fund Unit used as the Underlying on the Relevant Exchange is permanently discontinued while concurrently a

gleichzeitigen Bestehens oder des Beginns der Notierung oder des Handels an einer anderen Börse ist die Emittentin berechtigt, eine solche andere Börse durch Bekanntmachung gemäß § 11 dieser Bedingungen als neue maßgebliche Börse (die „**Ersatz-Börse**“) zu bestimmen, sofern die Emittentin die Wertpapiere nicht gemäß § 7 a dieser Bedingungen gekündigt hat. Im Fall einer solchen Ersetzung gilt jede in diesen Bedingungen enthaltene Bezugnahme auf die Maßgebliche Börse fortan als Bezugnahme auf die Ersatz-Börse. Die vorgenannte Anpassung wird spätestens nach Ablauf eines Monats nach der endgültigen Einstellung der Notierung oder des Handels des Fondsanteils als Basiswerts an der Maßgeblichen Börse gemäß § 11 dieser Bedingungen bekannt gemacht.

- (8) Wenn der durch die Maßgebliche Börse festgelegte und veröffentlichte Kurs des Fondsanteils als Basiswert im Nachhinein berichtigt wird, und die Berichtigung (der „**Berichtigte Kurs**“) von der Maßgeblichen Börse nach der ursprünglichen Veröffentlichung, jedoch bis zum Fälligkeitstag (ausschließlich) bekanntgegeben und veröffentlicht wird, sind die Emittentin und die Berechnungsstelle berechtigt, nach billigem Ermessen (gemäß § 315 BGB bzw. § 317 BGB), unter Berücksichtigung des Berichtigten Kurses Anpassungen dieser Bedingungen vorzunehmen, um der Berichtigung Rechnung zu tragen. Die Anpassung sowie der Zeitpunkt ihrer erstmaligen Anwendung werden unverzüglich gemäß § 11 dieser Bedingungen bekannt gemacht.
- (9) Anpassungen und Festlegungen nach den vorstehenden Absätzen werden durch die Emittentin nach billigem Ermessen (gemäß § 315 BGB) bzw. von der Berechnungsstelle nach billigem Ermessen (gemäß § 317 BGB), vorgenommen und von der Emittentin nach § 11 dieser Bedingungen bekannt gemacht. Anpassungen und Festlegungen sind (sofern nicht ein offensichtlicher Fehler vorliegt) für alle Beteiligten endgültig und bindend.
- (10) Anpassungen und Festlegungen treten zu dem Zeitpunkt in Kraft, zu dem entsprechende Anpassungen an der Maßgeblichen Terminbörse in Kraft treten oder in Kraft treten würden, wenn entsprechende Optionskontrakte dort gehandelt werden würden.
- (11) Das Recht der Emittentin zur Kündigung gemäß § 7 a bzw. b dieser Bedingungen bleibt hiervon unberührt.

§ 6 c

Anpassungen aufgrund der Europäischen Wirtschafts- und Währungsunion

- (1) Nimmt ein Land, unabhängig davon, ob ab

quotation or trading is started up or maintained on another stock exchange, the Issuer shall be entitled to stipulate such other stock exchange as new Relevant Exchange (the “**Substitute Stock Exchange**“) through publication in accordance with § 11 of these Conditions, provided that the Issuer has not terminated the Securities in accordance with § 7 a of these Conditions. In the case of such a substitution, any reference in these Conditions to the Relevant Exchange thereafter shall be deemed to refer to the Substitute Stock Exchange. The adjustment described above shall be published in accordance with § 11 of these Conditions upon the expiry of one month following the permanent discontinuation of the quotation of or trading in the Fund Unit used as the Underlying on the Relevant Exchange.

- (8) In the event that the Price of the Fund Unit used as the Underlying as determined and published by the Relevant Exchange is subsequently corrected and the correction (the “**Corrected Price**“) is published by the Relevant Exchange after the original publication, but until the Maturity Date (exclusive), the Issuer and the Calculation Agent shall be entitled to effect, under consideration of the Corrected Price, adjustments to these Conditions at their reasonable discretion (pursuant to § 315 of the BGB or, as the case may be, § 317 of the BGB), to account for the correction. The adjustment and the date it is applied for the first time shall be published without undue delay in accordance with § 11 of these Conditions.
- (9) The adjustments and determinations of the Issuer pursuant to the paragraphs above shall be effected by the Issuer at its reasonable discretion (pursuant to § 315 of the BGB) or, as the case may be, by the Calculation Agent (pursuant to § 317 of the BGB) and shall be published by the Issuer in accordance with § 11 of these Conditions. Any adjustment and determination shall be final, conclusive and binding on all parties, except where there is a manifest error.
- (10) Any adjustment and determination will become effective as of the time at which the relevant adjustments become effective on the Relevant Futures and Options Exchange or would become effective, if the Option Contracts were traded on the Relevant Futures and Options Exchange, as the case may be.
- (11) The Issuer’s right of termination in accordance with § 7 a or b of these Conditions remains unaffected.

§ 6 c

Adjustments due to the European Economic and Monetary Union

- (1) Where a country participates in the third stage of

1999 oder später, an der dritten Stufe der Europäischen Wirtschafts- und Währungsunion teil, sind die Emittentin und die Berechnungsstelle berechtigt, nach billigem Ermessen (gemäß § 315 BGB bzw. § 317 BGB) folgende Anpassungen dieser Bedingungen vorzunehmen:

(i) Ist die Auszahlungswährung unter diesen Bedingungen eine von Euro abweichende nationale Währungseinheit eines Landes, das an der dritten Stufe der Europäischen Wirtschafts- und Währungsunion beteiligt ist, unabhängig davon, ob ab 1999 oder später, dann gilt die Auszahlungswährung als ein Betrag in Euro, der aus der ursprünglichen Auszahlungswährung zum rechtlich festgesetzten Wechselkurs und unter Anwendung der rechtlich festgesetzten Rundungsregeln in Euro umgetauscht wurde.

Nach der Anpassung erfolgen sämtliche Zahlungen hinsichtlich der Wertpapiere in Euro, als ob in ihnen der Euro als Auszahlungswährung genannt wäre.

(ii) Ist in diesen Bedingungen ein Währungsumrechnungskurs angegeben oder gibt eine Bedingung eine Währung eines Landes an, das an der dritten Stufe der Europäischen Wirtschafts- und Währungsunion beteiligt ist, unabhängig davon, ob ab 1999 oder später, gelten der angegebene Währungsumrechnungskurs und/oder sonstige Währungsangaben in diesen Bedingungen als Angabe in Euro, oder, soweit ein Währungsumrechnungskurs angegeben ist, als Kurs für den Umtausch in oder aus Euro unter Zugrundelegung des rechtlich festgesetzten Wechselkurses.

(iii) Die Emittentin und die Berechnungsstelle können weitere Änderungen an diesen Bedingungen vornehmen, um diese ihrer Auffassung nach den dann gültigen Gepflogenheiten anzupassen, die für Instrumente mit Währungsangaben in Euro gelten.

(iv) Die Emittentin und die Berechnungsstelle können ferner solche Anpassungen dieser Bedingungen vornehmen, die sie nach billigem Ermessen (gemäß § 315 BGB bzw. § 317 BGB) für angebracht halten, um den Auswirkungen der dritten Stufe der Europäischen Wirtschafts- und Währungsunion gemäß dem Vertrag zur Gründung der Europäischen Gemeinschaft auf diese Bedingungen Rechnung zu tragen.

(2) Die Emittentin und die Wertpapierstellen (§ 9) haften weder gegenüber den Wertpapiergläubigern noch gegenüber sonstigen Personen für Provisionen, Kosten, Verluste oder Ausgaben, die aus oder in Verbindung mit der

the European Economic and Monetary Union, whether as from 1999 or after such date, the Issuer and the Calculation Agent at their reasonable discretion (pursuant to § 315 of the BGB or, as the case may be, § 317 of the BGB), shall be entitled to effect the following adjustments to these Conditions:

(i) Where the Redemption Currency under these Conditions is the national currency unit other than Euro of a country which is participating in the third stage of the European Economic and Monetary Union, whether as from 1999 or after such date, such Redemption Currency shall be deemed to be an amount of Euro converted from the original Redemption Currency into Euro at the statutory applicable exchange rate and subject to such statutory applicable rounding provisions.

After the adjustment, all payments in respect of the Securities will be made solely in Euro as though references in the Securities to the Redemption Currency were to Euro.

(ii) Where these Conditions contain a currency conversion rate or any of these Conditions are expressed in a currency of a country which is participating in the third stage of the European Economic and Monetary Union, whether as from 1999 or after such date, such currency conversion rate and/or any other terms of these Conditions shall be deemed to be expressed in or, in the case of a currency conversion rate, converted for or, as the case may be, into, Euro at the statutory applicable exchange rate.

(iii) The Issuer and the Calculation Agent are entitled to effect adjustments to these Conditions as they may decide to conform them to conventions then applicable to instruments expressed in Euro.

(iv) The Issuer and the Calculation Agent at their reasonable discretion (pursuant to § 315 of the BGB or, as the case may be, § 317 of the BGB) shall be entitled to effect such adjustments to these Conditions as they may determine to be appropriate to account for the effect of the third stage of the European Economic and Monetary Union pursuant to the Treaty establishing the European Community on these Conditions.

(2) The Issuer and the Security Agents (§ 9) shall not be liable to any Securityholder or other person for any commissions, costs, losses or expenses in relation to, or resulting from the transfer of Euro or any currency conversion or rounding effected

Überweisung von Euro oder einer damit zusammenhängenden Währungsumrechnung oder Rundung von Beträgen entstehen.

- (3) Anpassungen und Festlegungen nach den vorstehenden Absätzen werden durch die Emittentin nach billigem Ermessen (gemäß § 315 BGB) bzw. von der Berechnungsstelle nach billigem Ermessen (gemäß § 317 BGB), vorgenommen und von der Emittentin nach § 11 dieser Bedingungen bekannt gemacht. Anpassungen und Festlegungen sind (sofern nicht ein offensichtlicher Fehler vorliegt) für alle Beteiligten endgültig und bindend.

§ 7 a

Kündigung; Rechtsänderung; Hedging-Störung; Gestiegene Hedging-Kosten

- (1) Die Emittentin ist bei Vorliegen eines der nachstehenden Kündigungsereignisse berechtigt, sämtliche, aber nicht einzelne Wertpapiere durch eine Bekanntmachung gemäß § 11 dieser Bedingungen (i) unter Angabe des Kalendertags, zu dem die Kündigung wirksam wird (der „**Kündigungstag**“), und (ii) unter Wahrung einer Kündigungsfrist von mindestens einem Kalendermonat vor dem jeweiligen Kündigungstag, zu kündigen und vorzeitig zu tilgen (die „**Kündigung**“).
- (2) Ein „**Kündigungsereignis**“ bezeichnet jedes der folgenden Ereignisse:
- (i) Die Ermittlung und/oder Veröffentlichung des Kurses des Index bzw. des Fondsanteils wird endgültig eingestellt, oder der Emittentin oder der Berechnungsstelle wird eine entsprechende Absicht bekannt.
 - (ii) Die Emittentin und die Berechnungsstelle sind nach Ausübung billigen Ermessens (gemäß § 315 BGB bzw. § 317 BGB) der Ansicht, dass eine Anpassung dieser Bedingungen, aus welchen Gründen auch immer, nicht möglich ist, oder dass eine Anpassung dieser Bedingungen kein wirtschaftlich vernünftiges Ergebnis erreichen würde.
 - (iii) Die Emittentin und die Berechnungsstelle sind nach Ausübung billigen Ermessens (gemäß § 315 BGB bzw. § 317 BGB) der Ansicht, dass eine sonstige erhebliche Änderung der Marktbedingungen an der Maßgeblichen Börse eingetreten ist.
 - (iv) Die Emittentin und die Berechnungsstelle sind nach Ausübung billigen Ermessens (gemäß § 315 BGB bzw. § 317 BGB) der Ansicht, dass eine Rechtsänderung und/oder Hedging-Störung und/oder Gestiegene Hedging-Kosten vorliegen.

Dabei gilt

„**Rechtsänderung**“ bedeutet, dass
(A) aufgrund des Inkrafttretens von

in connection therewith.

- (3) The adjustments and determinations of the Issuer pursuant to the paragraphs above shall be effected by the Issuer at its reasonable discretion (pursuant to § 315 of the BGB) or, as the case may be, by the Calculation Agent (pursuant to § 317 of the BGB) and shall be published by the Issuer in accordance with § 11 of these Conditions. Any adjustment and determination shall be final, conclusive and binding on all parties, except where there is a manifest error.

§ 7 a

Termination; Change in Law; Hedging Disruption; Increased Cost of Hedging

- (1) The Issuer shall in the case of the occurrence of one of the following Termination Events, be entitled to terminate and redeem all but not some of the Securities by giving notice in accordance with § 11 of these Conditions (i) specifying the calendar day, on which the Termination becomes effective (the „**Termination Date**“), and (ii) subject to a notice period of at least one calendar month prior to the relevant Termination Date (the „**Termination**“).
- (2) A „**Termination Event**“ means any of the following events:
- (i) The determination and/or publication of the price of the Index or the Fund Unit, as the case may be, is discontinued permanently, or the Issuer or the Calculation Agent obtains knowledge about the intention to do so.
 - (ii) It is, in the opinion of the Issuer and the Calculation Agent at their reasonable discretion (pursuant to § 315 of the BGB or, as the case may be, § 317 of the BGB), not possible, for whatever reason, to make adjustments to these Conditions or if an adjustment adjustments to these Conditions would not achieve a commercially reasonable result.
 - (iii) In the opinion of the Issuer and the Calculation Agent at their reasonable discretion (pursuant to § 315 of the BGB or, as the case may be, § 317 of the BGB), another material change in the market conditions occurred in relation to the Relevant Exchange.
 - (iv) In the opinion of the Issuer and the Calculation Agent at their reasonable discretion (pursuant to § 315 of the BGB or, as the case may be, § 317 of the BGB), a Change in Law and/or a Hedging Disruption and/or an Increased Cost of Hedging occurred.

In this context:

„**Change in Law**“ means that, on or after the Issue Date of the Securities (A) due to the

Änderungen der Gesetze oder Verordnungen (einschließlich aber nicht beschränkt auf Steuergesetze) oder (B) der Änderung der Auslegung von gerichtlichen oder behördlichen Entscheidungen, die für die entsprechenden Gesetze oder Verordnungen relevant sind (einschließlich der Aussagen der Steuerbehörden), die Emittentin nach Treu und Glauben feststellt, dass (X) das Halten, der Erwerb oder die Veräußerung von Transaktionen bzw. Vermögenswerten in Bezug auf den Basiswert rechtswidrig geworden ist oder (Y) die Kosten, die mit den Verpflichtungen unter den Wertpapieren verbunden sind, wesentlich gestiegen sind (einschließlich aber nicht beschränkt auf Erhöhungen der Steuerverpflichtungen, der Senkung von steuerlichen Vorteilen oder anderen negativen Auswirkungen auf die steuerrechtliche Behandlung), falls solche Änderungen an oder nach dem Ausgabebetrag wirksam werden;

„**Hedging-Störung**“ bedeutet, dass die Emittentin nicht in der Lage ist unter Anwendung wirtschaftlich vernünftiger Bemühungen, (A) Transaktionen abzuschließen, fortzuführen oder abzuwickeln bzw. Vermögenswerte zu erwerben, auszutauschen, zu halten oder zu veräußern, welche die Emittentin zur Absicherung von Preisrisiken im Hinblick auf ihre Verpflichtungen aus den entsprechenden Wertpapieren für notwendig erachtet oder sie (B) nicht in der Lage ist, die Erlöse aus den Transaktionen bzw. Vermögenswerten zu realisieren, zurückzugewinnen oder weiterzuleiten; und

„**Gestiegene Hedging-Kosten**“ bedeutet, dass die Emittentin im Vergleich zum Ausgabebetrag einen wesentlich höheren Betrag an Steuern, Abgaben, Aufwendungen und Gebühren (außer Maklergebühren) entrichten muss, um (A) Transaktionen abzuschließen, fortzuführen oder abzuwickeln bzw. Vermögenswerte zu erwerben, auszutauschen, zu halten oder zu veräußern, welche die Emittentin zur Absicherung von Preisrisiken im Hinblick auf ihre Verpflichtungen aus den Wertpapieren für notwendig erachtet oder (B) Erlöse aus den Transaktionen bzw. Vermögenswerten zu realisieren, zurückzugewinnen oder weiterzuleiten, unter der Voraussetzung, dass Beträge, die sich nur erhöht haben, weil die Kreditwürdigkeit der Emittentin zurückgegangen ist, nicht als Gestiegene Hedging-Kosten angesehen werden.

- (3) Im Fall der Kündigung zahlt die Emittentin an jeden Wertpapiergläubiger bezüglich jedes von ihm gehaltenen Wertpapiers einen Geldbetrag in der Auszahlungswährung, der von der Berechnungsstelle gemäß § 317 BGB nach billigem Ermessen, gegebenenfalls unter

adoption of or any change in any applicable law or regulation (including, without limitation, any tax law), or (B) due to the promulgation of or any change in the interpretation by any court, tribunal or regulatory authority with competent jurisdiction of any applicable law or regulation (including any action taken by a taxing authority), the Issuer determines in good faith that (X) it has become illegal to hold, acquire or dispose of any transaction(s) or asset(s) in relation to the Underlying, or (Y) it will incur a materially increased cost in performing its obligations under the Securities (including, without limitation, due to any increase in tax liability, decrease in tax benefit or other adverse effect on its tax position);

„**Hedging Disruption**“ means that the Issuer is unable, after using commercially reasonable efforts, to (A) acquire, establish, re-establish, substitute, maintain, unwind or dispose of any transaction(s) or asset(s) it deems necessary to hedge price risks of issuing and performing its obligations with respect to the Securities, or (B) realise, recover or remit the proceeds of any such transaction(s) or asset(s); and

„**Increased Cost of Hedging**“ means that the Issuer would incur a materially increased (as compared with circumstances existing on the Issue Date) amount of tax, duty, expense or fee (other than brokerage commissions) to (A) acquire, establish, re-establish, substitute, maintain, unwind or dispose of any transaction(s) or asset(s) it deems necessary to hedge the price risk of issuing and performing its obligations with respect to the Securities, or (B) realise, recover or remit the proceeds of any such transaction(s) or asset(s), provided that any such materially increased amount that is incurred solely due to the deterioration of the creditworthiness of the Issuer shall not be deemed an Increased Cost of Hedging.

- (3) In the case of Termination the Issuer shall pay to each Securityholder an amount in the Redemption Currency with respect to each Security it holds, which is determined by the Calculation Agent at its reasonable discretion pursuant to § 317 of the BGB and, if applicable,

Berücksichtigung des dann maßgeblichen Kurses des Basiswerts, als angemessener Marktpreis eines Wertpapiers bei Kündigung festgelegt wird (der „**Kündigungsbetrag**“).

§ 7 b
Steuern; Steuer-Kündigung

- (1) Alle von der Emittentin nach diesen Bedingungen zahlbaren Beträge sind ohne Einbehalt oder Abzug an der Quelle von gegenwärtigen oder irgendwelchen zukünftigen Steuern, Gebühren oder Abgaben, die von oder in Jersey, dem Vereinigten Königreich oder von oder in den Ländern, in denen die Wertpapiere öffentlich angeboten werden, oder einer ihrer Gebietskörperschaften oder Behörden mit Steuerhoheit erhoben werden („**Quellensteuern**“) zu zahlen, es sei denn, ein solcher Einbehalt oder Abzug von Quellensteuern ist gesetzlich vorgeschrieben. In diesem Fall zahlt die Emittentin, vorbehaltlich der nachfolgenden Regelungen, diejenigen zusätzlichen Beträge, die erforderlich sind, damit die Wertpapiergläubiger die Beträge erhalten, die sie ohne Quellensteuern erhalten hätten.
- (2) Die Emittentin ist jedoch nicht verpflichtet, solche zusätzlichen Beträge zu zahlen:
 - wenn ein Wertpapiergläubiger solchen Steuern, Gebühren oder Abgaben auf die Wertpapiere wegen irgendeiner anderen Verbindung zu Jersey, dem Vereinigten Königreich oder den Ländern, in denen die Wertpapiere öffentlich angeboten werden, als allein der Tatsache unterliegt, dass er Wertpapiergläubiger ist;
 - wenn solche Quellensteuern auf Zahlungen an einen Wertpapiergläubiger auf die Wertpapiere selbst oder jede Zahlung darauf auf der EU-Richtlinie über die Besteuerung von Kapitaleinkünften (2003/48/EG) vom 3. Juni 2003 („**EU-Zinsrichtlinie**“) beruhen. Gleiches gilt auch für jedes Gesetz oder jede andere rechtliche Maßnahme, welche die EU-Zinsrichtlinie umsetzt oder mit dieser übereinstimmt oder eingeführt wurde, um der EU-Zinsrichtlinie zu entsprechen;
 - wenn Quellensteuern von dem Wertpapiergläubiger dadurch hätten vermieden werden können, dass er die Zahlungen auf die Wertpapiere, über eine andere Zahlstelle in einem EU-Mitgliedstaat zur Zahlung abgefordert hätte;
 - die aufgrund einer Rechtsänderung zu zahlen sind, welche später als 30 Tage nach Fälligkeit der betreffenden Zahlung von Kapital, oder, wenn dies später erfolgt, ordnungsgemäßer Bereitstellung aller fälligen Beträge gemäß § 1 dieser Bedingungen wirksam wird.
- (3) Die Emittentin ist jederzeit berechtigt, sämtliche Wertpapiere, jedoch nicht nur teilweise, mit einer Frist von nicht weniger als 30 Tagen und

considering the then prevailing Price of the Underlying, as the fair market price of a Security at the occurrence of Termination (the „**Termination Amount**“).

§ 7 b
Taxes; Termination for Tax Reasons

- (1) All amounts payable by the Issuer under these Conditions are payable without any withholding or deduction at source of any present or future taxes, charges or duties imposed by or in Jersey, the United Kingdom or by or in those countries, in which the Securities are publicly offered, or by any political subdivision or any authority thereof having power to tax („**Withholding Taxes**“), unless such withholding or deduction of Withholding Taxes is required by law. In this latter case, the Issuer will, subject to the following provisions, pay such additional amounts as are necessary in order that the amounts received by the Securityholders equal the amounts they would have received in the absence of any Withholding Taxes.
- (2) However, the Issuer will be not obliged to pay any such additional amounts:
 - if a Securityholder is subject to such taxes, charges or duties on the Securities due to any other relationship with Jersey, the United Kingdom or those countries, in which the Securities are publicly offered, than the mere holding of the Securities;
 - if such Withholding Taxes on payments to any Securityholder with respect to the Securities themselves or any payout thereon are based on the EU Directive on the taxation of savings income (2003/48/EC) of 3 June 2003 („**EU Savings Directive**“). The same also applies to any law or any other legal measure which implements or is in conformity with or has been adopted to comply with the EU Savings Directive;
 - if the Securityholders may have avoided any Withholding Taxes by claiming payments on the Securities via another paying agent in a EU member state;
 - that are payable as a result of any change in law that becomes effective more than 30 days after the relevant payment of principal becomes due or is duly provided for pursuant to § 1 of these Conditions, whichever occurs later.
- (3) The Issuer is entitled at any time to redeem all, but not only some, of the Securities on giving no less than 30 and no more than 45 days notice

nicht mehr als 45 Tagen durch Mitteilung gemäß § 11 dieser Bedingungen und unter Angabe des Kalendertags, zu dem die Kündigung wirksam wird (der „**Steuer-Kündigungstag**“), zur Rückzahlung zu einem Geldbetrag je Wertpapier in der Auszahlungswährung, der von der Berechnungsstelle gemäß § 317 BGB nach billigem Ermessen, gegebenenfalls unter Berücksichtigung des dann maßgeblichen Kurses des Basiswerts und der durch die Kündigung bei der Emittentin angefallenen Kosten, als angemessener Marktpreis eines Wertpapiers bei Kündigung festgelegt wird (der „**Steuer-Kündigungsbetrag**“), zu kündigen, falls:

- die Emittentin bei der nächsten Zahlung nach diesen Bedingungen verpflichtet ist oder verpflichtet sein wird, als Ergebnis einer Änderung oder Ergänzung in den Gesetzen oder Vorschriften in Jersey, dem Vereinigten Königreich oder den Ländern, in denen die Wertpapiere öffentlich angeboten werden, oder irgendeiner ihrer Gebietskörperschaften oder Behörden mit Steuerhoheit oder einer Änderung in der Anwendung oder Auslegung solcher Gesetze oder Vorschriften, die am oder nach dem Ausgabetag dieser Wertpapiere in Kraft tritt bzw. angewendet wird, zusätzliche Beträge nach diesem § 7 b dieser Bedingungen zu zahlen; und

- die Emittentin das Erfordernis, solche zusätzlichen Beträge zahlen zu müssen, nicht durch nach eigenem Ermessen zumutbare Maßnahmen (nicht aber eine Ersetzung der Emittentin gemäß § 10 dieser Bedingungen) vermeiden kann.

Eine solche Kündigung darf nicht früher als 90 Tage vor dem Datum erfolgen, an dem die Emittentin erstmals zusätzliche Beträge nach diesem § 7 b zu zahlen hätte.

§ 8 Marktstörungen

- (1) Sind die Emittentin und die Berechnungsstelle nach Ausübung billigen Ermessens (gemäß § 315 BGB bzw. § 317 BGB) der Ansicht, dass an einem der Beobachtungstage oder dem Festlegungstag eine Marktstörung (§ 8 (3)) vorliegt, dann wird der jeweilige Beobachtungstag oder der Festlegungstag für sämtliche Basiswerte auf den unmittelbar darauf folgenden Planmäßigen Handelstag, an dem keine Marktstörung mehr vorliegt, verschoben. Die Emittentin wird sich bemühen, den Beteiligten unverzüglich gemäß § 11 dieser Bedingungen mitzuteilen, dass eine Marktstörung eingetreten ist. Eine Pflicht zur Mitteilung besteht jedoch nicht.
- (2) Wenn ein Beobachtungstag aufgrund der Bestimmungen des § 8 (1) um acht Planmäßige Handelstage verschoben worden ist und auch

pursuant to § 11 of these Conditions, specifying the calendar day, on which the Termination becomes effective (the “**Tax Termination Date**”), at an amount in the Redemption Currency with respect to each Security, which is determined by the Calculation Agent at its reasonable discretion pursuant to § 317 of the BGB and, if applicable, considering the then prevailing Price of the Underlying and the expenses of the Issuer caused by the Termination, as the fair market price of a Security at the occurrence of Termination (the “**Tax Termination Amount**”) if:

- the Issuer, on the occasion of the next payment is or will be required under these Conditions to pay additional amounts under this § 7 b of these Conditions on account of any change or amendment to the laws or regulations of Jersey, the United Kingdom or those countries, in which the Securities are publicly offered, or any political subdivision or authority thereof with power to tax or any change in application or interpretation of such laws or regulations which change becomes effective or applicable on or after the Issue Date of these Securities; and

- the Issuer cannot avoid the requirement to pay such additional amounts by any steps reasonably available to the Issuer at its own discretion (but not by any substitution of the Issuer pursuant to § 10 of these Conditions).

Any such notice of redemption must not be given any earlier than 90 days prior to the date on which the Issuer would initially be required to pay additional amounts pursuant to this § 7 b.

§ 8 Market Disruptions

- (1) If, in the opinion of the Issuer and the Calculation Agent at their reasonable discretion (pursuant to § 315 of the BGB or, as the case may be, § 317 of the BGB), a Market Disruption (§ 8 (3)) prevails on one of the Observation Dates or on the Fixing Date, as the case may be, the relevant Observation Date or the Fixing Date, as the case may be, in relation to all Underlyings shall be postponed to the next succeeding Scheduled Trading Day, on which no Market Disruption prevails. The Issuer shall endeavour to notify the parties pursuant to § 11 of these Conditions without delay of the occurrence of a Market Disruption. However, there is no notification obligation.
- (2) If an Observation Date has been postponed, due to the provisions of § 8 (1), by eight Scheduled Trading Days, and if the Market Disruption

an diesem Tag die Marktstörung fortbesteht, dann gilt dieser Tag als der maßgebliche Beobachtungstag für sämtliche Basiswerte.

Eine weitere Verschiebung findet nicht statt.

Die Emittentin und die Berechnungsstelle werden dann nach Ausübung billigen Ermessens (gemäß § 315 BGB bzw. § 317 BGB) sowie unter Berücksichtigung (i) der dann herrschenden Marktgegebenheiten und (ii) sämtlicher sonstigen Konditionen bzw. Faktoren, die die Emittentin und die Berechnungsstelle angemessenerweise für bedeutsam halten, auf Grundlage der zuletzt erhältlichen Kurse des betroffenen Basiswerts_(i) und, falls anwendbar, der von dem Index Sponsor abgegebenen Schätzungen, einen Kurs des Basiswerts in Bezug auf den verschobenen Beobachtungstag schätzen. (Zur Klarstellung: Dieser Kurs kann auch Null (0) betragen.)

Sind die Emittentin und die Berechnungsstelle nach Ausübung billigen Ermessens (gemäß § 315 BGB bzw. § 317 BGB) der Ansicht, dass eine Schätzung des Kurses des betroffenen Basiswerts_(i) aus welchen Gründen auch immer nicht möglich ist, dann werden die Emittentin und die Berechnungsstelle nach Ausübung billigen Ermessens (gemäß § 315 BGB bzw. § 317 BGB) sowie unter Berücksichtigung (i) der dann herrschenden Marktgegebenheiten, (ii) sämtlicher sonstigen Konditionen bzw. Faktoren, die die Emittentin und die Berechnungsstelle angemessenerweise für bedeutsam halten und (iii) gegebenenfalls unter Berücksichtigung der durch die Marktstörung bei der Emittentin angefallenen Kosten, bestimmen, ob, und gegebenenfalls in welcher Höhe, die Emittentin einen Geldbetrag in der Auszahlungswährung zahlen wird. Auf diesen Geldbetrag finden die in diesen Bedingungen enthaltenen Bestimmungen über den Auszahlungsbetrag entsprechende Anwendung.

- (3) Eine „**Marktstörung**“ bedeutet in Bezug auf einen Index als Basiswert_(i=1) bis _(i=6) bzw. auf sämtliche seiner Einzelwerte bzw. den Fondsanteil als Basiswert_(i=7):

- (a) die Suspendierung oder das Ausbleiben der Bekanntgabe des Kurses des Basiswerts an einem für die Berechnung eines Auszahlungsbetrags, eines Kündigungsbetrags bzw. eines Steuer-Kündigungsbetrags maßgeblichen Basiswert-Berechnungstag, oder
- (b) die Begrenzung, Suspendierung bzw. Unterbrechung oder, vorbehaltlich von Absatz (4), eine nach Auffassung der Emittentin und der Berechnungsstelle wesentliche Einschränkung des Handels
 - (i) an der Maßgeblichen Börse oder an der/den Börse(n) bzw. in dem Markt/den Märkten, an/in der/dem/denen die Einzelwerte notiert

continues to prevail on this day, this day shall be deemed to be the relevant Observation Date in relation to all Underlyings.

No further postponement shall take place.

The Issuer and the Calculation Agent will then, at their reasonable discretion (pursuant to § 315 of the BGB or, as the case may be, § 317 of the BGB) and taking into account (i) the market conditions then prevailing and (ii) such other conditions or factors as the Issuer and the Calculation Agent reasonably consider to be relevant, estimate the Price of the affected Underlying_(i) in relation to the postponed Observation Date (which for the avoidance of doubt could be zero (0)) on the basis of the last announced Prices of the Underlying and, if applicable, of any estimate given by the Index Sponsor.

If, in the opinion of the Issuer and the Calculation Agent at their reasonable discretion (pursuant to § 315 of the BGB or, as the case may be, § 317 of the BGB), an estimate of the Price of the affected Underlying_(i) is, for whatsoever reason, not possible, the Issuer and the Calculation Agent will, at their reasonable discretion (pursuant to § 315 of the BGB or, as the case may be, § 317 of the BGB) and taking into account (i) the market conditions then prevailing, (ii) such other conditions or factors as the Issuer and the Calculation Agent reasonably consider to be relevant and (iii) the expenses of the Issuer, if any, caused by the Market Disruption, determine whether and in which amount, if applicable, the Issuer will make payment of an amount in the Redemption Currency. The provisions of these Conditions relating to the Redemption Amount shall apply *mutatis mutandis* to such payment.

- (3) A “**Market Disruption**” shall mean in relation to an index used as the Underlying_(i=1) to _(i=6) or, as the case may be, in relation to each of its Components, or, as the case may be, a fund unit used as the Underlying_(i=7):

- (a) a suspension or a failure of the announcement of the Price of the Underlying on any Underlying Calculation Date relevant for determining the Redemption Amount, the Termination Amount or the Tax Termination Amount, as the case may be, or
- (b) a limitation, suspension or disruption of or, subject to para. (4), a restriction imposed on trading, the latter of which the Issuer and the Calculation Agent consider significant,
 - (i) on the Relevant Exchange or on the stock exchange(s) or in the market(s) on/in which the Components are quoted or traded, in general (whether

- oder gehandelt werden, allgemein (sei es wegen Kursbewegungen, die die Grenzen des von der Maßgeblichen Börse oder der/den Börse(n) bzw. dem Markt/den Märkten, an/in der/dem/denen die Einzelwerte notiert oder gehandelt werden, Erlaubten überschreiten, oder aus sonstigen Gründen), oder
- (ii) an der Maßgeblichen Börse oder an der/den Börse(n) bzw. in dem Markt/den Märkten, an/in der/dem/denen die Einzelwerte notiert oder gehandelt werden, in dem Index bzw. dem Fondsanteil bzw. in den Einzelwerten des Index an der Maßgeblichen Börse oder an der/den Börse(n) bzw. in dem Markt/den Märkten an/in der/dem/denen die Einzelwerte notiert oder gehandelt werden, sofern eine wesentliche Anzahl oder ein wesentlicher Anteil unter Berücksichtigung der Marktkapitalisierung betroffen ist (als wesentliche Anzahl bzw. wesentlicher Anteil gilt eine solche oder ein solcher von mehr als 20 %), (sei es wegen Kursbewegungen, die die Grenzen des von der Maßgeblichen Börse oder der/den Börse(n) bzw. dem Markt/den Märkten, an/in der/dem/denen die Einzelwerte notiert oder gehandelt werden, Erlaubten überschreiten, oder aus sonstigen Gründen), oder
- (iii) an der Maßgeblichen Terminbörse, falls dort Optionskontrakte auf den Index bzw. auf den Fondsanteil bzw. auf die Einzelwerte gehandelt werden, oder
- (iv) in dem/den Währungsmarkt/-märkten, in dem/denen die Kurse für die Bestimmung des FX-Faktors festgestellt werden, oder
- (v) aufgrund einer Anordnung einer Behörde oder der Maßgeblichen Börse (sei es wegen Kursbewegungen, die die Grenzen des von der Maßgeblichen Börse Erlaubten überschreiten, oder aus sonstigen Gründen), bzw. aufgrund eines Moratoriums für Bankgeschäfte in dem Land, in dem die Maßgebliche Börse ansässig ist, oder aufgrund sonstiger Umstände.
- (c) Der maßgebliche Kurs ist ein Grenzpreis (*limit price*), was bedeutet, dass der für einen Tag ermittelte Kurs für den betroffenen Basiswert_(i) den Kurs an dem unmittelbar vorangehenden Tag um den nach den Vorschriften der Maßgeblichen Börse oder der Börse(n) bzw. des Markts/der Märkte, an/in der/dem/denen
- by movements in price exceeding limits permitted by the Relevant Exchange or the stock exchange(s) or the market(s) on/in which the Components are quoted or traded, or otherwise), or
- (ii) on the Relevant Exchange or on the stock exchange(s) or in the market(s) on/in which the Components are quoted or traded, in the Index or, as the case may be, in the Fund Unit or, as the case may be, in the Components of the Index on the Relevant Exchange or on the stock exchange(s) or in the market(s) on/in which the Components are quoted or traded, provided that a major number or a major part in terms of market capitalisation is concerned (a number or part in excess of 20 % shall be deemed to be material), (whether by movements in price exceeding limits permitted by the Relevant Exchange or the stock exchange(s) or the market(s) on/in which the Components are quoted or traded, or otherwise), or
- (iii) on the Relevant Futures and Options Exchange, if Option Contracts on the Index or, as the case may be, on the Fund Unit or, as the case may be, on the Components are traded there, or
- (iv) on the foreign exchange market(s) in which the rates for the determination of the FX Factor are determined, or
- (v) due to a directive of an authority or of the Relevant Exchange (whether by movements in price exceeding limits permitted by the Relevant Exchange or otherwise) or due to a moratorium, which is declared in respect of banking activities in the country, in which the Relevant Exchange is located, or due to any other reasons whatsoever.
- (c) The relevant price is a "limit price", which means that the price for the affected Underlying_(i) for a day has increased or decreased from the immediately preceding day's price by the maximum amount permitted under applicable rules of the Relevant Exchange or the stock exchange(s) or the market(s) on/in which the

die Einzelwerte notiert oder gehandelt werden, zulässigen maximalen Umfang überschritten bzw. unterschritten hat.

- (d) Der Eintritt eines sonstigen Ereignisses, das nach Ansicht der Emittentin und der Berechnungsstelle nach Ausübung billigen Ermessens (gemäß § 315 BGB bzw. § 317 BGB) die allgemeine Möglichkeit von Marktteilnehmern beeinträchtigt oder behindert, Transaktionen in dem betroffenen Basiswert⁽ⁱ⁾ bzw. dem jeweils betroffenen Einzelwert durchzuführen oder diesbezügliche Marktbewertungen zu erhalten.
- (4) Eine Verkürzung der regulären Handelszeiten oder eine Beschränkung der Stunden oder Anzahl der Tage, an denen ein Handel stattfindet, gilt nicht als Marktstörung, sofern die Einschränkung auf einer Änderung der regulären Handelszeiten der Maßgeblichen Börse beruht, die mindestens eine (1) Stunde vor (i) entweder dem tatsächlichen regulären Ende der Handelszeiten an der Maßgeblichen Börse oder (ii) dem Termin für die Abgabe von Handelsaufträgen zur Bearbeitung an dem betreffenden Tag an der Maßgeblichen Börse, je nachdem welcher Zeitpunkt früher ist, angekündigt worden ist. Eine im Laufe eines Tages auferlegte Beschränkung im Handel aufgrund von Preisbewegungen, die bestimmte vorgegebene Grenzen überschreiten, gilt nur dann als Marktstörung, wenn diese Beschränkung bis zum Ende der Handelszeit an dem betreffenden Tag fort dauert.

Components are quoted or traded.

- (d) The occurrence of any other event that, in the opinion of the Issuer and the Calculation Agent at their reasonable discretion (pursuant to § 315 of the BGB or, as the case may be, § 317 of the BGB), disrupts or impairs the ability of market participants in general to effect transactions in, or obtain market values for the affected Underlying⁽ⁱ⁾ or, as the case may be, the affected Component.

- (4) Any closing prior to the scheduled trading time or any restriction of the hours or the number of days during which trading takes place is not deemed to be a Market Disruption, if the restriction is based on a change in regular trading hours on the Relevant Exchange announced in advance at least one (1) hour prior to the earlier of (i) the actual closing time for the regular trading hours on the Relevant Exchange or (ii) the submission deadline for orders entered into the Relevant Exchange for execution on the relevant day. A restriction of trading which is levied during the course of any day due to price developments exceeding certain prescribed limits shall only be deemed to be a Market Disruption if such restriction continues until the end of trading hours on the relevant day.

§ 9

Berechnungsstelle; Zahlstelle

- (1) Die Berechnungsstelle und die Zahlstelle (die „**Wertpapierstellen**“) übernehmen diese Funktion jeweils in Übereinstimmung mit diesen Bedingungen. Jede der Wertpapierstellen haftet dafür, dass sie im Zusammenhang mit den Wertpapieren Handlungen bzw. Berechnungen vornimmt, nicht vornimmt oder nicht richtig vornimmt oder sonstige Maßnahmen trifft oder unterlässt nur, wenn und soweit sie jeweils die Sorgfalt eines ordentlichen Kaufmanns verletzt hat.
- (2) Jede der Wertpapierstellen handelt ausschließlich als Erfüllungsgehilfin der Emittentin und hat keinerlei Pflichten gegenüber dem Wertpapiergläubiger. Die Wertpapierstellen sind jeweils von den Beschränkungen des § 181 BGB befreit.
- (3) Die Emittentin ist berechtigt, jederzeit jede oder alle der Wertpapierstellen durch eine andere Gesellschaft zu ersetzen, eine oder mehrere zusätzliche Wertpapierstellen zu bestellen und deren Bestellung zu widerrufen. Ersetzung, Bestellung und Widerruf werden gemäß § 11 dieser Bedingungen bekannt gemacht.

§ 9

Calculation Agent; Paying Agent

- (1) The Calculation Agent and the Paying Agent (the „**Security Agents**“) shall assume such role in accordance with these Conditions. Each of the Security Agents shall be liable for making, failing to make or incorrectly making any measure or calculations, as the case may be, or for taking or failing to take any other measures only if and insofar as they fail to exercise the due diligence of a prudent businessman.
- (2) Each of the Security Agents acts exclusively as vicarious agent of the Issuer and has no obligations to the Securityholder. Each of the Security Agents is exempt from the restrictions under § 181 of the BGB.
- (3) The Issuer is entitled at any time to replace any or all of the Security Agents by another company, to appoint one or several additional Security Agents, and to revoke their appointments. Such replacement, appointment and revocation shall be notified in accordance with § 11 of these Conditions.

- (4) Jede der Wertpapierstellen ist berechtigt, durch schriftliche Anzeige gegenüber der Emittentin jederzeit ihr Amt niederzulegen. Die Niederlegung wird nur wirksam mit der Bestellung einer anderen Gesellschaft als Berechnungsstelle bzw. als Zahlstelle durch die Emittentin. Niederlegung und Bestellung werden gemäß § 11 dieser Bedingungen bekannt gemacht.
- (4) Each of the Security Agents is entitled to resign at any time from its function upon prior written notice to the Issuer. Such resignation shall only become effective if another company is appointed by the Issuer as Calculation Agent or as Paying Agent, as the case may be. Resignation and appointment are notified in accordance with § 11 of these Conditions.

§ 10 Ersetzung der Emittentin

- (1) Die Emittentin ist jederzeit berechtigt, ohne Zustimmung der Wertpapiergläubiger eine andere Gesellschaft der UBS Gruppe als Emittentin (die „**Neue Emittentin**“) hinsichtlich aller Verpflichtungen aus oder in Verbindung mit den Wertpapieren an die Stelle der Emittentin zu setzen, sofern
- (i) die Neue Emittentin alle Verpflichtungen der Emittentin aus oder in Verbindung mit den Wertpapieren übernimmt,
 - (ii) die Neue Emittentin alle etwa notwendigen Genehmigungen von den zuständigen Behörden erhalten hat, wonach die Neue Emittentin alle sich aus oder in Verbindung mit den Wertpapieren ergebenden Verpflichtungen erfüllen kann und Zahlungen ohne Einbehalt oder Abzug von irgendwelchen Steuern, Abgaben oder Gebühren an die Zahlstelle transferieren darf,
 - (iii) die Emittentin unbedingt und unwiderruflich die Verpflichtungen der Neuen Emittentin garantiert, und
 - (iv) das Clearingsystem der Ersetzung zugestimmt hat, wobei die Zustimmung nicht mit einer unangemessenen Begründung verweigert oder zurückgehalten werden darf.
- (2) Im Falle einer solchen Ersetzung der Emittentin gilt jede in diesen Bedingungen enthaltene Bezugnahme auf die Emittentin fortan als auf die Neue Emittentin bezogen.
- (3) Die Ersetzung der Emittentin ist für die Wertpapiergläubiger endgültig und bindend und wird den Wertpapiergläubigern unverzüglich gemäß § 11 dieser Bedingungen bekannt gemacht.

§ 11 Bekanntmachungen

- (1) Bekanntmachungen, die die Wertpapiere betreffen, werden auf den Internetseiten der Emittentin unter www.ubs.com/keyinvest oder einer Nachfolgesite veröffentlicht. Jede Mitteilung wird am Tag ihrer Veröffentlichung wirksam (oder im Fall von mehreren Veröffentlichungen am Tag der ersten solchen Veröffentlichung).

§ 10 Substitution of the Issuer

- (1) The Issuer is entitled at any time, without the consent of the Securityholders, to substitute another company within the UBS Group as issuer (the „**New Issuer**“) with respect to all obligations under or in connection with the Securities, if
- (i) the New Issuer assumes all obligations of the Issuer under or in connection with the Securities,
 - (ii) the New Issuer has obtained all necessary authorisations, if any, by the competent authorities, under which the New Issuer may perform all obligations arising under or in connection with the Securities and transfer payments to the Paying Agent without withholding or deduction of any taxes, charges or expenses,
 - (iii) the Issuer unconditionally and irrevocably guarantees the obligations of the New Issuer, and
 - (iv) the Clearing System has given its consent to the substitution which consent shall not be unreasonably withheld or delayed.
- (2) In the case of such a substitution of the Issuer, any reference in these Conditions to the Issuer shall forthwith be deemed to refer to the New Issuer.
- (3) The substitution of the Issuer shall be final, binding and conclusive on the Securityholders and will be published to the Securityholders without undue delay in accordance with § 11 of these Conditions.

§ 11 Publications

- (1) Publications concerning the Securities will be published on the internet pages of the Issuer at www.ubs.com/keyinvest or a successor address. Any such notice shall be effective as of the publishing date (or, in the case of several publications as of the date of the first such publication).

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| <p>(2) Soweit rechtlich zulässig ist die Emittentin berechtigt, Bekanntmachungen ausschließlich durch Mitteilung an das Clearingsystem zur Weiterleitung an die Wertpapiergläubiger (wie in den anwendbaren Vorschriften der Regelwerke des maßgeblichen Clearingsystems vorgesehen) zu bewirken, vorausgesetzt, dass in den Fällen, in denen die Wertpapiere an einer Wertpapier-Börse notiert sind, die anwendbaren Regeln dieser Wertpapier-Börse diese Form der Mitteilung zulassen. Bekanntmachungen durch Mitteilung an das Clearingsystem gelten am siebten Tag nach dem Tag der Mitteilung an das Clearingsystem als bewirkt.</p> | <p>(2) The Issuer shall, to the extent legally possible, be entitled to effect publications by way of notification to the Clearing System for the purpose of notifying the Securityholders (as set forth in the applicable rules and regulations of the Clearing System), provided that in cases, in which the Securities are listed on a Security Exchange, the regulations of such Security Exchange permit this type of notice. Any such notice shall be deemed as having been effect as of the seventh day after the date of the notification to the Clearing System.</p> |
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§ 12

Begebung weiterer Wertpapiere; Ankauf; Einziehung; Entwertung

- (1) Die Emittentin ist berechtigt, ohne Zustimmung der Wertpapiergläubiger, jederzeit weitere Wertpapiere mit gleicher Ausstattung in der Weise zu begeben, dass sie mit diesen Wertpapieren eine einheitliche Serie bilden, wobei in diesem Fall der Begriff „Wertpapier“ entsprechend auszulegen ist.
- (2) Die Emittentin ist berechtigt, ohne Zustimmung der Wertpapiergläubiger, jederzeit Wertpapiere zu jedem beliebigen Preis zu kaufen. Die von der Emittentin erworbenen Wertpapiere können nach Wahl der Emittentin von ihr gehalten, erneut begeben, weiterverkauft oder entwertet werden.
- (3) Die Emittentin ist berechtigt, ohne Zustimmung der Wertpapiergläubiger, jederzeit ausstehende Wertpapiere einzuziehen und damit ihre Anzahl zu reduzieren.
- (4) Aufstockung bzw. Reduzierung der Wertpapiere werden unverzüglich gemäß § 11 dieser Bedingungen bekannt gemacht.
- (5) Sämtliche vollständig zurückgezahlten Wertpapiere sind unverzüglich zu entwerten und können nicht wiederbegeben oder wiederverkauft werden.

§ 13 Sprache

Diese Bedingungen sind in deutscher Sprache abgefasst. Eine Übersetzung in die englische Sprache ist beigelegt. Der deutsche Text ist bindend und maßgeblich. Die Übersetzung in die englische Sprache ist unverbindlich.

§ 14

Anwendbares Recht; Anwendbares Recht in Bezug auf das Clearingsystem; Erfüllungsort; Gerichtsstand; Zustellungsbevollmächtigte; Korrekturen; Teilunwirksamkeit

- (1) Form und Inhalt der Wertpapiere sowie alle

§ 12

Issue of further Securities; Purchase; Call; Cancellation

- (1) The Issuer is entitled at any time to issue, without the consent of the Securityholders, further securities having the same terms and conditions as the Securities so that the same shall be consolidated and form a single series with such Securities, and references to "Security" shall be construed accordingly.
- (2) The Issuer is entitled at any time to purchase, without the consent of the Securityholders, Securities at any price. Such Securities may be held, reissued, resold or cancelled, all at the option of the Issuer.
- (3) The Issuer is entitled at any time to call, without the consent of the Securityholders, outstanding Securities and to reduce their number.
- (4) Increase or reduction of Securities shall be notified without undue delay in accordance with § 11 of these Conditions.
- (5) All Securities redeemed in full shall be cancelled forthwith and may not be reissued or resold.

§ 13 Language

These Conditions are written in the German language and provided with an English language translation. The German text shall be controlling and binding. The English language translation is provided for convenience only.

§ 14

Governing Law; Governing Law with respect to the Clearing System; Place of Performance; Place of Jurisdiction; Agent of Process; Corrections; Severability

- (1) The form and content of the Securities as well as

- Rechte und Pflichten aus den in diesen Bedingungen geregelten Angelegenheiten bestimmen sich vorbehaltlich von § 14 (2), in jeder Hinsicht nach, und werden in Übereinstimmung ausgelegt mit, dem Recht der Bundesrepublik Deutschland.
- (2) Die Rechtswirkungen, die aus der Registrierung der Wertpapiere bei dem Clearingsystem folgen, unterliegen dem Recht des Schwedischen Königreichs gemäß § 4 (1), (3) und (4) dieser Bedingungen.
- (3) Der Gerichtsstand für alle Gerichtsverfahren, die sich aus oder im Zusammenhang mit den Wertpapieren ergeben, ist das Landgericht Frankfurt am Main; dementsprechend können alle Gerichtsverfahren vor diesem Gericht eingeleitet werden. Die Emittentin erkennt die Zuständigkeit des Landgerichts Frankfurt am Main unwiderruflich an und verzichtet auf die Einrede der mangelnden Zuständigkeit oder des *forum non conveniens* gegen Gerichtsverfahren vor diesem Gericht. Diese Anerkennung erfolgt zugunsten jedes Wertpapiergläubigers und beeinträchtigt nicht das Recht eines solchen Wertpapiergläubigers, ein Gerichtsverfahren vor einem anderen zuständigen Gericht einzuleiten, und die Einleitung eines Gerichtsverfahrens an einem oder mehreren Gerichtsständen schließt die (gleichzeitige oder nicht gleichzeitige) Einleitung eines Gerichtsverfahrens an einem anderen Gerichtsstand nicht aus.
- (4) Die UBS AG, handelnd durch ihre Niederlassung Jersey, in ihrer Funktion als Emittentin ernennt hiermit die UBS Deutschland AG, Bockenheimer Landstraße 2-4, 60306 Frankfurt am Main, Bundesrepublik Deutschland, als Bevollmächtigte, an die innerhalb der Bundesrepublik Deutschland im Rahmen jedes Verfahrens aus oder im Zusammenhang mit den Wertpapieren die Zustellung bewirkt werden kann (die „**Zustellungsbevollmächtigte**“). Falls, aus welchem Grund auch immer, die Zustellungsbevollmächtigte diese Funktion nicht mehr ausübt oder keine Anschrift innerhalb der Bundesrepublik Deutschland mehr hat, verpflichtet sich die UBS AG, handelnd durch ihre Niederlassung Jersey, eine Ersatz-Zustellungsbevollmächtigte in der Bundesrepublik Deutschland zu ernennen. Hiervon unberührt bleibt die Möglichkeit, die Zustellung in jeder anderen gesetzlich zulässigen Weise zu bewirken.
- (5) Die Emittentin ist berechtigt, an diesen Bedingungen, jeweils ohne die Zustimmung der Wertpapiergläubiger, in der Weise, die die Emittentin für notwendig oder wünschenswert hält, Änderungen oder Ergänzungen vorzunehmen, sofern die Änderung oder Ergänzung
- (i) formaler, geringfügiger oder technischer Natur ist; oder
- (ii) zur Behebung eines offensichtlichen oder
- all rights and duties arising from the matters provided for in these Conditions shall, subject to § 14 (2) in every respect be governed by, and shall be construed in accordance with, the laws of the Federal Republic of Germany.
- (2) The legal effects of registration of the Securities with the Clearing System will be governed by the laws of the Kingdom of Sweden pursuant to § 4 (1), (3) and (4) of these Conditions.
- (3) The District Court (*Landgericht*) of Frankfurt am Main shall have jurisdiction to settle any proceedings that may arise out of or in connection with any Securities and accordingly any proceedings may be brought in such court. The Issuer irrevocably submits to the jurisdiction of the District Court (*Landgericht*) of Frankfurt am Main and waives any objection to proceedings in such court on the ground of venue or on the ground that the proceedings have been brought in an inconvenient forum. These submissions are made for the benefit of Securityholder and shall not affect the right of any Securityholders to take proceedings in any other court of competent jurisdiction nor shall the taking of proceedings in one or more jurisdictions preclude the taking of proceedings in any other jurisdiction (whether concurrently or not).
- (4) UBS AG, acting through its Jersey Branch, in its role as Issuer hereby appoints UBS Deutschland AG, Bockenheimer Landstrasse 2-4, 60306 Frankfurt am Main, Federal Republic of Germany, as its agent in the Federal Republic of Germany to receive service of process in any proceedings under or in connection with the Securities in the Federal Republic of Germany (the “**Agent of Process**”). If, for any reason, such Agent of Process ceases to act as such or no longer has an address in the Federal Republic of Germany, UBS AG, acting through its Jersey Branch, agrees to appoint a substitute agent of process in the Federal Republic of Germany. Nothing herein shall affect the right to serve the process in any other manner permitted by law.
- (5) The Issuer is entitled to modify or amend, as the case may be, these Conditions in each case without the consent of the Securityholders in such manner as the Issuer deems necessary or desirable, if the modification or amendment
- (i) is of a formal, minor or technical nature; or
- (ii) is made to cure a manifest or proven error;

- erwiesenen Fehlers erfolgt; oder
- (iii) zur Behebung einer Mehrdeutigkeit oder zur Berichtigung oder Ergänzung fehlerhafter Bestimmungen dieser Bedingungen erfolgt; oder
 - (iv) zur Berichtigung eines Fehlers oder einer Auslassung erfolgt, wenn ohne eine solche Berichtigung die Bedingungen nicht die beabsichtigten Bedingungen, zu denen die Wertpapiere verkauft wurden und zu denen sie seitdem gehandelt werden, darstellen würden; oder
 - (v) keine wesentlichen nachteiligen Auswirkungen auf die Interessen der Wertpapiergläubiger in Bezug auf die Wertpapiere hat.

Eine solche Änderung bzw. Ergänzung wird gemäß ihren Bestimmungen wirksam, ist für die Wertpapiergläubiger bindend und wird den Wertpapiergläubigern gemäß § 11 dieser Bedingungen bekannt gemacht (wobei jedoch eine versäumte Übermittlung einer solchen Mitteilung oder deren Nichterhalt die Wirksamkeit der betreffenden Änderung bzw. Ergänzung nicht beeinträchtigt).

- (6) Sollte eine Bestimmung dieser Bedingungen ganz oder teilweise unwirksam sein oder werden, so bleiben die übrigen Bestimmungen wirksam. Die unwirksame Bestimmung ist durch eine wirksame Bestimmung zu ersetzen, die den wirtschaftlichen Zwecken der unwirksamen Bestimmung so weit wie rechtlich möglich entspricht. Entsprechendes gilt für etwaige Lücken in den Bedingungen.

or

- (iii) is made to cure any ambiguity; or is made to correct or supplement any defective provisions of these Conditions; or
- (iv) is made to correct an error or omission such that, in the absence of such correction, the Conditions would not otherwise represent the intended terms of the Securities on which the Securities were sold and have since traded; or
- (v) will not materially and adversely affect the interests of the Securityholders.

Any modification or amendment of these Terms and Conditions shall take effect in accordance with its terms and be binding on the Securityholders, and shall be notified to the Securityholders in accordance with § 11 of these Conditions (but failure to give such notice, or non-receipt thereof, shall not affect the validity of such modification or amendment).

- (6) If any of the provisions of these Conditions is or becomes invalid in whole or in part, the remaining provisions shall remain valid. The invalid provision shall be replaced by a valid provision, which, to the extent legally possible, serves the economic purposes of the invalid provision. The same applies to gaps, if any, in these Conditions.

INFORMATION ABOUT THE UNDERLYINGS

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*The Underlying_(i=1) equals the OMX Stockholm 30 Total Return Index (Bloomberg: OMXS30GI Index) (the "**Index_(i=1)**"), as maintained, calculated and published by NASDAQ (the "**Index Sponsor_(i=1)**"),*

*the Underlying_(i=2) equals the S&P 500 Net Total Return Index (Bloomberg: SPTR500N Index) (the "**Index_(i=2)**"), as maintained, calculated and published by Standard & Poor's (the "**Index Sponsor_(i=2)**"),*

*the Underlying_(i=3) equals the EuroSTOXX 50 € NRT Index[®] (Bloomberg: SX5T Index) (the "**Index_(i=3)**"), as maintained, calculated and published by STOXX Limited (the "**Index Sponsor_(i=3)**"),*

*the Underlying_(i=4) equals the S&P GSCI TR Index (Bloomberg: SPGSCITR Index) (the "**Index_(i=4)**"), as maintained, calculated and published by Standard & Poor's (the "**Index Sponsor_(i=4)**"),*

*the Underlying_(i=5) equals the MSCI Daily TR Net Emerging Markets USD (Bloomberg: NDUEEGF Index) (the "**Index_(i=5)**"), as maintained, calculated and published by Morgan Stanley Capital International Inc. (the "**Index Sponsor_(i=5)**"),*

*the Underlying_(i=6) equals the IBOXX € EZSOV OA TR Index (Bloomberg: QW1A Index) (the "**Index_(i=6)**"), as maintained, calculated and published by iBoxx Limited (the "**Index Sponsor_(i=6)**"), and*

*the Underlying_(i=7) equals an exchange traded fund unit (the "**Fund Unit**") in the iShares Aggregate Bond Fund (Bloomberg: AGG UP Equity) (the "**Investment Fund**").*

*For the purposes of calculating amounts under the Conditions, the Underlyings are dynamically rebalanced in accordance with the Strukturinvest BAS Allocation Algorithm (the "**Strukturinvest BAS Allocation Algorithm**"). **For the avoidance of doubt**, the Strukturinvest BAS Allocation Algorithm is based on each Underlying_(i)'s excess return over its respective Rate Index_(i).*

1) The Underlying_(i=1) equals the OMX Stockholm 30 Total Return Index (Bloomberg: OMXS30GI Index)

Information on the OMX Stockholm 30 Total Return Index can be found at <https://indexes.nasdaqomx.com/data.aspx?IndexSymbol=OMXS30GI>.

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2) The Underlying_(i=2) equals the S&P 500 Net Total Return Index (Bloomberg: SPTR500N Index)

Information on the Underlying_(i=2) can be found at <http://www.standardandpoors.com/indices/main/en/us>.

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3) The Underlying_(i=3) equals the EuroSTOXX 50 € NRt Index® (Bloomberg: SX5T Index)

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4) The Underlying_(i=4) equals the S&P GSCI TR Index (Bloomberg: SPGSCITR Index)

Information on the Underlying_(i=4) can be found at <http://www.standardandpoors.com/indices/main/en/us>.

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5) The Underlying_(i=5) equals the MSCI Daily TR Net Emerging Markets USD (Bloomberg: NDUEEGF Index)

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6) The Underlying_(i=6) equals the IBOXX € EZSOV OA TR Index (Bloomberg: QW1A Index)

Information on the Underlying_(i=6) can be found at <http://indices.markit.com/default.asp?start=iboxx>.

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7) The Underlying_(i=7) equals an exchange traded fund unit in the iShares Aggregate Bond Fund (Bloomberg: AGG UP Equity)

Investment Objective

The iShares Barclays Aggregate Bond Fund (the "Fund") is a portfolio of the iShares Trust (the "Trust"), an open-end management investment company registered with the SEC and organized as a Delaware statutory trust. The Fund seeks investment results that correspond generally to the price and yield performance, before fees and expenses, of the Barclays Capital U.S. Aggregate Bond Index (the "Underlying Index")

Principal Investment Strategies

The Underlying Index measures the performance of the total United States investment grade bond market. As of May 31, 2011, there were 7,979 issues in the Underlying Index.

The United States investment grade bond market includes investment grade U.S. Treasury bonds, government-related bonds, investment grade corporate bonds, mortgage pass-through securities, commercial mortgage-backed securities and asset-backed securities that are publicly offered for sale in the United States. The securities in the Underlying Index have \$250 million or more of outstanding face value and have at least one year remaining to maturity. In addition, the securities in the Underlying Index must be denominated in U.S. dollars and must be fixed -rate and nonconvertible. Certain types of securities, such as state and local government series bonds, structured notes with embedded swaps or other special features, private placements, floating rate securities and Eurobonds are excluded from the Underlying Index. The Underlying Index is market capitalization weighted and the securities in the Underlying Index are updated on the last calendar day of each month.

BlackRock Fund Advisors ("BFA"), the investment adviser, uses a "passive" or indexing approach to try to achieve the Fund's investment objective. Unlike many investment companies, the Fund does not try to "beat" the index it tracks and does not seek temporary defensive positions when markets decline or appear overvalued. Indexing may eliminate the chance that the Fund will substantially outperform the Underlying Index but also may reduce some of the risks of active management, such as poor security selection. Indexing seeks to achieve lower costs and better after-tax performance by keeping portfolio turnover low in comparison to actively managed investment companies.

BFA uses a representative sampling indexing strategy to manage the Fund. "Representative sampling" is an indexing strategy that involves investing in a representative sample of securities that collectively has an investment profile similar to the Underlying Index. The securities selected are expected to have, in the aggregate, investment characteristics (based on factors such as market capitalization and industry weightings), fundamental characteristics (such as return variability, duration, maturity or credit ratings and yield) and liquidity measures similar to those of the Underlying Index. The Fund may or may not hold all of the securities in the Underlying Index. Funds that employ a representative sampling strategy may incur tracking error risk to a greater extent than a fund that seeks to replicate an index. The Fund generally seeks to track the performance of the Underlying Index by investing approximately 90% of its assets in the bonds represented in the Underlying Index and in securities that provide substantially similar exposure to securities in the Underlying Index. The Fund may invest the remainder of its assets in bonds not included in the Underlying Index, but which BFA believes will help the Fund track the Underlying Index, as well as in cash and high-quality, liquid short-term instruments, including shares of money market funds advised by BFA or its affiliates. For example, the Fund may invest in securities not included in its Underlying Index in order to reflect various corporate actions (such as mergers) and other changes in the Underlying Index (such as reconstitutions, additions and deletions).

As of May 31, 2011, approximately 31.8% of the bonds represented in the Underlying Index were U.S. fixed-rate agency mortgage pass-through securities. U.S. fixed-rate agency mortgage pass-through securities are securities issued by entities such as the Government National Mortgage Association ("GNMA"), the Federal National Mortgage Association ("FNMA"), and the Federal Home Loan Mortgage Corporation ("FHLMC") that are backed by pools of mortgages. Most transactions in fixed-rate mortgage pass-through securities occur through standardized contracts for future delivery in which the exact mortgage pools to be delivered are not specified until a few days prior to settlement "(to be- announced (TBA) transactions)". The Fund may enter into such contracts on a regular basis. The Fund, pending settlement of such contracts, will invest its assets in high-quality, liquid short term instruments, including shares of money market funds affiliated with BFA. The Fund will assume its pro rata share of the fees and expenses of any money market fund that it may invest in, in addition to the Fund's own fees and expenses. The Fund may also acquire interests in mortgage pools through

means other than such standardized contracts for future delivery. The Fund may lend securities representing up to one-third of the value of the Fund's total assets (including the value of the collateral received).

The Underlying Index is sponsored by an organization (the "Index Provider") that is independent of the Fund and BFA. The Index Provider determines the composition and relative weightings of the securities in the Underlying Index and publishes information regarding the market value of the Underlying Index. The Fund's Index Provider is Barclays Capital Inc. ("Barclays Capital").

Industry Concentration Policy. The Fund will concentrate its investments (*i.e.*, hold 25% or more of its total assets) in a particular industry or group of industries to approximately the same extent that the Underlying Index is concentrated. For purposes of this limitation, securities of the U.S. government (including its agencies and instrumentalities), repurchase agreements collateralized by U.S. government securities, and securities of state or municipal governments and their political subdivisions are not considered to be issued by members of any industry.

Summary of Principal Risks

As with any investment, you could lose all or part of your investment in the Fund, and the Fund's performance could trail that of other investments. The Fund is subject to the principal risks noted below, any of which may adversely affect the Fund's NAV, trading price, yield, total return and ability to meet its investment objective.

Asset Class Risk.

Securities in the Underlying Index or in the Fund's portfolio may underperform in comparison to the general securities markets or other asset classes.

Call Risk

During periods of falling interest rates, an issuer of a callable bond held by the Fund may "call" or repay the security before its stated maturity, and the Fund may have to reinvest the proceeds at lower interest rates, resulting in a decline in the Fund's income.

Concentration Risk

To the extent that the Fund's investments are concentrated in a particular region, country, market, industry or asset class, the Fund may be susceptible to loss due to adverse occurrences affecting that region, country, market, industry or asset class.

Credit Risk

The Fund is subject to the risk that debt issuers and other counterparties may not honor their obligations

Derivatives Risk

The Fund may invest in certain types of derivatives contracts, including futures, options and swaps, which can be more sensitive to changes in interest rates or to sudden fluctuations in market prices than conventional securities, which can result in greater losses to the Fund.

High Portfolio Turnover Risk

The Fund may engage in active and frequent trading of its portfolio securities. High portfolio turnover (more than 100%) may result in increased transaction costs to the Fund, including brokerage commissions, dealer mark-ups and other transaction costs on the sale of the securities and on reinvestment in other securities. The sale of Fund portfolio securities may result in the realization and/or distribution to shareholders of higher capital gains or losses as compared to a fund with less active trading policies. Given the frequency of sales, such gain or loss will likely be short-term capital gain or loss and, in the case of a gain, would increase an investor's tax liability unless shares are held through a tax-deferred or exempt vehicle. These effects of higher than normal portfolio turnover may adversely affect Fund performance. In addition, investment in mortgage dollar rolls and participation in TBA transactions may significantly increase the Fund's portfolio turnover rate.

Interest Rate Risk

An increase in interest rates may cause the value of fixed-income securities held by the Fund to decline.

Issuer Risk

Fund performance depends on the performance of individual securities to which the Fund has exposure. Changes to the financial condition or credit rating of an issuer of those securities may cause the value of the securities to decline.

Liquidity Risk

Liquidity risk exists when particular investments are difficult to purchase or sell. This can reduce the Fund's returns because the Fund may be unable to transact at advantageous times or prices.

Management Risk

As the Fund does not fully replicate the Underlying Index, it is subject to the risk that BFA's investment management strategy may not produce the intended results.

Market Risk

The Fund could lose money over short periods due to shortterm market movements and over longer periods during market downturns.

Market Trading Risk.

The Fund faces numerous market trading risks, including the potential lack of an active market for Fund shares, losses from trading in secondary markets, periods of high volatility and disruption in the creation/redemption process of the Fund.

ANY OF THESE FACTORS, AMONG OTHERS, MAY LEAD TO THE FUND'S SHARES TRADING AT A PREMIUM OR DISCOUNT TO NAV.

Mortgage-Backed Securities Risk

The Fund may invest in mortgage-backed securities, some of which may not be backed by the full faith and credit of the U.S. government. Mortgage-backed securities are subject to prepayment risk and extension risk. Because of these risks, mortgage-backed securities react differently to changes in interest rates than other bonds. Small movements in interest rates (both increases and decreases) may quickly and significantly reduce the value of certain mortgage-backed securities.

Non-U.S. Issuers Risk

Non-U.S. issuers carry different risks from bonds issued by U.S. issuers. These include differences in accounting, auditing and financial reporting standards, the possibility of expropriation or confiscatory taxation, adverse changes in investment or exchange control regulations, political instability, regulatory and economic differences, and potential restrictions on the flow of international capital.

Passive Investment Risk.

The Fund is not actively managed and BFA does not attempt to take defensive positions under any market conditions, including during declining markets.

Securities Lending Risk

The Fund may engage in securities lending. Securities lending involves the risk that the Fund may lose money because the borrower of the Fund's securities fails to return the securities in a timely manner or at all. The Fund could also lose money in the event of a decline in the value of the collateral provided for loaned securities or a decline in the value of any investments made with cash collateral. These events could also trigger adverse tax consequences for the Fund.

Tracking Error Risk

The performance of the Fund may diverge from that of the Underlying Index. Because the Fund employs a representative sampling strategy, the Fund may experience tracking error to a greater extent than a fund that seeks to replicate an index.

Management*Investment Adviser*

BlackRock Fund Advisors.

Portfolio Managers

James Mauro and Scott Radell (the "Portfolio Managers") are primarily responsible for the day-to-day management of the Fund. Each Portfolio Manager supervises a portfolio management team. Mr. Mauro and Mr. Radell have been Portfolio Managers of the Fund since 2011 and 2010, respectively.

Further information on the Underlying_(i=7) can be found at www.ishares.com.

ISSUE, SALE AND OFFERING

I. Issue and Sale

It has been agreed that, on or after the respective Issue Date of the Securities (as defined in the section “Key Terms and Definitions of the Securities”) the Manager (as defined in the section “Key Terms and Definitions of the Securities”) shall underwrite the Securities by means of an underwriting agreement and shall place them for sale. The Securities will be offered on a continuous basis by the Issuer to the relevant Manager(s) and may be resold by the relevant Manager(s).

Selling Restrictions

General

The Manager has represented and agreed (and each additional Manager will be required to represent and agree) that it will comply with all applicable securities laws and regulations in force in any jurisdiction in which it purchases, offers, sells or delivers Securities or possesses or distributes the Prospectus and will obtain any consent, approval or permission required by it for the purchase, offer, sale or delivery by it of Securities under the laws and regulations in force in any jurisdiction to which it is subject or in which it makes such purchases, offers, sales or deliveries and neither the Issuer nor any Manager shall have any responsibility therefor. Neither the Issuer nor the Manager has represented that Securities may at any time lawfully be sold in compliance with any applicable registration or other requirements in any jurisdiction, or pursuant to any exemption available thereunder, or has assumed any responsibility for facilitating such sale. The relevant Manager will be required to comply with such other additional restrictions as the relevant Issuer and the relevant Manager shall agree and as shall be set out in the applicable Final Terms.

United States of America

The Securities (or any rights thereunder) have not been registered and will not be registered under the United States Securities Act of 1933, as amended, (the “**Securities Act**”); trading in these Securities has not and will not be approved by the United States Commodity Futures Trading Commission pursuant to the United States Commodity Exchange Act, as amended. The Securities (or any rights thereunder) will be offered only outside of the United States and only to persons that are not U.S. persons as defined in Regulation S of the Securities Act.

European Economic Area

In relation to each Member State of the European Economic Area which has implemented the Prospectus Directive (each, a “**Relevant Member State**”), each Manager has represented and agreed, and each further Manager appointed under the Base Prospectus will be required to represent and agree, that with effect from and including the date on which the Prospectus Directive is implemented in that Relevant Member State (the “**Relevant Implementation Date**”) it has not made and will not make an offer of Securities which are the subject of the offering contemplated by this Prospectus as completed by the final terms in relation thereto to the public in that Relevant Member State except that it may, with effect from and including the Relevant Implementation Date, make an offer of such Securities to the public in that Relevant Member State:

- (a) if the final terms in relation to the Securities specify that an offer of those Securities may be made other than pursuant to Article 3(2) of the Prospectus Directive in that Relevant Member State (a “**Non-exempt Offer**”), following the date of publication of a prospectus in relation to such Securities which has been approved by the competent authority in that Relevant Member State or, where appropriate, approved in another Relevant Member State and notified to the competent authority in that Relevant Member State, provided that any such prospectus has subsequently been completed by the final terms contemplating such Non-exempt Offer, in accordance with the Prospectus Directive, in the period beginning and ending on the dates specified in such prospectus or final terms, as applicable, and the Issuer has consented in writing to its use for the purpose of that Non-exempt Offer;
- (b) at any time to any legal entity which is a qualified investor as defined in the Prospectus Directive;
- (c) at any time to fewer than 100 or, if the Relevant Member State has implemented the relevant provision of the 2010 PD Amending Directive, 150 natural or legal persons (other than qualified investors as defined in the Prospectus Directive), subject to obtaining the prior consent of the relevant Manager or Managers nominated by the Issuer for any such offer; or
- (d) at any time in any other circumstances falling within Article 3(2) of the Prospectus Directive,

provided that no such offer of Securities referred to in (b) to (d) above shall require the Issuer or any Manager to publish a prospectus pursuant to Article 3 of the Prospectus Directive or supplement a prospectus pursuant to Article 16 of the Prospectus Directive.

For the purposes of this provision, the expression "offer of Securities to the public" in relation to any Securities in any Relevant Member State means the communication in any form and by any means of sufficient information on the terms of the offer and the Securities to be offered so as to enable an investor to decide to purchase or subscribe the Securities, as the same may be varied in that Member State by any measure implementing the Prospectus Directive in that Member State, the expression "Prospectus Directive" means Directive 2003/71/EC (and amendments thereto, including the 2010 PD Amending Directive, to the extent implemented in the Relevant Member State), and includes any relevant implementing measure in the Relevant Member State and the expression "2010 PD Amending Directive" means Directive 2010/73/EU.

II. Offering for Sale and Issue Price

It has been agreed that, on or after the respective Issue Date of the Securities (as defined in the section "Key Terms and Definitions of the Securities"), the Manager(s) (as defined in the section "Key Terms and Definitions of the Securities") may purchase Securities and shall place the Securities for sale under terms subject to change. The Issue Price was fixed at the Start of public offer of the Securities. After closing of the Subscription Period the selling price will then be adjusted on a continual basis to reflect the prevailing market situation.

The Manager shall be responsible for coordinating the entire Securities offering.

The total commission due for the respective underwriting and/or placement service relating to the underwriting of the Securities is: Underwriting and/or placing fee (as defined in the section "Key Terms and Definitions of the Securities").

III. Subscription and Delivery of the Securities

The Securities may be subscribed from the Manager(s) during normal banking hours within the Subscription Period (as defined in the section "Key Terms and Definitions of the Securities"). The Issue Price per Security is payable on the Initial Payment Date (as defined in the section "Key Terms and Definitions of the Securities").

The Issuer reserves the right to earlier close or to extend the Subscription Period if market conditions so require.

After the Initial Payment Date, the appropriate number of Securities shall be credited to the investor's account in accordance with the rules of the corresponding Clearing System (as defined in the section "Key Terms and Definitions of the Securities"). If the Subscription Period is shortened or extended, the Initial Payment Date may also be brought forward or postponed.

GENERAL INFORMATION

I. General Note on the Base Prospectus

The Base Prospectus should be read and construed with any amendment or supplement hereto and with any other documents incorporated by reference and with the relevant Final Terms.

The Manager(s) (excluding the Issuer) have not independently verified the information contained herein. Accordingly, no representation, warranty or undertaking, express or implied, is made and no responsibility or liability is accepted by the Managers as to the accuracy or completeness of the information contained in this Prospectus or any other information provided by the Issuer in connection with the Base Prospectus.

No person has been authorised by the Issuer to issue any statement which is not consistent with or not contained in this document, any other document entered into in relation to the Base Prospectus or any information supplied by the Issuer or any information as in the public domain and, if issued, such statement may not be relied upon as having been authorised by the Issuer or the Managers.

II. Form and Status

The Securities are issued in uncertificated and dematerialised book-entry form, and registered at the Clearing System (as defined in the section "Key Terms and Definitions of the Securities") for clearance and settlement. No physical notes, such as global temporary or permanent notes or definitive notes will be issued in respect of the Securities.

The Securities constitute direct, unsecured and unsubordinated obligations of the Issuer, ranking *pari passu* among themselves and with all other present and future unsecured and unsubordinated obligations of the Issuer, other than obligations preferred by mandatory provisions of law.

III. Listing of the Securities

The Manager intends to apply for listing of the Securities on the Security Exchange.

IV. Authorisation

The Issuer does not need to obtain (individual) authorisation from its Management Board to issue the Securities. There exists a general resolution for the issue of the Securities.

V. EEA-Passport

For certain EEA States, the Issuer reserves the right to apply to the Federal Financial Services Supervisory Authority (*Bundesanstalt für Finanzdienstleistungsaufsicht* – "**BaFin**") for a certificate of the approval of the Base Prospectus pursuant to Section 18 WpPG, in order to be able to publicly offer the Securities also in those countries and/or have them admitted to trading at an organised market (within the meaning of Directive 93/22/EEC) (the "**EEA Passport**"). A special permit allowing for the Securities to be offered or the prospectus to be distributed in a jurisdiction outside of those countries for which an EEA Passport is possible and a permit required has not been obtained.

VI. Use of Proceeds

The net proceeds from the sale of the Securities will be used for funding purposes of the UBS Group. The Issuer shall not employ the net proceeds within Switzerland. The net proceeds from the issue shall be employed by the Issuer for general business purposes. A separate ("special purpose") fund will not be established.

If, in the normal course of business, the Issuer trades in the Underlyings or in related options and futures contracts, or hedges the financial risks associated with the Securities by means of hedging transactions in the Underlyings or in related options or futures contracts, the Securityholders have no rights to or interests in the Underlyings or in related options or futures contracts.

VII. Availability of the Base Prospectus and other documents

So long as any of the Securities are outstanding copies of the following documents will be available, during usual business hours on any weekday (Saturdays and public holidays excepted), at the office of the Issuer:

- (a) the Articles of Association of UBS AG;
- (b) a copy of the Base Prospectus (together with any supplement including any Final Terms thereto);
- (c) a copy of the Annual Report of UBS AG as at 31 December 2009,
- (d) a copy of the restated Annual Report of UBS AG as at 31 December 2008;
- (e) a copy of the Review 2008 and 2009 and the Compensation Report 2008 and 2009; and
- (f) copies of the quarterly reports of UBS AG.

Copies of the documents referred to under (a) through (f) above shall also be maintained in printed format, for free distribution, at the registered offices of the Issuer as well as at UBS Deutschland AG, Bockenheimer Landstrasse 2-4, 60306 Frankfurt am Main, Federal Republic of Germany, for a period of twelve months after the publication of the Base Prospectus. In addition, any annual and quarterly reports of UBS AG are published on the UBS website, at www.ubs.com/investors or a successor address.

SIGNATORIES

Signed on behalf of the Issuer,
10 October 2011:

UBS AG, acting through its Jersey Branch

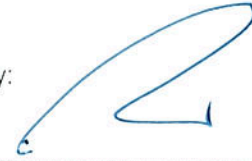
By:



(signed by)

Philippe Adam
Director

By:



(signed by)

Stefanie Ganz
Executive Director